Resident and Part-Year Resident Shareholder's Information Schedule

For the Calendar year 2017 or fiscal year beginning (M,M)D,D)2,0,1,7) and ending (M,M)D,D)2,0,Y,Y).

CHECK ONE: Original Amended							
Shareholder's Identifying Number	S corporation's Employer Identification Number (EIN)						
Shareholder's Name	S corporation's Name						
Shareholder's Address – number and street or rural route	S corporation's Address – number and street or rural route						
Shareholder's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code	S corporation's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code						
Shareholder's percentage of stock ownership for the taxable year: %							

Part 1 Net Capital Gain From Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) does not include any net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business as determined by the Arizona Commerce Authority, the S corporation is not required to complete Part 1.

Pro Rata Share Items	Distributive Share Amount
Net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified	
small business 1	

Part 2 Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) includes net long-term capital gain (loss), complete line 2 and line 3 (if applicable). If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) does not include any net long-term capital gain (loss), the S corporation is not required to complete Part 2.

	Pro Rata Share Items From federal Form 1120-S, Schedule K-1	(a) Distributive Share Amount	(c) Net <u>long-term</u> capital gain (loss) included in column (a) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011
2	Net long-term capital gain (loss) 2		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

1

3	Net long-term capital gain (loss) from investment in		
	a qualified small business (amount already included		
	in line 2, column (c)) 3		

Instructions for Resident and Part-Year Resident Shareholders

Part 1: Net Capital Gain From Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

Arizona allows individuals, estates, and trusts a subtraction from Arizona gross income for any net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified small business if:

- The gain is included in:
 - The individual's federal adjusted gross income, or
 - The estate or trust's federal taxable income, and
- The business in which the S corporation invested is determined to be a qualified small business by the Arizona Commerce Authority.

A shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to:

- Calculate its subtraction, or,
- Complete Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Line 1 -

Line 1 is your share of net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business. See the instructions for Form(s) 140, 140PY, or 141AZ to determine if you qualify to take this subtraction.

Part 2: Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

Arizona allows individuals, estates, and trusts a subtraction from Arizona gross income for a percentage of any net longterm capital gain if:

- The gain arises from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, and,
- The gain is included in:
 - The individual's federal adjusted gross income, or
 - The estate or trust's federal taxable income.

In addition:

- Only include net long-term gains if you can verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011.
- If you cannot verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011, treat it as a capital gain asset acquired before January 1, 2012.
- An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver, or the deceased.

A shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to:

- Calculate its subtraction, or,
- Complete Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR) for each beneficiary.

Line 2 -

Line 2, column (c), is your share of net long-term capital gain (loss) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Line 3 -

Line 3 is your share of the S corporation's net long-term capital gain from investment in a qualified small business that is included in the amount on line 2, column (c). *The amount on this line cannot be included in your subtraction for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.*

For more information, see the instructions for Form(s) 140, 140PY, or 141AZ.

Worksheet for Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011 (Worksheet)

To determine if you qualify for a net long-term capital gain subtraction on your Arizona income tax return:

- *Full-year resident shareholders*, use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) to figure the allowable subtraction on the Worksheet included in the instructions for Form 140.
- *Part-year resident shareholders*, use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) that are included in your Arizona gross income to figure the allowable subtraction on the Worksheet included in the instructions for Form 140PY.
- **Resident estate or trust shareholders,** use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) to complete the Worksheet included in the instructions for Form 141AZ. If the resident estate or trust distributed the gain (loss) to the beneficiaries, the Worksheet will assist the estate or trust in completing the *Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction Information Schedule* on Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR) for each beneficiary.