2014 Arizona Amended Corporation Income Tax Return

Obtain additional information or assistance by calling one of the numbers listed below:

Phoenix (602) 255-3381

From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free (800) 352-4090

Obtain tax rulings, tax procedures, tax forms and instructions, and other tax information by accessing the department's website at www.azdor.gov.

General Instructions

Use of 2014 Form 120X

Use the 2014 form to amend only the 2014 Form 120 or Form 120A, as originally filed, or as it was later adjusted by an amended return, Department of Revenue correction notice, or an audit, whichever is latest.

File an amended return for a prior taxable year on the Form 120X for that taxable year. Do not use the 2014 Form 120X to file an amended return for a prior taxable year.

Do not use the Form 120X to amend the Form 120S. Use the 2014 Form 120S to amend and be sure to check the box for "Amended" on the top of page 1 of Form 120S.

NOTE: If you need to amend a year prior to 2014, Form 120X for prior years are available on the department's website at www.azdor.gov/Forms/Corporate.aspx.

If an amended return is filed for a taxable year prior to 2007, include a copy of the original Arizona return.

When to File Form 120X

Form 120X may be filed only after the taxpayer has filed its original tax return (Form 120 or Form 120A) for the taxable year 2014. Generally, Form 120X must be filed within four years after the date the original return was due or after the date that the taxpayer filed it, whichever was later.

Do not file an amended return until the original return has been processed.

Reporting of Federal Amended Return Changes or Finalized Revenue Agent Report (RAR)

A taxpayer who files an amended return with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) must file an Arizona amended return within 90 days of its final determination by the IRS.

The taxpayer must report to the department changes or corrections of the taxpayer's taxable income by the IRS or as the result of renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States. The taxpayer must, within 90 days after the final determination of the change or correction, either:

- File a copy of the final determination with the department, concede the accuracy of the determination or state any errors, and request the department to recompute the tax owed to Arizona; or
- File an amended return as required by the department.

The department may require the taxpayer to file an amended return if the department does not have the necessary information to recompute the tax owed to Arizona.

Consolidated Return Election

The common parent of an affiliated group of corporations that files a federal consolidated return may elect to file an Arizona consolidated return. The common parent must make the election by the due date, including extensions, for filing the original return. A taxpayer may file the 2014 Form 120X to change its method of filing to consolidated for the taxable year 2014 only if the 2014 Form 120X is filed by the due date, including extensions, of the taxpayer's 2014 Form 120.

Refer to the 2014 Form 120 instructions for more information about the requirements for the election to file on a consolidated basis.

Required Supporting Documents with Form 120X

Include any schedules, forms, and/or statements which are necessary to fully explain and substantiate the change(s).

Is the Arizona apportionment ratio (for air carriers) changing? Include Schedule ACA.

Is the taxpayer reporting federal amended return changes? Include a copy of the amended return with all applicable schedules.

Is the taxpayer reporting finalized RAR changes? Include a copy of the RAR with all applicable schedules.

Is the Arizona method of filing changing (information question D)? Complete Form 51, *Combined or Consolidated Return Affiliation Schedule*, according to the Form 51 instructions and include it with Form 120X.

Rounding Dollar Amounts

Taxpayers must round amounts to the nearest whole dollar. If 50 cents or more, round up to the next dollar. If less than 50 cents, round down.

Specific Instructions

Type or print the required information in the name, address, and information boxes on the top of page 1. If the taxpayer has a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not abbreviate the country's name.** If this is a consolidated return, enter the common parent corporation's name and address. The name for a consolidated return should include the phrase "and affiliates." If this is a combined return, enter the name and address of the corporation under which the group is filing. The name for the combined return should include either the phrase "and unitary affiliates" or "and unitary subsidiaries," whichever is applicable.

Indicate whether the taxable year is a calendar year or a fiscal year; if a fiscal year, indicate the taxable year on the top of page 1 of the return.

Enter the corporation's employer identification number (EIN), which is the taxpayer identification number (TIN). If this is a consolidated return, enter the TIN of the common parent

corporation. If this is a combined return, enter the TIN of the corporation under which the group is filing.

All returns, statements, and other documents filed with the department require a TIN. Taxpayers that fail to include their TIN may be subject to a penalty. Paid tax return preparers must include their TIN where requested. The TIN for a paid tax return preparer is the individual's social security number or the EIN of the business. Paid tax return preparers that fail to include their TIN may be subject to a penalty.

Line A: If the correct box WAS NOT CHECKED on the 2014 Form 120, line B, indicate the correct method of filing by checking the appropriate box. Explain the correction on the 2014 Form 120X, Schedule C.

If the correct box WAS CHECKED on the 2014 Form 120, information question B: (i) do not check any boxes for line A and (ii) answer line D, if Form 120X is being filed to change the Arizona method of filing.

Line B: Check the Arizona adjustments only box if the amended return is being filed to report only state changes. State change examples include adjustments to the apportionment ratio and adjustments to either additions to or subtractions from federal taxable income.

Line C: If this amended return is filed to incorporate a capital loss carryback, check the box and enter the last day (month, day and year) of the tax year the capital loss originated.

Line D: If this amended return is filed to change the Arizona method of filing, check the appropriate box. Complete the Form 120X, Schedule C, to explain the changes. Include a completed Form 51 with Form 120X.

Line E: If this amended return includes changes to the Arizona apportionment ratio, check the appropriate box. Complete Form 120X, Schedule A, (or include a revised Schedule ACA, if applicable) and explain the changes on Schedule C.

Line F: Check the box on line F if the election to be treated as a multistate service provider was made on your original return.

NOTE to Line F: The multistate service provider election as prescribed in the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §43-1147(B) must be made on the taxpayer's timely filed original tax return including extensions. This election is binding for five consecutive taxable years. Taxpayers cannot make the election or revoke the election by amending the tax return. See A.R.S. §43-1147 and Schedule MSP for more information.

Lines 1 through 8, lines 10 through 19, and line 21 -

NOTE: Columns (a) and (c) must be completed for each line whether or not a change has been made to a particular line. Enter an amount in column (b) only if a change has been made for a particular line.

• Column (a): Enter the amounts as shown on the original return or as adjusted by any prior audit, amended return, or Department of Revenue correction notice, whichever is latest.

- Column (b): Enter the amount of any change(s). Include any schedules, forms, and/or statements which are necessary to fully explain and substantiate the change(s). The amounts entered in column (b) should be the net increase or net decrease for each line that has been changed. Use a minus sign to indicate decreases entered in column (b).
- Column (c): Add the increase in column (b) to the amount in column (a) or subtract the decrease in column (b) from column (a). Enter the result here. If the line has not been changed, enter the amount from column (a) in column (c).

Line 9 - Apportionment Ratio (Multistate Taxpayers Only)

If the apportionment ratio is being amended, enter the amended apportionment ratio in column (c) from page 2, Schedule A, line A5, column C, or from Schedule ACA, line 3. If the apportionment ratio is not being amended, enter the apportionment ratio from the 2014 Form 120, page 1, line 9, or as adjusted by any prior audit or amended return, whichever is latest. The taxpayer must carry out the ratio on line 9 to six places.

Refer to the Schedule ACA or Schedule A instructions for more information. Do not enter an amount on page 1, line 9, before reading the Schedule ACA or Schedule A instructions.

Line 16 - Arizona Tax

Multiply Arizona taxable income [line 15, column (c)] by 6.5%. If the computed amount of tax is less than \$50, enter the minimum tax of \$50. Every corporation required to file a return shall pay a \$50 minimum tax in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) § 43-1111.

Combined or consolidated returns - a unitary group or an Arizona affiliated group is considered a single taxpayer. The minimum tax is imposed on the single taxpayer rather than on each corporation within the group.

Line 17 - Tax from Recapture of Tax Credits

Enter the amount of tax due from recapture tax credits from Arizona Form 300, Part 2, line 31.

Line 18 - Subtotal

Add lines 16 and 17. This is the amount of tax to which the total amount of tax credits claimed by the taxpayer may be used.

Line 19 - Nonrefundable Tax Credits

Enter the allowable nonrefundable tax credit amount from Arizona Form 300, Part 2, line 56. This amount cannot be larger than the amount on Form 120X, line 18.

- **Enterprise Zone Credit.** The enterprise zone credit has been repealed. The repeal did not affect carryforwards of properly established credits. See Form 304 for more information.
- Environmental Technology Facility Credit. This tax credit is for costs incurred in constructing a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing, or

- processing facility as described in A.R.S. § 41-1514.02. See Form 305 for more information.
- Military Reuse Zone Credit. This tax credit is for net increases in employment of full-time employees working in a military reuse zone established under Arizona law. See Form 306 for more information.
- Credit for Increased Research Activities. This tax credit is for taxpayers who incur qualified research expenses for research conducted in Arizona. The credit applies to taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2000. A portion of the excess credit claimed for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2009 may be refundable with approval from the Arizona Commerce Authority. Be sure to include only the nonrefundable portion on line 19. See Form 308 for more information.
- Pollution Control Credit. This tax credit is for expenses incurred during the taxable year to purchase real or personal property used in the taxpayer's trade or business in Arizona to control or prevent pollution. See Form 315 for more information.
- Credit for Taxes Paid for Coal Consumed in Generating Electrical Power. This tax credit is for a percentage of the amount paid by the seller or purchaser as transaction privilege tax or use tax for coal sold to the taxpayer that is consumed in the generation of electrical power in Arizona. "Amount paid by the seller or purchaser as transaction privilege tax or use tax" means that the Arizona transaction privilege tax was passed through to the taxpayer by the seller as an added charge or that the seller collected the Arizona use tax from the taxpayer or that the taxpayer paid the Arizona use tax to the department. See Form 318 for more information.
- Credit for Solar Hot Water Heater Plumbing Stub
 Outs and Electric Vehicle Recharge Outlets. This tax
 credit is for the installation of solar hot water heater
 plumbing stub outs and electric vehicle recharge outlets
 in houses or dwelling units constructed by the taxpayer.
 The houses or dwelling units must be located in
 Arizona. See Form 319 for more information.
- Credit for Employment of TANF Recipients. This tax credit is for net increases in qualified employment for recipients of temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) who are residents of Arizona. See Form 320 for more information.
- Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment Credit. This tax credit is for expenses incurred during the taxable year to purchase tangible personal property that is primarily used in the taxpayer's business in Arizona to control or prevent agricultural pollution. See Form 325 for more information.
- Credit for Donation of School Site. This tax credit is for the donation of real property and improvements to an Arizona school district or Arizona charter school for

- use as a school or as a site for the construction of a school. See Form 331 for more information.
- Credits for Healthy Forest Enterprises. These tax credits are for net increases in qualified employment positions in a healthy forest enterprise and net training and certifying costs. See Form 332 for more information.
- Credit for Employing National Guard Members. This credit is for an employer who has an employee that is a member of the Arizona National Guard and the employee was placed on active duty. See Form 333 for more information.
- Motion Picture Credits. Motion picture production companies that produced motion pictures, commercials, music videos, or television series completely or partially in Arizona may claim a transferable income tax credit for production costs. To qualify, productions must have been preapproved by the Arizona Commerce Authority by December 31, 2010. See Form 334 for more information.
- Credit for Corporate Contributions to School Tuition Organizations. This credit is for corporations who make contributions to school tuition organizations which provide scholarships and tuition grants to children attending qualified nongovernmental schools. See Form 335 for more information.
- Credit for Solar Energy Devices Commercial and Industrial Applications. This credit is available to taxpayers that install solar energy devices for commercial, industrial, or any other nonresidential purpose in the taxpayer's trade or business located in Arizona. The taxpayer or an exempt organization may transfer the credit to a third party that either financed, installed, or manufactured the qualifying solar energy device. See Form 336 for more information.
- Credit for Water Conservation System Plumbing Stub Outs. The credit for water conservation system plumbing stub outs has expired. This credit may not be claimed for taxable years ending after December 31, 2011. However, any credit carryover established in calendar year 2011 and prior will be allowed for not more than five consecutive taxable years. See Form 337 for more information.
- Credit for Corporate Contributions to School Tuition
 Organizations for Displaced Students or Students
 with Disabilities. This tax credit is for corporations who
 make contributions to school tuition organizations that
 provide scholarships and tuition grants to qualifying
 children attending qualified nongovernmental schools.
 See Form 341 for more information.
- Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit. This tax credit is for taxpayers that produce electricity using qualified energy resources. Approval by the Arizona Department of Revenue is required prior to claiming this tax credit. See Form 343 for more information.

- Solar Liquid Fuel Credit. This tax credit is for taxpayers that increase research activities related to solar liquid fuel. Additional credits will become available in 2016 for production and delivery system costs. See Form 344 for more information.
- **Credit for New Employment.** This tax credit is for taxpayers that have net increases in employment. The credit limit is administered by the Arizona Commerce Authority. See Form 345 for more information.
- Additional Credit for Increased Research Activities for Basic Research Payments. This tax credit is for taxpayers that make qualified basic research payments for research conducted in Arizona. Approval by the Arizona Department of Revenue is required prior to claiming this tax credit. See Form 346 for more information.
- Credit for Qualified Health Insurance Plans. This tax credit is for employers that provide qualified health insurance plans or contribute to health savings accounts for its employees who are Arizona residents. See Form 347 for more information.
- Credit for Renewable Energy Investment and Production for Self-Consumption by Manufacturers. This tax credit is for investment in new renewable energy facilities that produce energy for self-consumption using renewable energy resources if the power will be used primarily for manufacturing. See Form 351 for more information.

Complete the appropriate credit form for each credit. Include the completed credit form(s) and also Form 300 with Form 120X, whether or not the amount claimed on line 19 has changed.

Line 20 - Credit Type

Indicate which tax credits were used on line 19 by entering the applicable form number(s) in the space provided. Complete this line whether or not the amount of tax credits claimed on line 19 has changed.

Nonrefundable Income Tax Credit	Form
Enterprise Zone Credit	304
Environmental Technology Facility Credit	305
Military Reuse Zone Credit	306
Credit for Increased Research Activities	308
Pollution Control Credit	315
Credit for Taxes Paid for Coal Consumed in Generating	318
Electrical Power	
Credit for Solar Hot Water Heater Plumbing Stub Outs	319
and Electric Vehicle Recharge Outlets	
Credit for Employment of TANF Recipients	320
Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment Credit	325
Credit for Donation of School Site	331
Credits for Healthy Forest Enterprises	332
Credit for Employing National Guard Members	333
Motion Picture Credits	334
Credit for Corporate Contributions to School Tuition	335
Organizations	
Credit for Solar Energy Devices - Commercial and	336
Industrial Applications	
Credit for Water Conservation System Plumbing Stub Outs	337

Nonrefundable Income Tax Credit	Form
Credit for Corporate Contributions to School Tuition	341
Organizations for Displaced Students or Students With Disabilities	
Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit	343
Solar Liquid Fuel Credit	344
Credit for New Employment	345
Additional Credit for Increased Research Activities for Basic Research Payments	346
Credit for Qualified Health Insurance Plans	347
Credit for Renewable Energy Investment and Production for Self-Consumption by Manufacturers	351

Line 22 - Refundable Tax Credits

Check the box marked 308, 342 and/or 349 to indicate which of these tax credits the taxpayer is claiming. Enter the total amount of the credits claimed on line 22. Include the completed credit form(s) with Form 120X, whether or not the amount claimed on line 22 has changed.

Credit for Increased Research Activities. A portion of this tax credit is refundable for qualified taxpayers. The refund is limited to 75% of the excess credit, which is the current year's credit less the current year's tax liability, not to exceed the amount approved by the Arizona Commerce Authority. Include a copy of your "Certificate of Qualification" from the Arizona Commerce Authority, Form 300 and Form 308 with your return. Enter the amount from Form 308, Part 6, line 46.

Credit for Renewable Energy Industry. This tax credit is for expanding or locating qualified renewable energy operations in Arizona and is refundable in five equal installments. Pre-approval and post-approval are required through the Arizona Commerce Authority. Include a copy of your "Certification of Qualification" from the Arizona Commerce Authority and Form 342 with your tax return to claim this credit. Enter the amount from Form 342, Part 6, line 18.

Credit for Qualified Facilities. This tax credit is for expanding or locating a qualified facility in Arizona and is refundable in five equal installments. Pre-approval and post-approval are required through the Arizona Commerce Authority. Include a copy of your "Certification of Qualification" from the Arizona Commerce Authority and Form 349 with your tax return to claim this credit. Enter the amount from Form 349, Part 6, line 18.

If you are claiming more than one of the refundable tax credits, check the appropriate boxes and add the amounts from the credit forms together and enter the total on line 22, or use the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 22.

Refundable Credit Worksheet		
Enter the refundable credit from Form 308, Part 6, line 46.		
2. Enter the apportioned credit from Form 342, Part 6, line 18.		
3. Enter the apportioned credit from Form 349, Part 6, line 18.		
4. Add the amounts on lines 1, 2, and 3. Enter the total here and on Form 120X, line 22.		

Line 23 - Payments (Extension, Estimated)

Enter the total amount from the original return (2014 Form 120, lines 23 and 24; or 2014 Form 120A, lines 15 and 16).

Line 24 - Payment with Original Return (Plus All Payments After It Was Filed)

Enter the amount from page 2, Schedule B, line B4.

Line 25 - Total Payments

Add lines 22, 23 and 24. Enter the total.

NOTE FOR CLAIM OF RIGHT RESTORATION: If the tax for the taxable year 2014 was computed under the provisions for a claim of right restoration, line 25 also includes the credit for the tax reduction for prior taxable year(s). Refer to Arizona Corporate Income Tax Procedure CTP 95-3 for further information. Write "A.R.S. § 43-1130.01" and the total amount of the tax reduction for prior taxable year(s) in the space to the left of the total payment amount entered on line 25. The amount entered on line 25 is the total of lines 22, 23 and 24 and the tax reduction for prior taxable year(s). Include a schedule computing the tax reduction for the prior taxable year(s).

Line 26 - Overpayment from Original Return or as Later Adjusted

Enter the amount of any overpayment of tax from the original return (2014 Form 120, line 31; or 2014 Form 120A, line 23), and the total amount of any overpayments of tax from a Department of Revenue correction notice, a previously filed amended return (2014 Form 120X, line 31), or an audit.

Line 28 - Total Due

If line 21, column (c) is **larger** than line 27, enter the difference. This is the amount of tax due.

Line 29 - Penalty and Interest

Calculate any penalty and interest due. Calculate interest on the amount shown on line 28 at the prevailing rate. The interest period is from the original due date of the return to the payment date, and is compounded annually.

Line 30 - Payment Due

Add lines 28 and 29, and enter the total here. This is the amount of payment due. Non-EFT payment must be included with the amended return. Payments can be made via check, electronic check, money order, or credit card.

Check or Money Order

Make checks payable to Arizona Department of Revenue. Include the taxpayer's EIN on the front of the check or money order. Include the check or money order with the return.

Internet Payments

Corporate taxpayers must be licensed by the department before they can register to pay taxes online. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov to register and make payments over the internet.

Electronic payment from checking or savings account

Payments can be made electronically from a checking or savings account. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and choose the e-check option. There is no fee to use this method. This payment method will debit the amount from the specified checking or savings account on the date specified. If an electronic payment is made from a checking or savings account, a confirmation number will be generated. Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.

Credit card payment

Payments can be made via American Express, Discover, MasterCard or VISA credit cards. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and choose the credit card option. This will take you to the website of the credit card payment service provider. The service provider will charge a convenience fee based on the amount of the tax payment. The service provider will disclose the amount of the convenience fee during the transaction and the option to continue or cancel the transaction will be presented. If you accept the convenience fee and complete the credit card transaction, a confirmation number will be generated. Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.

Line 31 - Overpayment

If line 27 is **larger** than line 21, column (c), enter the difference. This amount is the overpayment from this amended return.

Line 32 - Amount to be Applied to 2015 Estimated Taxes

The taxpayer may apply part or all of an overpayment reported on line 31 as a 2015 estimated tax payment, if this amended return is filed during the taxpayer's taxable year 2015. Enter the applicable amount on line 32. If the taxpayer wants the entire line 31 amount to be refunded, enter zero.

Line 33 - Amount to be Refunded

Subtract line 32 from line 31, and enter the difference. This is the net refund amount.

Schedule ACA – Air Carrier Apportionment Formula

(Multistate Air Carriers Only)

Schedule ACA must be completed and included only if the 2014 Form 120X is filed to amend the apportionment ratio. The taxpayer must complete Schedule ACA to amend the apportionment ratio originally computed on Schedule ACA or if the taxpayer incorrectly used the Form 120, Schedule E, rather than Schedule ACA to compute the apportionment ratio. Schedule ACA is available on the department's website: http://www.azdor.gov/Forms/Corporate.aspx. If the apportionment ratio is not being amended, enter the apportionment ratio from the 2014 Form 120 or as adjusted by any prior audit or amended return, whichever is latest, on the Form 120X, page 1, line 9, in column (a) and column (c).

A.R.S. § 43-1139 requires a taxpayer that is a qualifying air carrier to use an alternate apportionment method to apportion its business income to Arizona.

The taxpayer must be engaged in air commerce. "Air commerce" means transporting persons or property for hire by aircraft in interstate, intrastate or international transportation. If the taxpayer files a combined or consolidated return, the combined group or the Arizona affiliated group must use this method of apportionment if 50% or more of the taxpayer's gross income is derived from air commerce. The taxpayer will apportion its business income by means of a single apportionment ratio computed under this method for all group members.

Schedule A – Apportionment Formula (Non-Air Carrier Multistate Taxpavers Only)

Schedule A must be completed only if the 2014 Form 120X is filed to amend the apportionment ratio (if the taxpayer was required to use Schedule A). If the apportionment ratio is not being amended, enter the apportionment ratio from the 2014 Form 120 or as adjusted by any prior audit or amended return, whichever is latest, on the Form 120X, page 1, line 9, in column (a) and column (c).

A.R.S. § 43-1139 (Allocation of business income) provides that the apportionment ratio is a fraction. Non-air carrier taxpayers may choose either the standard apportionment formula (option 1) or the enhanced apportionment formula (option 2). For the standard apportionment formula, the numerator of the fraction is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus two times the sales factor. The denominator of the fraction is four. For the enhanced apportionment formula, the numerator of the fraction is 7.5 times the property factor plus 7.5 times the payroll factors plus 85 times the sales factor. The denominator of the fraction is 100.

When computing the factors of the apportionment ratio, round amounts to the nearest whole dollar. If 50 cents or more, round up to the next dollar. If less than 50 cents, round down.

NOTE: For the detailed instructions with respect to the standard apportionment formula or the enhanced apportionment formula, see the instructions for 2014 Form 120.

Option 1: Standard Apportionment Formula

Line A3f -

NOTE: Multiply the amount entered on line A3d, column A, the total Arizona sales, by two (double weighted sales factor) on line A3e, column A. Enter the result on line A3f, column A. Do not double the amount entered on line A3d, column B, the everywhere sales of the taxpayer.

EXAMPLE: The taxpayer has total Arizona sales of \$100,000 (on line A3d, column A) and total everywhere sales of \$1,000,000 (on line A3d, column B). On line A3f, column A, enter \$200,000 of Arizona sales. On line A3f, column B, enter \$1,000,000 of everywhere sales for the taxpayer.

The sales factor ratio in column C of line A3f may, in certain circumstances, exceed 100 percent. However, since the total ratio (line A4) is divided by four, the average ratio (line A5) will not exceed 100 percent.

NOTE: The multistate service provider election as prescribed in the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §43-1147(B) must be made on the taxpayer's timely filed original tax return including extensions. This election is binding for five consecutive taxable years. Taxpayers cannot make the election or revoke the election by amending the tax return. See A.R.S. §43-1147 and Schedule MSP for more information.

Line A5 - Average Apportionment Ratio

Divide the total ratio, line A4, column C, by four. Enter the average ratio amount here and on page 1, line 9, column (c). Express the ratio as a decimal carried out to six places.

NOTE: The taxpayer must exclude a factor if both the numerator and the denominator of a factor are zero. Do not exclude a factor from the total ratio (line A4, column C) if the numerator of a factor is zero and the denominator of a factor is greater than zero. If the property or payroll factor is excluded, determine the average ratio (line A5, column C) by dividing the total ratio by three. If the sales factor is excluded, determine the average ratio by dividing the total ratio by two. If two of the factors are excluded, the remaining factor, without respect to any weighting, is the apportionment ratio.

Option 2: Enhanced Apportionment Formula

Line A1e -

Compute the property factor numerator by multiplying the total amount of Arizona property (line A1c, column A) by 7.5. Do not multiply the property factor denominator by 7.5. Next, for line A1e, divide column A by column B and enter the resulting ratio in column C. Express the ratio as a decimal carried out to six places. The property factor on line A1e, column C, may exceed 100 percent.

Line A2c -

Compute the payroll factor numerator by multiplying the total amount of Arizona payroll (line A2a, column A) by 7.5. Do not multiply the payroll factor denominator by 7.5. Next, for line A2c, divide column A by column B and enter the resulting ratio in column C. Express the ratio as a decimal carried out to six places. The property factor on line A2c, column C, may exceed 100 percent.

Line A3f -

NOTE: Multiply the amount entered on line A3d, column A, the total Arizona sales, by 85 on line A3e, column A. Enter the result on line A3f, column A. Do not multiply the amount entered on line A3d, column B, the everywhere sales of the taxpayer, by 85.

EXAMPLE: The taxpayer has total Arizona sales of \$100,000 (on line A3d, column A) and total everywhere sales of \$1,000,000 (on line A3d, column B). On line A3f, column A, enter \$8,500,000 of Arizona sales. On line A3f, column B, enter \$1,000,000 of everywhere sales for the taxpayer.

The sales factor ratio in column C of line A3f may, in certain circumstances, exceed 100 percent. However, since the total

ratio (line A4) is divided by 100, the average ratio (line C5) will not exceed 100 percent.

NOTE: The multistate service provider election as prescribed in the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §43-1147(B) must be made on the taxpayer's timely filed original tax return including extensions. This election is binding for five consecutive taxable years. Taxpayers cannot make the election or revoke the election by amending the tax return. See A.R.S. §43-1147 and Schedule MSP for more information.

Line A5 - Average Apportionment Ratio

Divide the total ratio, line A4, column C, by 100. Enter the average ratio amount here and on page 1, line 9, column (c). Express the ratio as a decimal carried out to six places.

NOTE: The taxpayer must exclude a factor if both the numerator and the denominator of a factor are zero. Do not exclude a factor from the total ratio (line A4, column C) if the numerator of a factor is zero and the denominator of a factor is greater than zero. If the property or payroll factor is excluded, determine the average ratio (line A5, column C) by dividing the total ratio by 92.5. If the sales factor is excluded, determine the average ratio by dividing the total ratio by 15. If two of the factors are excluded, the remaining factor, without respect to any weighting, is the apportionment ratio.

Schedule B – Schedule of Payments

List the payment sent with the original return and all payments made by the taxpayer after the original return was filed.

If additional space is required to list all of the payments, prepare a schedule (in the same format) labeled "Schedule B - Schedule of Payments" and include the schedule with the Form 120X.

DO NOT include the claim of right credit computed under A.R.S. § 43-1130.01 in this schedule.

DO NOT include amounts paid for penalties and interest or payments reported on page 1, line 23.

Enter the total on Schedule B, line B4, and on page 1, line 24.

Schedule C – Explanation of Changes

Explain the changes made in this return. If additional space is needed, prepare a schedule (in the same format) labeled "Schedule C – Explanation of Changes" and include the schedule with the Form 120X. Include any necessary supporting documentation with the return.

Certification

One or more of the following officers (president, treasurer, or any other principal officer) must sign the return.

Paid preparers: Sign and date the return. Complete the firm name and address lines (the paid preparer's name and address, if self-employed). Enter the paid preparer's TIN, which is the firm's EIN or the individual preparer's social security number.

Interest

The department will calculate any interest due and will either include it in the refund or bill the taxpayer for the interest.

Obtain information and current interest rates by contacting one of the numbers listed on page 1 of these instructions. Interest rate tables are also available on the department's website at the address listed on page 1 of these instructions.