Resident and Part-Year Resident Shareholder's Information Schedule

For the Calendar year 2015 or fiscal year beginning M.M.D.D.2.0.1.5 and ending M.M.D.D.2.0.Y.Y.

CHECK ONE: Original Amended						
Shareholder's Identifying Number	S Corporation's Employer Identification Number (EIN)					
Shareholder's Name	S Corporation's Name					
Shareholder's Address – number and street or rural route	S Corporation's Address – number and street or rural route					
Shareholder's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code	S Corporation's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code					
Shareholder's percentage of stock ownership for the taxable year:						

Part I Net Capital Gain From Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) does not include any net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business, the S corporation is not required to complete Part I.

	ributive Share Amount
1 Net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business 1 1	

Part II Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) includes net long-term capital gain (loss), complete line 2 and line 3 (if applicable). If the shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) does not include any net long-term capital gain (loss), the S corporation is not required to complete Part II.

	Pro Rata Share Items From Federal Form 1120-S, Schedule K-1	(a) Distributive Share Amount	(c) Net <u>long-term</u> capital gain (loss) included in column (a) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011
2	Net long-term capital gain (loss) 2		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

3	Net long-term capital gain (loss) from investment in		
	a qualified small business (amount already included		
	in line 2, column (c)) 3		

Instructions for Shareholders

Part I: Net Capital Gain from Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

Arizona allows a subtraction from Arizona gross income for any net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified small business and included in the individual taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or the federal taxable income of the estate and trust. A qualified small business is determined by the Arizona Commerce Authority pursuant to A.R.S. §41-1518. Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates, or trusts, an S corporation shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to calculate its subtraction or to complete the Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Line 1 -

Line 1, is your distributive share of net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business. To determine if you qualify to take this subtraction on your Arizona tax return, see the instructions for Form 140, 140PY, or 141AZ.

Part II: Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

Arizona allows a subtraction from Arizona gross income for a percentage of any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired **after** December 31, 2011 and included in the individual taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or the federal taxable income of the estate or trust. Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates, or trusts, an S corporation shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to calculate its subtraction or to complete the Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Only include net long-term capital gains if it can be verified that the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011. An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver or the deceased individual.

If you cannot verify that the capital gain is from the sale of an asset acquired after December 31, 2011, then the capital gain should be treated as a capital gain asset acquired before January 1, 2012,

Line 2 -

Line 2, column (c), is your distributive share of net long-term capital gain (loss) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Line 3 -

Line 2, column (c), may include amount(s) for any net longterm capital gain from investment in a qualified small business. If you take the allowable subtraction on your Arizona income tax return for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, you cannot include the amount on line 3, column (c), for net long-term capital gain from investment in qualified small business in that allowable subtraction. For more information see the instructions for Form 140, 140PY, or 141AZ.

Individual shareholder:

To determine if you qualify to take a subtraction from income on your Arizona income tax return, the individual shareholder must complete the *Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31,* 2011. The worksheet is included in the instructions for the resident and part-year resident income tax returns (Arizona Form 140 and Form 140PY).

Full-year residents use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) to figure the allowable subtraction on the worksheet included with Arizona Form 140.

Part-year residents use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) that is included in your Arizona gross income to figure the allowable subtraction on the worksheet included with Arizona Form 140PY.

Fiduciary shareholder:

If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part II is taxed at the estate or trust level, use the amounts on line 2 and line 3 in column (c) to complete the *Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011.* The worksheet is included in the instructions of Form 141AZ for the estate or trust.

If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part II is distributed to the beneficiaries, use the amounts in line 2 and line 3 in column (c) to complete the *Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011.* The worksheet is included in the instructions of Form 141AZ. The worksheet will assist the estate or trust in completing the Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule on Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.