

Arizona Form **140** Resident Personal Income Tax Booklet

This Booklet Contains:

- Form 140 Resident Personal Income Tax Return
- Form 140 Schedule A Itemized Deduction Adjustments
- Form 204 Extension Request

Where's my Refund?

Check your refund status at www.AZTaxes.gov

Who can use Arizona Form 140?

You, and your spouse if married filing a joint return, may file Form 140 only if you are full year residents of Arizona.

You must use Form 140 rather than Form 140A or Form 140EZ to file for 2022 if any of the following apply to you.

- Your Arizona taxable income is **\$50,000 or more**.
- You received active duty military pay as a member of the U.S. Armed Forces.
- You received pay for active service as a reservist or a National Guard member.
- You are making adjustments to income.
- You itemize deductions.

- You claim tax credits other than the family income tax credit, the property tax credit or the credit for increased excise taxes.
- You are claiming estimated payments.



Pay your taxes by credit card!

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Before using paper, E-File and select the Direct Deposit option

Fast: Faster processing of your refund and money in your account sooner. In some cases, 6 times faster.

Accurate: Fewer errors than paper forms. Online programs make it easy to ensure you don't miss anything important.

Affordable: If you qualify, it's free.

Paperless: Help the environment by reducing the paper usage.

CAUTION

The federal adjusted gross income that you use on your Arizona return may not be the same as the federal adjusted gross income from your federal tax return. Also, the federal Schedule A deductions used on the Arizona return may be different from the federal Schedule A deductions taken on your federal return.

Each year the Arizona State Legislature considers if they will adopt changes made to the federal tax law during the prior year. These forms assume the Legislature

will adopt all federal law changes made after January 1, 2022. If you use the amounts from your 2022 federal tax return to complete your Arizona return and the Legislature does not adopt the 2022 federal changes, you may have to amend your return at a later date for any difference between Arizona and federal law. For more details, visit **www.azdor.gov** and click on the link for 2022 conformity.

Notice

As a rule, the starting point for your Arizona return is your federal adjusted gross income. To take itemized deductions, you must start with the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. This is the case for 2022, except for changes Congress made to the federal tax code during 2022 if either of the following apply:

- 1. The changes affect how you figure your federal adjusted gross income **OR**
- 2. The changes affect how you figure your itemized deductions.

When federal changes are made, Arizona legislature must adopt those changes if the Arizona starting points are to be kept the same. The legislature will address this issue when it is in session during 2023. We must publish these forms before this issue will be addressed by the legislature. When we went to print, Arizona had not yet adopted any federal tax law changes enacted after January 1, 2022.

What does this mean to you? It means that if any of the federal law changes made in 2022 apply to your 2022 return, you can opt to file your 2022 return using one of the following methods:

1. You can wait and file your 2022 return after this issue has been addressed.

To do this, you may need to ask for a filing extension. You must pay 90% of the tax due by the due date of the return before any extension.

2. You can file your 2022 return assuming that the federal law changes will be adopted. The 2022 tax forms make this assumption.

If you opt for method 2, one of the following will apply:

- If Arizona adopts the federal changes, you do not have to do anything more.
- If Arizona does not adopt all those changes, you may need to amend your 2022 Arizona return. Your amended return will have to show the difference between the Arizona law and the federal law. If this happens, we will post more details on our conformity webpage at https://azdor.gov/legal/conformity-irc.
- Generally, no penalties or interest will be assessed on these amended returns, if you follow the Department's instructions and pay any tax due when you file your original 2022 return and you file and pay the required amended return by the extended due date of your 2023 return.
- 3. You can file your 2022 return assuming that we will not adopt the federal law changes. If you opt for this method, you will have to do all of the following.
 - You will have to research all of the federal changes made after January 1, 2022.
 - You will have to figure out if any of those changes apply to you.
 - You will have figure out how to make adjustments for those changes on your return.

If you opt for method 3, one of the following will apply:

- If Arizona does not adopt those changes, you do not have to do anything more.
- If Arizona adopts those changes, you may need to amend your 2022 Arizona return. Your amended return will have to show the difference between what you reported and what you should have reported. If this happens, we will post more details on our conformity webpage at <u>https://azdor.gov/legal/conformity-irc.</u>

Individual Income Tax - Highlights

Your 2022 individual income tax return is due by midnight on April 15, 2023. Because April 15, 2023 falls on a weekend, and April 17, 2023 falls on a federal holiday, you have until Tuesday, April 18, 2023 to timely file your 2022 tax return. If you file under a valid extension, your extended due date to file your income tax return is October 15, 2023. Because October 15, 2023 falls on a weekend, you have until Monday, October 16, 2023 to timely file your 2022 tax return.

2022 Changes to Income Tax Forms

Due to modifications to the 2022 Forms 140, 140NR and 140PY certain additions and subtractions (adjustments to Arizona Gross Income) have been moved from pages 1 and 2 to pages 5 (additions) and page 6 (subtractions).

2022 Individual Filing Threshold

The filing threshold used to determine if a taxpayer must file an Arizona individual income tax return was adjusted for inflation.

The filing threshold is based on a taxpayer's filing status and federal gross income excluding certain income that Arizona does not tax. A taxpayer must file if they are:

- Single and gross income is more than \$12,950;
- Married filing joint and gross income is more than \$25,900;
- Married filing separate and gross income is more than \$12,950; and
- Head of Household and gross income is more than \$19,400.

For more information and income that is excluded, see the table, *Arizona Filing Requirements*, provided on page 1 of the instructions for the income tax form you are filing

2022 Arizona Standard Deduction Amounts Adjusted

The 2022 Arizona standard deduction amounts are:

- \$12,950 for a single taxpayer or a married taxpayer filing a separate return;
- \$25,900 for a married couple filing a joint return; and
- \$19,400 for individuals filing a head of household return.

Change to Standard Deduction Increase for Charitable Contributions Computation

For taxpayers who do not itemized deductions on their 2022 Arizona income tax return and elect to take the standard deduction, the allowable Standard Deduction Increase was modified. For tax year 2022, the allowable portion of your charitable contributions used to compute your Standard Deduction Increased was increased from 25% to 27% of the qualified charitable contributions made during the tax year. Taxpayers must complete page 3 of their personal income tax form to claim the Standard

Deduction Increase. (Arizona Form 140, Form 140PY or Form 140NR)

2022 Individual Income Tax Rates

For 2022, Tax Tables X & Y were adjusted for inflation. Taxpayers with taxable income more than \$50,000 must use Tax Tables X and Y to compute their tax liability. Partyear residents and nonresidents must also use Tax Tables X and Y to compute their 2022 tax liability regardless of their taxable income.

The 2022 Optional Tax Table (for Arizona resident taxpayers with taxable income less than \$50,000) was also adjusted for inflation. To determine your tax liability, see the Optional Tax Table.

2022 Arizona Small Business Income (SBI) Tax

The tax rate applicable to small business taxable income reported on Forms 140-SBI, 140PY-SBI or Form 140NR-SBI was reduced from 3.5% in 2021 to 3.0% for 2022.

Credit for Contributions to *Private* School Tuition Organizations (Form 323)

The allowable current year credit for contributions to private school tuition organizations was adjusted for inflation purposes. For 2022, the maximum current year credit is:

- \$623 for single or head of household taxpayers;
- \$1.245 for married taxpayers filing a joint return; and
- \$623 for married taxpayers filing a separate return.

Credit for Contributions Made to Certified School Tuition Organizations (Form 348)

The allowable current year credit for contributions to a certified school tuition organization was adjusted for inflation purposes. For 2022, the maximum current year credit is:

- \$620 for single and head of household taxpayers;
- \$1,238 for married taxpayers filing a joint return; and
- \$620 for married taxpayers filing a separate return.

Repealed Individual Tax Credits

Beginning with tax year 2022, the following income tax credits have been repealed. Taxpayers who claimed either of these credits and established unused carryover amounts from prior tax years, may still claim the carryover amounts for the remaining 5-year carryover period allowed by the credit.

- Pollution Control Credit (Form 315)
- Employment by a Healthy Forest Enterprise Credit (Form 332)

New Individual Tax Credits

Affordable Housing Tax Credit (Form 354)

Beginning with tax year 2022, Arizona allows an individual taxpayer to claim a nonrefundable tax credit for projects in

Individual Income Tax - Highlights

this state that qualify for the federal low-income housing tax credit under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) that are placed in service from and after June 30, 2022 in an amount equal to at least fifty-percent (50%) of the amount of the federal credit allowed in each taxable during the federal credit. Arizona Revised Statute § 43-1074

The tax credit may claimed on either the individual's personal income tax return (Form 140, 140NR or 140PY) or the Small Business Income tax return, if filing. (Form 140-SBI, 140NR-SBI or 140PY-SBI)

For more information, see Credit Form 354 and instructions.

Pass-Through Entity (PTE) Tax (Credit Form 355)

Beginning with tax year 2022, Arizona allows an individual partner or an individual shareholder of a partnership/S Corporation a nonrefundable tax credit for the taxes paid by the PTE on the individual's behalf for their share of the income distributed to the partner/shareholder. If the allowable credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due on the claimants income, or if the there are no taxes due, the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes may be carried for not more than five consecutive taxable years as a credit against subsequent years' income tax liability. Arizona Revised Statute § 43-1077

For more information, see Credit Form 355, Credit for Entity-Level Tax, and instructions.

An individual taxpayer who claims the allowable PTE tax credit, must also adjust their Arizona gross income by adding the amount of the tax payment made by the PTE for which the tax credit is claimed.

A taxpayer who is claiming this credit on their personal income tax return, the add-back adjustment is reported on page 5, "Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income" and included in the total amount reported on the income tax return. Arizona Revised Statute § 43-1021.

For information or help, call one of the numbers listed:

 Phoenix
 (602) 255-3381

 From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free
 (800) 352-4090

Tax forms, instructions, and other tax information

If you need tax forms, instructions, and other tax information, go to the department's website at **www.azdor.gov**.

Income Tax Procedures and Rulings

These instructions may refer to the department's income tax procedures and rulings for more information. To view or print these, go to our website select *Reports, Statistics and Legal Research* from the main menu then click on *Legal Research* and select a *Document Type* and *Category* from the drop down menus.

Publications

To view or print the department's publications, go to our website and click on *Reports, Statistics and Legal Research* from the main menu and then click on *Publications* in the left hand column.

e-file

Leave the Paper Behind - e-file!

- Quicker Refunds
- Accurate
- Proof of Acceptance
- Free **

No more paper, math errors, or mailing delays when you *e-file*!

Get your refund quicker with direct deposit.

E-file today and pay by April 18, 2023 to avoid penalties and interest.

E-file through an authorized IRS/DOR *e-file* provider or by using your personal computer and the Internet.

Visit our website at www.azdor.gov for a listing of approved *e-file* providers and on-line filing sources.

** For free *e-file* requirements, check out our website at www.azdor.gov.

AVOID PROCESSING DELAYS: Are you mailing your Arizona income tax return? If you are mailing your return to the department, see the last page of these instructions for assembly order (form sequence) information.

Who Must Use Form 140?

You (and your spouse, if married filing a joint return) may file Form 140 only if both of you are full year residents of Arizona.

You **must** use Form 140 rather than Form 140A or Form 140EZ to file for 2022 if any of the following apply to you:

- Your Arizona **taxable income** is \$50,000 or more, regardless of filing status.
- You are making adjustments to income.
- You itemize deductions.

(Continued on next column.)

- You claim tax credits other than the family income tax credit, the credit for increased excise taxes, or the property tax credit.
- You are claiming estimated payments.

Do You Have to File?

Arizona Filing Requirements These rules apply to all Arizona taxpayers.				
and your gross income is				
You must file if you are:	more than:			
• Single	\$12,950			
Married filing joint	\$25,900			
• Married filing separate	\$12,950			
Head of Household	\$19,400			

If you are an Arizona resident, you must report income from **all** sources including **out-of-state** income.

To see if you have to file, figure your gross income the same as you would figure your gross income for federal income tax purposes. Then, you should exclude income that Arizona law does not tax. Income that Arizona law does not tax includes:

- interest from U.S. Government obligations;
- social security retirement benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act;
- benefits received under the Railroad Retirement Act, tier 1 or tier 2 railroad retirement benefits, railroad disability benefits reported on federal forms RRB-1099 and RRB-1099-R, railroad unemployment benefits and railroad sickness payments paid by the Railroad Retirement Board;
- pay received for active service as a member of the Reserves, National Guard or the U.S. Armed Forces; or
- benefits, annuities and pensions as retired or retainer pay of the uniformed services of the United States.

NOTE: Even if you are not required to file, you must still file a return to get a refund of any Arizona income tax withheld.

Do You Have to File if You Are an American Indian?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements unless **all** the following apply to you:

- You are an enrolled member of an Indian tribe.
- You live on the reservation established for that tribe.
- You earned **all** of your income on that reservation.

For information on the Arizona tax treatment of American Indians, see the department's ruling, ITR 96-4, *Income Taxation of Indians and Spouses*.

Do You Have to File if You Are the Spouse of an American Indian and You Are Not an Enrolled Indian?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 96-4, *Income Taxation of Indians and Spouses.*

Do You Have to File if You Are in the Military?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements unless **all** of the following apply to you:

- You are an active duty member of the United States armed forces.
- Your only income for the taxable year is pay received for active duty military service.
- There was no Arizona tax withheld from your active duty military pay.

If Arizona tax was withheld from your active duty military pay, you must file an Arizona income tax return to claim any refund you may be due from that withholding.

You must also file an Arizona income tax return if you have any other income besides pay received for active duty military service.

If you were an Arizona resident when you entered the service, you remain an Arizona resident, no matter where you are stationed, until you establish a new domicile.

As an Arizona resident, you must report all of your income to Arizona, no matter where you are stationed. You must include your military pay, but using Form 140, you may subtract all pay received for active duty military service to the extent it is included in your federal adjusted gross income.

If you are **not** an Arizona resident, but stationed in Arizona, the following apply to you:

- You are not subject to Arizona income tax on your military pay.
- You must report any other income you earn in Arizona using Form 140NR, *Nonresident Personal Income Tax Return*.

To find out more, see the department's publication, Pub. 704, *Taxpayers in the Military*.

If You Included Your Child's Unearned Income on Your Federal Return, Does Your Child Have to File an Arizona Return?

No. In this case, the child should not file an Arizona return. The parent must include that same income in his or her Arizona taxable income.

Determining Residency Status

If you are not sure if you are an Arizona resident for state income tax purposes, we may be able to help. For more information, see the department's procedure, ITP 92-1, *Procedure For Determining Residency Status*.

Residents

You are a resident of Arizona if your domicile is in Arizona. Domicile is the place where you have your permanent home. It is where you intend to return if you are living or working temporarily in another state or country. If you leave Arizona for a temporary period, you are still an Arizona resident while gone. An Arizona resident is subject to Arizona tax on all income no matter where the income is earned.

Part-Year Residents

If you are a part-year resident, you must file Arizona Form 140PY, *Part-Year Resident Personal Income Tax Return*. You are a part-year resident if you did **either** of the following during 2022:

- You moved into Arizona with the intent of becoming a resident.
- You moved out of Arizona with the intent of giving up your Arizona residency.

Nonresidents

If you are a nonresident (including nonresident aliens), you must file Arizona Form 140NR, *Nonresident Personal Income Tax Return*.

What if a Taxpayer Died?

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2022, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

The person who files the return should use the form the taxpayer would have used. The person who files the return should print the word "deceased" after the decedent's name and enter the date of death after the decedent's name.

If your spouse died in 2022 and you did not remarry in 2022 or if your spouse died in 2023 before filing a return for 2022, you may file a joint return. If your spouse died in 2022, the joint return should show your spouse's 2022 income before death and your income for all of 2022. If your spouse died in 2023, before filing the 2022 return, the joint return should show all of your income and all of your spouse's income for 2022. Print "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign the return.

Are Any Other Returns Required?

You may also have to file a fiduciary income tax return (Form 141AZ). For details about filing a fiduciary income tax return, call the department at (602) 255-3381.

Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

If you are claiming a refund for a deceased taxpayer, you **must** complete Arizona Form 131, *Claim for Refund on Behalf of Deceased Taxpayer*.

If you are claiming a refund on Form 140-SBI for a deceased taxpayer, you must also complete Arizona Form 131-SBI, *Claim for Refund on Behalf of Deceased Taxpayer*. Place both forms on top, when mailing the returns.

What are the Filing Dates and Penalties?

NOTE: If the due date for an income tax or related payment falls on a weekend and/or legal holiday, the filing or payment is considered timely if filed or paid on the next business day and that business day is a day other than Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday.

When Should You File?

Your 2022 calendar year tax return is due no later than midnight, April 15, 2023. File your return as soon as you can after January 1, 2023, but no later than April 15, 2023. Because April 15, 2023 falls on a weekend, and April 17th falls on a federal holiday, you have until Tuesday, April 18, 2023 to timely file your 2022 tax return.

If you are a fiscal year filer, your return is due on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of your fiscal tax year.

What if You Cannot File on Time?

You may request an automatic 6-month extension if you know you will not be able to file on time. If you request an extension to file your 2022 calendar year tax return, your due date is October 15, 2023. Because October 15, 2023 falls on a weekend, you have until Monday, October 16, 2023 to timely file your 2022 tax return.

NOTE: An extension does not extend the time to pay your income tax. See the instructions for Arizona Form 204.

To get a filing extension, you can either

- Apply for a state extension (Arizona Form 204). To apply for a state extension, file Form 204 by April 18, 2023. See Form 204 for details. You do not have to include a copy of the extension with your return when you file, but make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return. If you must make a payment, use Arizona Form 204, or visit www.AZTaxes.gov to make an electronic payment.
- Use your federal extension (federal Form 4868). File your Arizona return by the same due date. You do not have to include a copy of your federal extension with your return, but make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return.

When Should You File if You Are a Nonresident Alien?

As a Nonresident Alien, do not file Form 140. Use Form 140NR, *Nonresident Personal Income Tax Return*, to report your Arizona sourced income. File Form 140NR-SBI if you elect to report your Arizona sourced small business income on the Small Business Income Tax Return. See the instructions for Form 140NR for your filing due date(s).

What if You File or Pay Late?

If you file or pay late, we will charge you interest and penalties on the amount you owe. If the U.S. Post Office postmarks your 2022 calendar year return by April 18, 2023 your return will not be late. You may also use certain private delivery services designated by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to meet the "timely mailing as timely filed" rule. For more information, see "Mailing Your Return" at the end of these instructions.

Late Filing Penalty

If you file late, we will charge you a late filing penalty. This penalty is $4\frac{1}{2}$ % (.045) of the tax required to be shown on the return for each month or fraction of a month the return is late. This penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the tax found to be remaining due.

Late Payment Penalty

If you pay your tax late, we will charge you a late payment penalty. This penalty is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% (.005) of the amount shown as tax for each month or fraction of a month for which the failure continues. We charge this penalty from the original due date of the return until the date you pay the tax. This penalty cannot exceed a total of 10% (.10) of the unpaid tax.

Extension Underpayment Penalty

If you file your return under an extension, you must pay 90% (.90) of the tax shown on your return by the return's original due date. If you do not pay this amount, we will charge you a penalty. This penalty is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% (.005) of the tax not paid for each 30-day period or a fraction of a 30-day period. We charge this penalty from the original due date of the return until the date you pay the tax. This penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the unpaid tax. If we charge you the extension underpayment penalty, we will not charge you the late payment penalty under Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) § 42-1125(D).

NOTE: If you are subject to two or more of the above penalties, the total cannot exceed 25%.

Interest

We charge interest on any tax not paid by the due date. We will charge you interest even if you have an extension. If you have an extension, we will charge you interest from the original due date until the date you pay the tax. The Arizona interest rate is the same as the federal rate.

When Should You Amend a Return?

If you need to make changes to your return after you have filed, **do not** file a new return using Form 140. You must file Arizona Form 140X, *Individual Amended Income Tax Return*. File your amended return after your original return has processed. Generally, you have four years to amend a return to claim a refund.

If you amend your federal return for any year, you must also file an Arizona Form 140X for that year.

If the IRS makes a change to your federal taxable income for any year, you must report that change to Arizona. You must file Form 140X within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS. You may use one of the following two options to report this change.

Option 1

You may file a Form 140X for that year. If you choose this option, you must amend and mail your Arizona return within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS. Include a complete copy of the federal notice with your Form 140X.

Option 2

You may file a copy of the final federal notice with the department within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS.

If you choose this option, you must include a statement in which you must:

- 1. Request that the department recompute your tax and
- 2. Indicate if you agree or disagree with the federal notice.

If you do not agree with the federal notice, you must also include any documents that show why you do not agree. If you choose Option 2, mail the federal notice and any other documents to

Individual Income Audit Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 29084 Phoenix, AZ 85038-9084

Do You Need to Make Arizona Estimated Payments in 2023?

You must make Arizona estimated income tax payments during 2023 if:					
Your filing status is:	AND your Arizona gross income for 2022 was greater than:	AND your Arizona gross income for 2023 is greater than:			
Single	\$75,000	\$75,000			
Married filing joint	\$150,000	\$150,000			
Married filing separate	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000			
Head of Household	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000			

If you met the income threshold for 2022, you must make estimated payments during 2023 unless you are sure you will not meet the threshold for 2023. As a full year resident, your Arizona gross income is your federal adjusted gross income. Your Arizona gross income is on line 12 of the 2022 Form 140.

Use the worksheet for Arizona Form 140ES to figure how much your payments should be. For more information about making estimated payments, see the department's publication, Pub. 012, *Arizona Individual Estimated Income Tax Payments*.

What if You Make Your Estimated Payments Late?

We will charge you a penalty if you are late or if you fail to make any required payments. See Arizona Form 221.

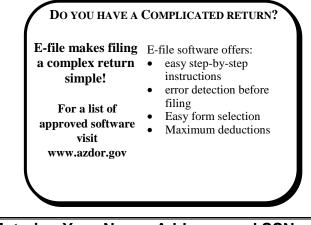
Can You Make Estimated Payments Even if You Do Not Have To?

If you do not have to make Arizona estimated income tax payments, you may still choose to make them. For details, see Arizona Form 140ES.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Tips for Preparing Your Return

- You must complete your federal return before you can start your Arizona return.
- Make sure that you enter your Social Security Number (SSN) on your return.
- Complete your return using black ink.
- You **must** round dollar amounts to the nearest whole dollar. If 50 cents or more, round up to the next dollar. If less than 50 cents, round down. Do not enter cents.
- If you are mailing your return, see the last page of these instructions for the assembly order.
- Make sure you include your daytime telephone number.
- If filing a fiscal year return, fill in the period covered.



Entering Your Name, Address, and SSN

Lines 1, 2, and 3

NOTE: Make sure you enter your SSN on the appropriate line and your SSN is correct. If you are filing a joint return, also make sure you enter your SSNs in the same order every year.

Enter your name, address, and SSN in the space provided. If you are filing a joint return, enter your SSNs in the same order as your first names. If your name appears first on the return, make sure your SSN is the first number listed.

If you are married filing separately, enter your name and SSN on the first line 1. Enter your spouse's name and SSN on the second line 1.

Make sure that you enter your SSN on your return. Make sure that all SSNs are clear and correct. You may be subject to a penalty if you fail to include your SSN. It will take longer to process your return if SSNs are missing, incorrect, or unclear. Use your current home address. The department will mail your refund to or correspond with you at that address.

For a deceased taxpayer, see page 2 of these instructions.

Foreign Addresses

If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Last Names Used in Last 4 Prior Years

If the last name that you or your spouse are using on this return is not the same as the last name you or your spouse used on returns filed in the last 4 years, enter any other last name(s) that you or your spouse used when filing your return during that period.

Identification Numbers for Paid Preparers

If you pay someone else to prepare your return, that person must also include an identification number where requested. A paid preparer may use any of the following:

- his or her PTIN;
- his or her SSN; or
- the EIN for the business.

A paid preparer who fails to include the proper identification number may also be subject to a penalty.

Determining Your Filing Status

The filing status that you use on your Arizona return may be different from that used on your federal return.

Use this section to determine your filing status. Check the correct box (4 through 7) on the front of Form 140.

If you qualify as married for federal purposes, you qualify as married for Arizona purposes and must file using the status of either married filing joint or married filing separate.

If you are single, you must file as single or if qualified you may file as head of household (see the instructions for box 5).

Box 4 - Married Filing Joint Return

If you are married and filing a joint return, check box 4.

You may file a joint return if you were married as of December 31, 2022. It does not matter whether or not you were living with your spouse. You may file a joint return, even if you and your spouse filed separate federal returns.

You may file a joint return if your spouse died during 2022 and you did not remarry in 2022. See page 2 of these instructions for details.

Arizona Form 140 is for full year residents **only**. You may not file a joint income tax return on Form 140 if any of the following apply:

- Your spouse is a nonresident alien (citizen of and living in another country).
- Your spouse is a resident of another state.
- Your spouse is a part-year Arizona resident.

If filing a joint return with your nonresident spouse, you must file a joint return using Arizona Form 140NR. See Form 140NR instructions. If filing a joint return with your part-year resident spouse, you must file a joint return using Arizona Form 140PY. See Form 140PY instructions. For more information on filing a joint tax return with your part-year resident or nonresident spouse, see the department's ruling, ITR 14-1, *Filing a Joint Tax Return When a Resident Spouse is Married to a Part-Year Resident or Nonresident.*

Box 4a - Injured Spouse Protection of Joint Overpayment

Check box 4a *only* if you and your spouse are filing a joint return *and* you or your spouse qualify as an injured spouse and are requesting protection from application of any joint overpayment against the other spouse's delinquencies or debts for back child support, court fees, and fees to counties, cities or educational institutions. The taxpayer (spouse) requesting injured spouse protection must have Arizona income with taxes withheld and reported on their own Form W-2 or Form 1099.

NOTE: You cannot use Form 203 to request protection from offset for past-due federal taxes. You must contact the IRS.

You **must** complete Arizona Form 203, *Request for Injured Spouse Protection from Application of Joint Overpayment Against Spouse's Delinquencies and Debts*, and include that form with your tax return when filed. For more information, see the instructions for Form 203.

Box 5 - Head of Household Return

If you are filing as a head of household, check box 5. Enter the name of the qualifying child or dependent in the space provided. You may file as head of household on your Arizona return only if one of the following applies:

- You qualify to file as head of household on your federal return; or
- You qualify to file as a qualifying widow or widower on your federal return.

Box 6 - Married Filing Separate Return

If you are married and filing a separate return, check box 6. Enter your spouse's name and SSN on the second line 1.

If you were married as of December 31, 2022, you may choose to file a separate return. You may file a separate return, even if you and your spouse filed a joint federal return.

Arizona is a community property state. If you file a separate return, you must figure out how much income to report using community property laws. Under these laws, a separate return must reflect one-half of the community income from all sources plus any separate income.

When you file separate returns, you must account for community deductions and credits on the same basis as community income. Both you and your spouse must either itemize or not itemize. If one of you itemizes, you both must itemize. If one of you takes a standard deduction, you both must take a standard deduction. One of you may not claim a standard deduction while the other itemizes. If you and your spouse support a dependent child from community income, either you or your spouse may claim the dependent. Both of you cannot claim the same dependent on both returns. For more information, see the department's rulings, ITR 93-18, *Income Reporting Requirements for Married Arizona Residents Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*; and ITR 93-19, *Deductions, Exemptions, and Credits for Married Taxpayers Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*.

NOTE: In some cases you may treat community income as separate income. For more information, see the department's ruling, *ITR* 93-22, When Community Income May Be Treated as Separate Income.

If one spouse is a resident and the other spouse is not, other special rules may apply when filing a separate return. See the department's ruling, ITR 93-20, Income *Reporting Requirements of Resident and Nonresident Spouses Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*; and see the department's publication, Pub. 200, *Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers*.

Box 7 - Single Return

If you are filing as single, check box 7.

Use this filing status if you were single on December 31, 2022. You are single if any of the following apply to you:

- You have never been married.
- You are legally separated under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2022, and you did not remarry in 2022, and you do not qualify to file as a qualifying widow or widower with dependent children on your federal return.

NOTE: If you got divorced during the year, see the department's ruling, ITR 14-2, Reporting Income, Deductions, Exemptions, and Withholding for Divorced Individuals for the Year of Divorce; and publication, Pub. 200, Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers.

Exemptions - Boxes 8, 9, and 11a

Enter the <u>number</u> of exemptions you are claiming in boxes 8, 9, and 11a. **Do not put a check mark or an "X"**. You may lose the exemption if you put a checkmark or "X" in these boxes.

Box 8 - Age 65 or Over

NOTE: If a taxpayer's 65th birthday was January 1, 2023 (born 1/1/1958), that person is considered to be age 65 at the end of 2022 for federal income tax purposes and likewise for Arizona income tax purposes.

- If you are single or filing as head of household, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older in 2022 and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.
- If you are married filing a joint return, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer or your spouse was 65 or older in 2022 and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.

Enter "2" in box 8 if both you and your spouse were 65 or older in 2022 and neither of you are claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.

• If you are married and filing a separate return, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older and not claimed by another taxpayer. You cannot take an exemption for your spouse. Your spouse, if 65 or older and not claimed by another taxpayer, may take this exemption on their own separate return.

Box 9 - Blind

If you or your spouse were partially blind as of December 31, 2022, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that either:

- You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses **or**
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to that effect instead. You must keep the statement for your records.

- If you are single or filing as head of household, enter "1" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind.
- If you are married filing a joint return, enter "1" in box 9 if you **or** your spouse is totally or partially blind.

Enter "2" in box 9 if both you **and** your spouse are totally or partially blind and your spouse meets the above criteria.

• If you are married and filing a separate return, you may take an exemption for yourself if you are totally or partially blind. You may only claim an exemption for your spouse if (1) your spouse is totally or partially blind, (2) has no Arizona adjusted gross income for the calendar year, and (3) is not the dependent of another taxpayer.

Enter "1" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind **or** your spouse is totally or partially blind **and** your spouse meets the above criteria.

Enter "2" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind **and** your spouse is totally or partially blind **and** your spouse meets the above criteria.

Box 11a - Qualifying Parents and Grandparents

NOTE: If a person who is a qualifying parent or grandparent also qualifies as your dependent, you may include that person as a dependent in box 10b, **or** you may claim that person as a qualifying parent or grandparent in box 11a. You may **not** include the same person in both box 10b and box 11a.

You must complete the qualifying parent and grandparent section (lines 11b and 11c) on page 1 (and Part 2 on page 4, if more space is needed) before you can total your exemptions for qualifying parents and grandparents. Be sure to check the box on page 1 indicating you are completing page 4.

A qualifying parent or grandparent may be any one of the following:

- Your parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent, etc.
- If married filing a joint return, your spouse's parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent, etc.

You may claim this exemption if **all** of the following apply:

- 1. The parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent was 65 years old or older during 2022.
- 2. The parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent lived in your principal residence for the entire taxable year.

If your parent or grandparent died during the taxable year, this requirement will still be met if he or she lived with you for the entire part of the year in which he or she was alive. Temporary absences by the parent or grandparent for special circumstances, such as a hospital stay or care in a hospice facility, count as time lived in the taxpayer's principle residence.

3. You paid more than one-half of the support and maintenance costs of the parent or grandparent during the taxable year.

To help you determine if you paid more than one-half of your parent or grandparent's support during the taxable year, it is recommended that you review the department's procedure, ITP 14-1, *Procedure for Determining Support for Purposes of the Parents and Grandparents Exemption Allowed under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C)* and complete the worksheet. Keep the worksheet for your records.

4. The parent or grandparent required assistance with activities of daily living.

The term "activities of daily living" means two or more of the following listed categories. Activities of daily living include both basic activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living. The categories of activities of daily living are: dressing, eating, ambulating, toileting, medicating and hygiene, shopping, housekeeping, managing personal finances, basic communication, food-preparation, and transportation.

For more information regarding what the term "activities of daily living" means when determining an Arizona resident taxpayer's eligibility for this exemption, see the department's ruling, ITR 14-3, "Activities of Daily Living" for the Purpose of the Exemption Allowed Under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C).

To help you determine if your parent or grandparent required assistance with activities of daily living to meet this requirement, it is recommended that you review the department's procedure, ITP 14-2, *Procedure for Determining Whether a Parent or Grandparent Requires Assistance with Activities of Daily Living for Purposes of the Exemption Allowed under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C) and complete the checklist.* Keep the checklist for your records.

Lines 11b and 11c

For each qualifying parent and grandparent, enter the following information:

- a) first and last name;
- b) social security number;
- c) relationship to taxpayer;
- d) the number of months this person lived in your home;
- e) check this box if the person is age 65 or over;
- f) check this box if the person died in 2022.

You may lose the exemption for qualifying parents and grandparents if you do not furnish this information. Enter the total number of qualifying parents/grandparents in box 11a.

Dependents - Boxes 10a and 10b

Boxes 10a and 10b

Boxes 10a and 10b identify the *number* of your qualifying dependents that are either under the age of 17 (box 10a) or age 17 and over (box 10b). This information is used to compute the allowable Dependent Tax Credit. Include only those dependents in box 10a or 10b that you are using to compute the allowable Dependent Tax Credit claimed on line 49.

NOTE: If a person who is a qualifying parent or grandparent also qualifies as your dependent, you may include that person as a dependent in box 10b to compute the allowable Dependent Tax Credit, **or** you may claim that person as a qualifying parent or grandparent in box 11a. You may **not** include the same person in both box 10b and box 11a.

Lines 10c through 10e

You must complete the dependent information section (lines 10c through 10e) on page 1 (and Part 1 on page 4, if more space is needed) for each person counted in either box 10a or 10b. **Be sure to check the box on page 1 indicating you are completing page 4.**

You may claim only those individuals that qualify as your dependent for federal purposes. For each qualifying individual, enter the following information:

- a) first and last name;
- b) social security number;
- c) relationship to taxpayer;
- d) the number of months this person lived in your home;

Temporary absences: Your child or dependent is considered to have lived with you during periods of time when temporarily absent due to special circumstances such as: illness, education, business, or vacation. Your child is also considered to have lived with you during any required hospital stay following birth, as long as the child would have lived with you during that time but for the hospitalization.

- e) check box 1 (for box 10a) if this person is under the age of 17 or
 - check box 2 (for box 10b) if this person is age 17 or over; *and*
- f) check the box if you did not claim this person on your federal return due to educational credits.

NOTE: If you did not claim a dependent who is a student on your federal return in order to allow the student to claim a federal education credit on the student's federal return, you may still claim the dependent on your Arizona return.

For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 05-2, Will Arizona Allow a Dependent Exemption When a Taxpayer Does Not Claim Federal Exemption in Order to Claim the Education Credit? You may lose the dependent tax credit if you do not furnish this information. Enter the total number of dependents in box 10a and 10b.

Totaling Your Income

Line 12 - Federal Adjusted Gross Income

You must complete your federal return before you enter an amount on line 12. You must complete a 2022 federal return to determine your federal adjusted gross income, even if you are not filing a federal return.

Arizona uses federal adjusted gross income as a starting point to determine Arizona taxable income. Your federal adjusted gross income is your Arizona gross income.

NOTE: Be sure to use your federal adjusted gross income and not your federal taxable income.

If the amount on line 12 is more than \$75,000 (\$150,000 if filing a joint return), you may need to make estimated payments. See "*Do You Need to Make Estimated Payments in 2023?*" on page 4.

Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return

Individuals *may* elect to report their small business income on Arizona Form 140-SBI, *Small Business Income (SBI)*, for the small business income amount included in their federal adjusted gross income.

An individual's small business income is reported on federal Schedules B, C, D, E, F and Form 4797 (for amounts not included on Schedule D). For more information, see Form 140-SBI and instructions.

Additional information and guidance can be found in the department's Publication 712, *Summary of Arizona Small Business Income and Taxation.*

How do I elect to report Small Business Income on Arizona Form 140-SBI?

Taxpayers make the election by simply completing Form 140-SBI reporting their small business income and including the completed form with their Arizona Form 140 tax return, when filed.

NOTE: You must include Form 140-SBI with your Form 140, when filed. If you do not include Form 140-SBI with your Form 140, processing of your return may be delayed or your subtraction on line 13 may be denied. See the Mailing instructions for the correct address when mailing both Form 140 and Form 140-SBI.

Modified Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Line 13 - Small Business Income

If you elect to report your small business income on Arizona Form 140-SBI, check the box on line 13 and enter the amount of small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, line 10.

Line 14 – Modified Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Subtract line 13 from line 12.

Additions to Income

NOTE:

- If you are electing to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI and if any of the following additions are directly related to the small business income, report that addition on Form 140-SBI. If the addition is not directly related to small business income, make the addition on Form 140.
- If you are not filing Form 140-SBI, make that addition on Form 140.

Line 15 - Non-Arizona Municipal Interest

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

Enter the amount of interest income from non-Arizona municipal bonds that you did not include as income on your federal return.

You may exclude any expenses incurred to purchase or carry the obligation. Reduce the interest income by the amount of those expenses that you could not deduct on your federal return.

If you received tax exempt interest from municipal bonds, keep a schedule listing the payors and the amount received from each payor for your records. You should also keep supporting documents for amounts received from Arizona municipal bonds that are exempt from Arizona income tax. These may be items such as bank statements, brokerage statements, etc.

Line 16 - Partnership Income Adjustment

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

Complete line 16 if you received an Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1 and line 3 shows a difference between federal and state distributable income.

If the difference reported on line 3 of your Form 165 Schedule K-1 is a positive number, enter that difference as an addition on line 16.

NOTE: *If the difference reported on line 3 of your Form 165 Schedule K-1 is a negative number, enter the difference on 27.*

Line 17 - Total Federal Depreciation

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

Enter the total amount of depreciation deducted on your federal return. If you make an entry here, you should also take a subtraction on line 26. To figure out how much you should subtract, see the instructions for line 26.

Line 18 - Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income

NOTE:

- If you are electing to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI and if any of the following "other additions" are directly related to the small business income, report that addition on Form 140-SBI. If the addition is not directly related to small business income, make the addition on Form 140.
- If you are not filing Form 140-SBI, make that "other addition" on Form 140.

Use line 18 if any of the following special circumstances apply.

NOTE: If you are reporting any adjustment on line 18 complete the schedule on page 5 of your tax return, Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income, and include it with your return.

If you are not reporting any adjustment on line 18, do **not** include page 5 with your return.

You may either add (on line 18) or subtract (on line 36) items A and B, depending on your situation.

A. Married Persons Filing Separate Returns

If you file a separate Arizona return, you must report the following income on that return:

- one-half of the community income from all sources, and
- all of your separate income.

If you and your spouse file a joint federal return but separate Arizona returns, you must make sure that each separate return reflects the correct income. If you begin your Arizona return with only the income that you earned during the year, you will have to adjust this income.

If you file separate federal returns, each of your federal returns should already reflect the correct income. Since your separate Arizona returns will begin with the federal adjusted gross income, you will not have to adjust your income.

If you adjust your income, keep a schedule for your records of how you figured your adjustment. For more information, see the department's publication, Pub. 200, *Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers*.

B. Fiduciary Adjustment

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

A fiduciary uses Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 to report to you your share of the fiduciary adjustment from the trust or estate.

Line 3 of Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 shows your share of the fiduciary adjustment from the estate or trust. If the amount reported on line 3 of your Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 is a positive number, include that amount on line 18.

NOTE: If the amount reported on line 3 of your Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 is a negative number, include that amount as an Other Subtraction on line 36.

C. Ordinary Income Portion of Lump-Sum Distributions Excluded on Your Federal Return

Make this adjustment if you use federal averaging for lump-sum distributions from your pension or profit-sharing plan. Arizona law does not provide for averaging. Enter the amount of the distribution that you treated as ordinary income on your federal return. If you choose to treat the capital gain portion of the distribution as ordinary income, you must also include that amount.

For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 93-5, Arizona's Income Tax Treatment of the Capital Gain Portion of a Lump Sum Distribution from a Qualified Retirement Plan.

D. Items Previously Deducted for Arizona Purposes

Arizona statutes prohibit a taxpayer from deducting items more than once. If your Arizona taxable income includes items previously deducted for Arizona purposes, you must add such amounts to your Arizona gross income.

E. Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in 2022

NOTE: For items E, Fa and Fb; taxpayers that made the election to file an Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return in 2022, if the income required to be paid back under the claim of right is the type of income that would be included in lines 4 through 9 of the 140-SBI return if the income were reported in 2022, the adjustment should be made in the 140-SBI return. All other claim of right adjustments should be made on the regular 140 return.

You must make an entry here if **all** of the following apply:

- During 2022, you were required to repay amounts held under a claim of right.
- The amount required to be repaid during 2022 was more than \$3,000.
- You took a deduction for the amount repaid on your 2022 federal income tax return.

If the above apply, include the amount deducted on your federal income tax return. For more information on the Arizona claim of right provisions, see the department's procedure, ITP 16-1, *Procedure for Individuals Who Restore Substantial Amounts Held under a Claim of Right.*

F(a) - Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in Prior Taxable Years

You must make an entry here if **all** of the following apply:

- During a year prior to 2022, you were required to repay amounts held under a claim of right.
- You computed your tax for that prior year under Arizona's claim of right provisions.
- A net operating loss or capital loss was established due to the repayment made in the prior year.
- You are entitled to take that net operating loss or capital loss carryover into account when computing your 2022 Arizona taxable income.
- The amount of the loss carryover included in your federal income is more than the amount allowed to be taken into account for Arizona purposes.

Include the amount by which the loss carryover included in your federal adjusted gross income is more than the amount allowed for the taxable year under Arizona law.

$F(\boldsymbol{b})$ - Adjustment for Net Operating Loss due to Claim of Right

You must add-back the adjustment for any net operating loss previously claimed that is related to the amount of your claim of right reported.

G(a). Addition Due to Claiming the Agricultural Water Conservation System (Credit 312)

You must make an addition to income for the amount of expenses disallowed by reason of claiming the credit. See the instructions for completing Credit Form 312.

G(b). Addition to S Corporation Income Due to Claiming Pass-through Credit for Agricultural Water Conservation System (Credit 312)

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

Shareholders of an S corporation who claim a credit passed through from an S corporation must make an addition to income for the amount of expenses disallowed by reason of claiming the credit.

An S corporation that passes the following credits through to its shareholders must notify each shareholder of his or her *pro rata* share of the adjustment (Form 312-S, line 1). You must include an amount on this line when claiming the Agricultural Water Conservation System Credit (Form 312). See the instructions for completing Credit Form 312.

H(a). Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Have Claimed a Credit for Investment in Qualified Small Businesses (Credit 338)

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

If you claim a credit on Form 338 for an investment in a qualified small business, you must adjust your basis in the investment by the amount of the credit claimed. You must report this difference in basis on the Arizona return that you file for the taxable year in which you sell or otherwise dispose of the investment. If you sold or otherwise disposed of the investment during the 2022 taxable year, include the amount by which the adjusted basis computed under the IRC with respect to that property exceeds the adjusted basis of the property computed under A.R.S. § 43-1074.02.

H(b). Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Have Claimed an Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment Credit 325)

If you claim a credit for an agricultural pollution control equipment (Form 325), you must adjust your basis on the Arizona return that you file for the taxable year in which you sell or otherwise dispose of the equipment. If you sold or otherwise disposed of the investment during the 2022 taxable year, include the amount by which the adjusted basis computed under the IRC with respect to that property exceeds the adjusted basis of the property computed under A.R.S. § 43-1081.01.

H(c). Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Previously Claimed a credit for Pollution Control Equipment Credit 315)

If you claimed a credit for pollution control equipment (Form 315) *before tax year 2022*, you must adjust your basis on the Arizona return that you file for the taxable year in which you sell or otherwise dispose of the equipment. If you sold or otherwise disposed of the investment during the 2022 taxable year, include the amount by which the adjusted basis computed under the IRC with respect to that property exceeds the adjusted basis of the property computed under A.R.S. § 43-1081.

I. Nonqualified Withdrawals from 529 College Savings Plans

You must make an addition to income if **both** of the following apply to you:

- You received a nonqualified withdrawal from a 529 college savings plan.
- You did not include the amount of the withdrawal in your federal adjusted gross income.

The amount that you must include is the amount withdrawn, but no more than the difference between the amount of contributions subtracted in prior years and the amount added in any prior years.

A nonqualified withdrawal is a withdrawal other than any of the following:

- A qualified withdrawal. A qualified withdrawal is a withdrawal from an account to pay the qualified higher education expenses of the designated beneficiary of the account.
- A withdrawal made as the result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary of an account.
- A withdrawal that is made on the account of a scholarship, or the allowance or payment described in IRC § 135(d)(1)(B) or (C), and that is received by the designated beneficiary, but only to the extent of the amount of this scholarship, allowance or payment.
- A rollover or change of designated beneficiary.

J. Sole Proprietorship Loss of an Arizona Nonprofit Medical Marijuana Dispensary included in Federal Adjusted Gross Income

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

NOTE: A dual licensee that elects to operate on a for-profit basis does not qualify for a subtraction for the medical marijuana portion of their business.

If you are registered as an Arizona sole proprietorship with the Arizona Department of Health Services to operate in this state as a nonprofit medical marijuana dispensary, you are required to add the amount of the loss from the dispensary that is included in the computation of your federal adjusted gross income. Include the amount of the loss.

NOTE: If the Arizona nonprofit medical marijuana dispensary is registered with the Arizona Department of Health Services as anything other than a sole proprietorship, this addition does not apply.

In addition, a sole proprietorship of an Arizona dual licensee that has not elected to operate on a for-profit basis may subtract the portion of income included in federal adjusted gross income that is from the medical marijuana portion of the business.

NOTE: A dual licensee that elects to operate on a for-profit basis does not qualify for a subtraction for the medical marijuana portion of their business.

K. Federal Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryforward from Non-Arizona Sources Accrued While a Nonresident

An individual cannot include a federal NOL carryforward deduction incurred from non-Arizona sources while the taxpayer was an Arizona nonresident in the Arizona taxable income of a return filed for a taxable year in which the taxpayer is an Arizona resident.

The taxpayer must make an addition to Arizona gross income on the full-year Arizona resident return for the amount of the NOL carryforward deduction included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 13-5, *Can a Net Operating Loss Incurred as a Non-Resident Be Used to Offset Income in a Year in Which the Taxpayer Is A Resident?*

NOTE: For a non-Arizona source loss incurred while the taxpayer was an Arizona nonresident, the taxpayer would not be allowed to amend a prior year resident Arizona income tax return to claim the NOL carry back deduction.

L. Federal Capital Loss Carryforward Deduction Incurred from Non-Arizona Sources Prior to Arizona Residency

NOTE: This addition is not related to small business income and should not be reported on Form 140-SBI. Make this addition on Form 140.

An individual cannot include a capital loss carryforward deduction, incurred from non-Arizona sources while the taxpayer was an Arizona nonresident, in the Arizona taxable income of a return filed for a taxable year in which the taxpayer is an Arizona resident. Therefore, a capital loss incurred from non-Arizona sources while the taxpayer was an Arizona nonresident cannot be carried forward to a taxpayer's Arizona resident return when the loss carryover is reflected in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

The taxpayer must make an addition to Arizona gross income on the full-year Arizona resident return for the amount of such capital loss carryforward deduction included in the computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 13-6, Can a Capital Loss Incurred as a Non-Resident Be Used to Offset Income in a Year in Which the Taxpayer Is A Resident?

M. Americans with Disabilities Act - Access Expenditures

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

If a subtraction is taken on line 36, *Other Subtractions from Income* (Item N), for the full amount of eligible business access expenditures paid or incurred during the taxable year to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 or A.R.S Title 41, chapter 9, article 8; you must make an addition to Arizona gross income for any amount that is included in the computation of federal adjusted gross income for the current year, plus any federally amortized amounts.

N. Amortization or Depreciation for Child Care Facility

You may need to make an addition for depreciation or amortization if you elected to amortize the cost of a child care facility under Arizona law in effect before 1990 and you are still deducting amortization or depreciation for that facility on your federal income tax return.

O. Net Capital (Loss) from Exchange of One Kind of Legal Tender for another Kind of Legal Tender

NOTE: If you elected to file the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return, only claim the addition on this return if the net capital loss to which the addition relates was not moved to the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return.

To determine if you are required to make this addition to income, you must net **all** gains and (losses) from all exchanges of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender, including amounts shown on Form 165 Schedule K-1, Form 120S Schedule K-1, and Form 141AZ Schedule K-1.

Enter the amount of any net capital (loss) included in Arizona gross income for the taxable year that is derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender.

NOTE: If the amount from all sources results in a **net capital** gain from the exchange of one kind of tender for another kind of tender, enter that amount page 6, "R".

For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Legal tender" means a medium of exchange, including specie that is authorized by the United States Constitution or Congress for the payment of debts, public charges, taxes and dues.

(b) "Specie" means coins having precious metal content.

P. Entity-Level Income Tax Payment

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not take the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI. If you are claiming the income tax credit on Form 355, *Credit for Entity-Level Income Tax Paid on Your Behalf from a Partnership and/or an S Corporation*, you must add the amount deducted by the partnership and/or S Corporation for the amount of Arizona income tax paid on your behalf in 2022.

Enter the total amount of tax paid shown on:

- Arizona Form 165, Schedule K-1, Part 5, lines 10 and 11.
- Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1, Part 5, lines 9 and 10.

NOTE: Enter the tax amount **actually paid** by the Partnership or S Corporation **in 2022**. Tax amounts paid in 2023 for tax year 2022 will be added-back on your 2023 tax return. These payments include any 4th QTR estimated taxes paid in January 2023 and any 2023 tax payments made with the Entity's tax return on your behalf.

Q. Other Adjustments Related to Tax Credits

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

You may also need to make an addition if you claimed certain tax credits.

- If you claimed the Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment Credit (Form 325), you must make an addition to income for the amount by which the depreciation or amortization computed under the internal revenue code with respect to property for which a credit was taken on Credit Form 325 that exceeds the amount of depreciation or amortization computed pursuant to internal revenue code on the Arizona adjusted bases of the property.
- If you previously claimed the Pollution Control Equipment Credit (Form 315) *before tax year 2022*, you must make an addition to income for the amount by which the depreciation or amortization computed under the internal revenue code with respect to property for which a credit was taken on Credit Form 315 that exceeds the amount of depreciation or amortization computed pursuant to internal revenue code on the Arizona adjusted bases of the property.

If you have more than one adjustment related to tax credits, add the amounts together and enter the total.

R. Other Adjustments

If you are making the small business election and this addition is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not take the addition on Form 140, enter the addition on Form 140-SBI.

Other adjustments may be necessary. For example, you must add-back expenses related to income that Arizona does not tax. If you have more than one *Other Adjustment*, add the amounts together and enter the total.

S. Total Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income

Add all amounts from page 5, and enter the total on line 18.

Line 19 - Subtotal

Add lines 14 through 18 and enter the total.

Subtractions from Income

NOTE:

- If you are electing to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI and if any of the following subtractions are directly related to the small business income, report that subtraction on Form 140-SBI. If the subtraction is not directly related to small business income, report the subtraction on Form 140.
- If you are not filing Form 140-SBI, take that subtraction on Form 140.

You may only subtract those items for which statutory authority exists. You cannot take a subtraction without such authority.

You may not subtract any amount that is allocable to income excluded from your Arizona taxable income.

If you have any questions concerning subtractions from income, call one of the numbers listed on page 1 of these instructions.

Lines 20 through 24 - Net Capital Gain or (Loss)

NOTE: For lines 20-24; *if you elected to file the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return, only claim the subtraction on this return if the net capital gain to which the subtraction relates was not moved to the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return.*

If you have net capital gains or (losses) not related to small business income, enter those amounts on Form 140, lines 20-24.

If you are not filing a small business income tax return, include all net capital gains or (losses) on Form 140, lines 20-24.

NOTE: If you enter an amount on line 20, you must complete lines 21 and 22. If you are taking a subtraction on line 24 for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, you must also complete line 23. If you do not complete lines 20 through 23, you cannot take the subtraction on line 24.

You may subtract 25% (.25) of any net long-term capital gain included in your federal adjusted gross income that is derived from an investment in an asset acquired after December 31,2011.

Complete the *Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired after December 31, 2011,* at the end of these instructions to determine the allowable subtraction. Keep the worksheet for your records.

NOTE: If you do not have any net capital gain or (loss) to report, enter zero, "0" on lines 20-22.

Line 20 - Total Net Capital Gain or (Loss)

If you reported a net capital gain or (loss) on your federal income tax return, enter the total net capital gain or (loss) reported on the *Capital Gain or (Loss)* line on your federal return. This amount should be included in your federal adjusted gross income.

Line 21 - Total Net Short-Term Capital Gain or (Loss)

Enter the total amount of net short-term capital gain or (loss) reported on federal Schedule D. This amount should be included in your federal adjusted gross income.

NOTE: If you are not required to report dividend distributions and/or short-term capital gains from mutual funds on federal Form Schedule D, do not include the short-term capital gain distributed by the mutual fund on line 21.

Line 22 - Total Net Long-Term Capital Gain or (Loss) Enter the total amount of net long-term capital gain or (loss) reported on federal Schedule D. This amount should be included in your federal adjusted gross income.

If your net long-term capital gain (loss) is limited to an amount reported on Form 1099-DIV and you were not required to complete federal Schedule D, enter the amount shown on Form 1099-DIV on line 22.

Line 23 - Net Long-Term Capital Gain from Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011

NOTE: Only include net long-term capital gains on this line if it can be verified that the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011. If the date of acquisition cannot be determined, the asset is considered to have been acquired before January 1, 2012.

For purposes of this line, an asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver or the deceased individual.

If you completed the worksheet at the end of these instructions, enter the amount from line 5 of the worksheet.

If you did not complete the worksheet and you have no net longterm capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, enter zero, "0".

Line 24 - Net Long-Term Capital Gain <u>Subtraction</u> From Income for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011.

Multiply the amount on line 23 by 25% and enter the result.

CAUTION: If you take a subtraction for the net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified business (on line 25) or the net capital gain from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender (on page 6, item "R"), that includes any long-term capital gain from an investment made **after** December 31, 2011, you <u>cannot include</u> that portion in your computation of the allowable subtraction on line 24 for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, and included in federal adjusted gross income. For more information, see the worksheet on page 31.

1099-DIV: If you received Form 1099-DIV issued from a fund Administrator and the 1099-DIV included long-term capital gains from the sale of assets within the fund (for example a mutual fund) for the current tax year and the form did not include the acquisition date of each asset sold within the fund, you cannot verify that the long-term capital gain was from an asset acquired by the Fund was after December 31, 2011, for the purpose of the allowable subtraction on line 23. In this case,

you may want to contact the Fund Administrator and request to obtain the acquisition date of each asset sold within the fund. If the Administrator does not provide you with the specific date(s), then those assets cannot be included on line 23.

1099-B: If you received Form 1099-B showing a capital gain or (loss) from the sale of your portion of a fund (for example a mutual fund), Form 1099-B would generally include your purchase date of the fund including acquisition dates of assets included in your portion of the fund when reporting short-term or long-term capital gains or (losses). In this case, you would know the specific date the asset was acquired and those assets may be included on line 23.

Line 25 - Net Capital Gain from Investment in an Arizona Qualified Small Business

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI

To take the subtraction for a net capital gain from investment in an Arizona qualified small business, you must net all gains and (losses) from investments in Arizona qualified small businesses including amounts shown on Forms 165 Schedule K-1 120S Schedule K-1, and/or 141AZ, Schedule K-1.

You may subtract the amount of any **net** capital gain included in federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year derived from investment in a qualified small business as determined by the Arizona Commerce Authority (ACA) pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1518.

To qualify for this subtraction, your investment in the qualified small business must have been made *after* the ACA certified the company as a qualified small business and *before* the company's certification expiration date. An investment made prior to certification or after the expiration of certification does not qualify for this subtraction. See the ACA's website, *Small Business Incentives: Angel Investment*, for a list of certified businesses and their certification dates.

On line 25, enter the amount of the allowable subtraction.

Line 26 - Recalculated Arizona Depreciation

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

NOTE: For more information and examples of how to calculate Arizona bonus depreciation, see the department's procedure, *ITP* 16-2, Procedure for Individuals who Claim Federal and/or Arizona Bonus Depreciation.

For assets placed in service in taxable years beginning before December 31, 2012, enter the total amount of depreciation allowable pursuant to IRC § 167(a) for the taxable year, calculated as if you had elected not to claim bonus depreciation for eligible properties for federal purposes.

For assets placed in service during taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2012 through **December 31, 2013,** the amount of the subtraction for these assets depends on the method used to compute the depreciation for these assets.

For assets placed in service in taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2015, enter the total amount of depreciation allowable pursuant to IRC § 167(a) for the taxable year, calculated as if the bonus depreciation is 10% (.10) of the amount of federal bonus depreciation pursuant to IRC § 168(k).

For assets placed in service in taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2015 through December 31, 2016, enter the total amount of depreciation allowable pursuant to IRC § 167(a) for the taxable year, calculated as if the bonus depreciation is 55% (.55) of the amount of federal bonus depreciation pursuant to IRC § 168(k).

For assets placed in service in taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2016, enter the total amount of depreciation allowable pursuant to IRC § 167(a) for the taxable year, calculated as if the bonus depreciation had been the full amount (100%) of federal bonus depreciation pursuant to IRC § 168(k).

Add all of the amounts together and enter the total on line 26.

Line 27 – Partnership Income Adjustment)

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Use this adjustment if you received an Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1, line 3 that shows a difference between federal and state distributable income.

If the difference reported on line 3 of your Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1 is a negative number, enter that difference on line 27. **Do not include a minus sign or use parentheses.**

NOTE: *If the difference reported on* line 3, of your Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1, *is a positive number, enter that difference as an addition on line 16.*

Line 28 - Interest on U.S. Obligations

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Enter the amount of interest income from U.S. Government obligations included as income on your federal return. U.S. Government obligations include obligations such as savings bonds and treasury bills. You cannot deduct any interest or other related expenses incurred to purchase or carry the obligations. If such expenses are included in your Arizona gross income, you must reduce the subtraction by such expenses. If you are itemizing deductions on your Arizona return, you must exclude such expenses from the amount deducted. **NOTE:** Do not subtract interest earned on Fannie Mae (FNMA) or Ginnie Mae (GNMA) bonds since this interest is taxable by Arizona. For details, see the department's ruling, ITR 06-1, Obligations of the United States Government, Federal Agencies, and United States Territories.

Do not subtract any amount received from a qualified pension plan that invests in U.S. Government obligations. Do not subtract any amount received from an IRA that invests in U.S. Government obligations. These amounts are not interest income.

For details, see the department's rulings, ITR 96-2, *Pension Plan Distributions Derived from Investment in U.S. Government Obligations*; and ITR 96-3, *Distributions Comprised of Income Earned by the IRA*.

Line 29a - Exclusion for U.S. Government, Arizona State or Local Government Pensions

If you received pension income from any of the sources listed below, subtract the amount you received or \$2,500, whichever is less. Include only the amount you reported as income on your federal return. If both you and your spouse receive such pension income, each spouse may subtract the amount received or \$2,500, whichever is less.

NOTE: Do not enter any subtraction for pension income received from retired or retainer pay of the Uniformed Services. The allowable subtraction for this pension type is entered on line 29b.

Public pensions from the following sources qualify for this subtraction:

- the United States Government Service Retirement and Disability Fund;
- the United States Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System;
- any other retirement system or plan established by federal law;

NOTE: This applies only to those retirement plans authorized and enacted into the U.S. Code. This does not apply to a retirement plan that is only regulated by federal law (i.e., plans which must meet certain federal criteria to be qualified plans).

- the Arizona State Retirement System;
- the Arizona State Retirement Plan;
- the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan;
- the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System;
- the Elected Officials' Retirement Plan;
- a retirement plan established for employees of a county, city, or town in Arizona; and
- an optional retirement program established by the Arizona Board of Regents under Arizona Revised Statutes, and an optional retirement program established by an Arizona community college district.

NOTE: *Public retirement pensions from states other than Arizona do not qualify for this subtraction.*

Line 29b – Exclusion for Retired or Retainer Pay of the Uniformed Services of the United States

If you received benefits, annuities and pensions as retired or retainer pay of the uniformed services of the United States, you may subtract 100% of the amount you received. If you are married and filing a joint return and both you and your spouse each received such income, each spouse may subtract 100% of the amount received.

Line 30 - U.S. Social Security Benefits or Railroad Retirement Benefits

Arizona does not tax the following:

- Social security benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act.
- Railroad retirement benefits received from the Railroad Retirement Board under the Railroad Retirement Act, tier 1 or tier 2 railroad retirement benefits, railroad disability benefits reported on federal forms RRB-1099 and RRB-1099-R, railroad unemployment benefits and railroad sickness payments paid by the Railroad Retirement Board. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 16-1, *Railroad Retirement Benefits, Railroad Disability Benefits, Railroad Unemployment Benefits and Railroad Sickness Payments.*

If you included such social security or railroad retirement benefits as income on your federal return, use line 30 to subtract this income.

NOTE: Enter only the taxable amount (the amount that was subject to federal income tax). Do not include any amount that was not subject to federal income tax on line 30.

Line 31 - Certain Wages of American Indians

Enrolled members of American Indian tribes may subtract wages earned while living and working on their tribe's reservation. The federal government must recognize these tribes. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 96-4, *Income Taxation of Indians and Spouses*.

Line 32 - Pay Received for Active Service as a Member of the Reserves, National Guard or the U.S. Armed Forces

Members of the U.S. armed forces may subtract pay received for active duty military service. Enter the amount of that income included in your federal adjusted gross income.

Members of the reserves or the National Guard may subtract pay received for active service as a reservist or as a National Guard member. This includes pay received for weekend or two-week training periods. Enter the amount of that income included in your federal adjusted gross income.

Military Technician (dual status)

You may **not** subtract any income you received for full-time civil service employment as a "military technician (dual status)." Compensation received by a "military technician (dual status)" for federal civil service employment for the National Guard or for the United States Reserves, is not income received for active service as a National Guard member or a Reserve member even though the employee may be required to wear a military uniform while at work.

For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 12-2, *Compensation Received by a National Guard member or a member of the United States Reserves.*

NOTE: You may not subtract pay received for active duty service as a member of the U.S. Public Health Service or NOAA. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 10-1, Does the subtraction, for armed forces personnel, under A.R.S. § 43-1022 apply to Arizona residents who are active duty service members of the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health Service or the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration?

Line 33 - Net Operating Loss Adjustment

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Arizona did not adopt the special federal net operating loss rules for losses incurred during 2008 or 2009. For Arizona purposes, you must deduct a net operating loss as if the loss was computed under IRC §172 in effect prior to the enactment of those special rules. If you made an election to deduct your 2008 or 2009 federal net operating loss under IRC § 172(b)(1)(H), you may have to enter an amount here. Figure how much of the net operating loss carry forward would have been allowed as a deduction on your 2022 federal income tax return, if the election described in IRC § 172(b)(1)(H) had not been made in the year of the loss. Enter the amount that exceeds the actual net operating loss carry forward that was deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income.

NOTE: This subtraction applies to only those individuals who made an election under the special federal net operating loss rules for 2008 and 2009. Under the special rules for 2008 and 2009, you could have elected to carry the net operating loss back for 3, 4 or 5 years, instead of the normal 2 years. This election would have been allowed under IRC § 172(b)(1)(H) as amended by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 or the Worker, Homeownership, and Business Assistance Act of 2009.

Line 34 (Box 34a) - Contributions to 529 College Savings Plans

You may subtract amounts you contributed directly to 529 college savings plans during the taxable year on behalf of the designated beneficiary to the extent that contributions were not deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income. You may subtract the amount you contributed during the year up to a total of \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 for a married couple filing a joint return.) If you are married filing separate returns, either you or your spouse may take the subtraction, or you may divide it between you, but the total subtraction taken by both of you cannot be more than \$4,000 per beneficiary.

If you contribute more than \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 if married) during the year, your total subtraction is limited to \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 if married).

For example: Jorge and Kate are married and have two children. During 2022, Jorge and Kate contributed \$5,000 to a 529 plan for Child 1 and \$5,000 to a 529 plan for Child 2. Even though Jorge and Kate contributed a total of \$10,000 during 2022, they may subtract only \$8,000 on their 2022 joint tax return. You may take a subtraction for the following:

- A contribution that you made during 2022 to a plan that existed before 2022.
- A contribution that you made during 2022 to a plan established in another state.
- A contribution that you made in 2022 to any 529 college savings plan. This could be a plan established for a child, grandchild, niece, nephew, or any other person for whom a plan has been established.

You cannot take a subtraction for an amount transferred from one college savings plan to a different college savings plan (a rollover).

Line 34 (Box 34b) - Contributions to 529A (ABLE Accounts)

You may subtract amounts you contributed directly to a 529A, *Achieving a Better Life Experience Account (ABLE)*, during the taxable year on behalf of the designated beneficiary to the extent that contributions were not deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income. You may subtract the amount you contributed during the year up to a total of \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 for a married couple filing a joint return.) If you are married filing separate returns, either you or your spouse may take the subtraction, or you may divide it between you, but the total subtraction taken by both of you cannot be more than \$4,000 per beneficiary.

If you contribute more than \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 if married) during the year, your total subtraction is still limited to \$2,000 per beneficiary (\$4,000 if married). See example under Line 34a.

Line 34c

Add the amounts in boxes 34a and 34b and enter the total on line 34c.

Line 35

Subtract lines 24 through 34c from line 19. Enter the difference.

Line 36 - Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income

NOTE: If you are electing to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI and if any of the following "other subtractions" are **directly related to the small business income**, report that subtraction on Form 140-SBI. If the subtraction is **not** directly related to small business income, report the subtraction on Form 140.

If you are not filing Form 140-SBI, take that subtraction on Form 140.

NOTE: If you are reporting adjustments on line 36, complete the schedule on page 6 of your tax return, Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income, and include it with your return.

If are not reporting adjustment on line 36, do not include page 6 with your return.

Use line 36 if any of the following special circumstances apply. Do not include on line 36 any amounts already excluded in the computation of your federal adjusted gross income.

A. Married Persons Filing Separate Returns

If you file a separate Arizona return, you must report the following income on that return:

- one-half of the community income from all sources, and
- all of your separate income.

If you and your spouse file a joint federal return but separate Arizona returns, you must make sure that each separate return reflects the correct income. If you begin your Arizona return with only the income that you earned during the year, you will have to adjust this income.

If you file separate federal returns, each of your federal returns should already reflect the correct income. Since your separate Arizona returns will begin with the federal adjusted gross income, you will not have to adjust your income.

If you adjust your income, keep a schedule for your records of how you figured your adjustment. For more information, see the department's publication, Pub. 200, *Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers*.

B. Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 - Fiduciary Adjustment

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

A fiduciary uses Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 to report to you your share of the fiduciary adjustment from the estate or trust.

Line 3 of Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 shows your share of the fiduciary adjustment from the estate or trust. If the amount reported on line 3 of your Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 is a negative number, include that amount as an *Other Subtraction* on line 36.

NOTE: If the amount reported on line 3 of your Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 is a positive number, enter that amount as an Other Addition on line 18.

C. Federally Taxable Arizona Municipal Interest as Evidenced by Bonds

Include the amount of any interest income received on obligations of the State of Arizona, or any political subdivisions of Arizona, as evidenced by bonds, that is included in your Arizona gross income. Do not enter any Arizona municipal interest that is exempt from federal taxation and *not* included in your federal adjusted gross income. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 15-1, *Arizona Municipal Interest that is Included in Federal Adjusted Gross Income*.

D. Adoption Expenses

You may take this subtraction only in the year the final adoption order is granted. Include the lesser of the total of the following adoption expenses or \$3,000. When figuring your subtraction, you may include expenses incurred in prior years.

The following expenses are qualified adoption expenses:

- unreimbursed medical and hospital costs;
- adoption counseling;
- legal and agency fees; and
- other nonrecurring costs of adoption.

If you are married and filing separately, you may take the entire subtraction or you may divide the subtraction with your spouse.

However, the total subtraction taken by both you and your spouse cannot exceed \$3,000.

E. Qualified Wood Stove, Wood Fireplace, or Gas-Fired Fireplace

You may take a subtraction for converting an existing fireplace to one of the following:

- a qualified wood stove;
- a qualified wood fireplace; or
- a gas fired fireplace and non-optional equipment directly related to its operation.

You may subtract up to \$500 of the costs incurred for converting an existing fireplace on your property located in Arizona. When you figure your subtraction, do not include taxes, interest, or other finance charges.

A qualified wood stove or a qualified wood fireplace is a residential wood heater that was manufactured on or after July 1, 1990, or sold at retail on or after July 1, 1992. The residential wood heater must also meet the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's July 1990 particulate emissions standards.

A qualified gas fired fireplace is any device that burns natural or liquefied petroleum gas as its fuel through a burner system that is permanently installed in the fireplace. The conversion of an existing wood burning fireplace to noncombustible gas logs that are permanently installed in the fireplace also qualifies as a gas fired fireplace.

F. Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in Prior Taxable Years

NOTE: For taxpayers that made the election to file an Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return in 2022, if the income required to be paid back under the claim of right is the type of income that would be included in lines 4 through 9 of the 140-SBI return, the adjustment should be made in the 140-SBI return. All other claim of right adjustments should be made on the regular 140 return.

You must make an entry here if **all** of the following apply:

- During a year prior to 2022 you were required to repay amounts held under a claim of right.
- You computed your tax for that prior year under Arizona's claim of right provisions.
- A net operating loss or capital loss was established due to the repayment made in the prior year.

- You are entitled to take that net operating loss or capital loss carryover into account when computing your 2022 Arizona taxable income.
- The amount of the loss carryover allowed to be taken into account for Arizona purposes is more than the amount included in your federal income.

Include the amount by which the loss carryover allowed for the taxable year under Arizona law is more than the amount included in your federal adjusted gross income.

G. Certain Expenses Not Allowed for Federal Purposes (due to claiming federal tax credits)

If you are making the small business election, do not take the subtraction here, take it on the 140-SBI tax return.

You may subtract some expenses that you cannot deduct on your federal return when you claim certain federal tax credits. These federal tax credits include the following:

- the Federal Work Opportunity Credit;
- the Empowerment Zone Employment Credit;
- the credit for employer-paid social security taxes on employee cash tips; and
- the Indian Employment Credit.

If you received any of the above federal tax credits for 2022, include the portion of wages or salaries you paid or incurred during the taxable year equal to the amount of those federal tax credits you received.

H. Qualified State Tuition Program Distributions

If you are a beneficiary of a qualified state tuition program, you may subtract some of the amount distributed from the program for qualified education expenses. Include the amount of the distribution that you had to include in your federal adjusted gross income. A qualified state tuition program is a program that meets the requirements of IRC § 529.

I. Installment Sale Income from Another State Taxed by the Other State in a Prior Taxable Year

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

You may subtract income from an installment sale if **both** of the following apply:

- The income from the sale is subject to Arizona income tax in 2022.
- You paid income tax to another state on that income in a **prior** tax year.

Include the amount of such income that you included in your Arizona gross income for 2022.

Do not include any amount that is subject to tax by both Arizona and another state in 2022. In this case, you may be eligible for a tax credit. See Arizona Form 309 for details.

J. Agricultural Crops Given to Arizona Charitable Organizations

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income

reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Arizona law allows a subtraction for qualified crop gifts made during 2022 to one or more charitable organizations. To take this subtraction, **all** of the following must apply:

- You must be engaged in the business of farming or processing agricultural crops.
- The crop must be grown in Arizona.
- You made your gift to a charitable organization located in Arizona that is exempt from Arizona income tax.

The subtraction is the larger of the wholesale market price or the most recent sale price for the contributed crop. The amount of the subtraction cannot include any amount deducted pursuant to IRC § 170 with respect to crop contribution that exceeds the cost of producing the contributed crop.

To determine if your crop gift qualifies for this subtraction, see the department's procedure, ITP 12-1, *Establishing an Income Tax Subtraction for Agricultural Crops Contributed to Charitable Organizations.*

K. Basis Adjustment for Property Sold or Otherwise Disposed of During the Taxable Year

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

For property that is sold or otherwise disposed of during the taxable year by a taxpayer who has complied with the requirement to add back all depreciation for that property on tax returns for all taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 1999, include the amount of depreciation that has been allowed pursuant to IRC § 167(a) to the extent that the amount has not already reduced Arizona taxable income in the current or prior years. (Note: The practical effect of this is to allow a subtraction for the difference in basis for any asset for which bonus depreciation has been claimed on the federal return.)

L. Sole Proprietorship Income of an Arizona Nonprofit Medical Marijuana Dispensary Included in Federal Adjusted Gross Income

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

NOTE: If the Arizona nonprofit medical marijuana dispensary is registered with the Arizona Department of Health Services as anything other than a sole proprietorship, this subtraction does not apply.

If you are registered as an Arizona sole proprietorship with the Arizona Department of Health Services to operate in this state as a nonprofit medical marijuana dispensary, you may subtract the amount of the income from the dispensary that is included in the computation of your federal adjusted gross income.

In addition, a sole proprietorship of an **Arizona dual licensee that has not elected to operate on a for-profit basis** may subtract the portion of income included in federal adjusted gross income that is from the medical marijuana portion of the business.

NOTE: A dual licensee that elects to operate on a for-profit basis does not qualify for a subtraction for the medical marijuana portion of their business.

M. Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums

You may subtract the amount of premium costs for long-term care insurance for qualified long-term care services. Qualified long-term care services are necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curing, treating, mitigating, rehabilitative services, and maintenance and personal care services.

You may take this subtraction only if you are *not* claiming itemized deductions for the taxable year.

An individual who claims itemized deductions may *not* take this subtraction.

N. Americans with Disabilities Act - Access Expenditures

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

A subtraction is allowed for eligible business access expenditures paid or incurred during the taxable year to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 or A.R.S. Title 41, chapter 9, article 8 by retrofitting developed real property that was originally placed in service at least ten years before the current taxable year. (A.R.S. §§ 43-1022 and 43-1024)

"Eligible business access expenditures" include reasonable and necessary amounts paid or incurred to do any of the following:

- Remove any barriers that prevent a business from being accessible to or usable by individuals with disabilities.
- Provide qualified interpreters or other methods of making audio materials available to hearing-impaired individuals.
- Provide qualified readers, taped texts, and other effective methods of making visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual impairments.
- Acquire or modify equipment or devices for individuals with disabilities.
- Provide other similar services, modifications, materials, or equipment.

NOTE: A taxpayer who has been cited for noncompliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 or A.R.S. Title 41, chapter 9, article 8 by either federal or state enforcement officials is ineligible for a subtraction under this section for any expenditure required to cure the cited violation.

O. Exploration Expenses Deferred before January 1, 1990

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Call one of the numbers on page 1 of these instructions if you deferred exploration expenses determined under IRC § 617 in a

taxable year ending before January 1, 1990 and you have not previously taken a subtraction for those expenses.

P. Sole Proprietorship – Marijuana Establishment, Testing Facilities and Dual Licensees that Elected to Operate on a For-profit Basis

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

A sole proprietorship or disregarded LLC (dual licensee) that takes the allowable subtraction for the income of an Arizona Nonprofit Medical Marijuana Dispensary (NMMD) under item "L", cannot take this allowable subtraction.

Enter the total amount of ordinary and necessary expenses related to the sales of recreational use products reported on Arizona Schedule DFE, *Disallowed Federal Expense Schedule for Marijuana Establishments*, line 16. Include this schedule (after page 6) with your tax return, when filed.

Do not include Cost of Goods Sold or any other expenses already allowed to be deducted on your federal return in the total amount of expenses reported on this line.

NOTE: Sole Proprietors and disregarded LLCs must contact the Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS) to make the election to operate on a for-profit basis.

Q. S Corporation Shareholders – Marijuana Establishment, Testing Facilities and Dual Licensees that Elected to Operate on a For-profit Basis

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not report the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Enter the amount of your pro-rata share of ordinary and necessary expenses related to the sales of recreational use products s shown on your Form 120S Schedule K-1, line 7.

R. Net Capital Gain from Exchange of One Kind of Legal Tender for Another Kind of Legal Tender

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not take the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

To take this subtraction you must net **all** gains and (losses) from all exchanges of kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender including amounts shown on Forms 165 Schedule K-1, 120S Schedule K-1, and/or 141AZ, Schedule K-1.

Enter the amount of any **net** capital gain included in Arizona gross income for the taxable year that is derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender.

NOTE: If the amount from all sources results in a **net capital** (loss) from the exchange of one kind of tender for another kind of tender, enter that amount on page 5, "Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income, "O".

For the purposes of this subtraction:

(a) "Legal tender" means a medium of exchange, including specie that is authorized by the United States Constitution or Congress for the payment of debts, public charges, taxes and dues.

(b) "Specie" means coins having precious metal content.

S. Other Adjustments

If you are making the small business election and this subtraction is directly related to small business income reported on Form 140-SBI, do not take the subtraction on Form 140, enter the subtraction on Form 140-SBI.

Other adjustments may be necessary. If an allowable adjustment is not listed above, enter that amount on this line. If you have more than one *Other Adjustment*, add the amounts together and enter the total.

T. Total Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income

Add all amounts from page 6, and enter the total on line 36. Line 37

Subtract line 36 from line 35 and enter the difference.

Exemptions - Lines 38 through 41

Line 38 - Age 65 or Over

Multiply the number in box 8 on the front of your return by \$2,100 and enter the result.

Line 39 - Blind

Multiply the number in box 9 on the front of your return by \$1,500 and enter the result.

Line 40 - Other Exemptions

NOTE: If you take an "Other Exemption" for an individual on line 40, you cannot take an exemption for this individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 41; or claim this individual for the dependent tax credit on line 49. In this case, do not include this individual as a dependent in Box 10b.

You must complete page 4, Part 3 to compute your allowable *Other Exemptions* on line 40. Be sure to enter the number of individuals listed in Part 3 in the box, 40E, on line 40.

You may take an exemption in the amount of \$2,300 for **each** of the following individuals:

- A person who is age 65 or over (related to you or not) if either of the following applies:
 - 1. In 2022, you paid more than one-fourth of the cost of keeping this person in an Arizona nursing care institution, an Arizona residential care institution, or an Arizona assisted living facility. Your cost must be more than \$800.
 - 2. In 2022, you paid more than \$800 for either Arizona home health care or other medical costs for the person.

If both 1 and 2 apply to the same person, you are limited to only **one** exemption of \$2,300 for that person.

NOTE: If a taxpayer's 65th birthday was January 1, 2023 (born 1/1/1958), that person would be considered to be age 65 at the end of 2022 for federal income tax purposes and likewise for Arizona income tax purposes.

- A stillborn child if the following apply:
 - 1. The stillbirth occurred during 2022.
 - 2. You received a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth from the Arizona Department of Health Services.
 - 3. The child would have otherwise been a member of your household.

Enter the following in columns (a) through (d):

- a) The individual's first and last name. If you are claiming an exemption for a stillborn child and the child was not named, enter "stillborn child" in place of a name.
- b) The individual's SSN. If you are claiming an exemption for a stillborn child, enter the certificate number from the certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth.
- c) For those individuals age 65 or over:
 - Check box C1 if you paid more than one-fourth of the cost of keeping this person in an Arizona nursing care institution, an Arizona residential care institution, or an Arizona assisted living facility. Your cost must be more than \$800 during the taxable year.
 - Check box C2 if you paid more than \$800 for either Arizona home health care or other medical costs for the person during the taxable year.

If you check both box C1 and box C2 for the same individual, you are limited to only **one** exemption of \$2,300 for that individual.

d) Check this box if claiming an exemptions for a stillborn child.

Enter the total **number** of exemptions in box **40E** on line 40. You may lose the exemption if you do not furnish this information.

Multiply the number in box **40E** by \$2,300 and enter the result.

Line 41 - Qualifying Parents and Grandparents

NOTE: If you take an exemption for an individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 41 you cannot take an "Other Exemption" for the same individual on line 40, or claim this individual for the dependent tax credit on line 49. In this case, do not include this individual as a dependent in Box 10b.

Multiply the number in box 11a on the front of your return by \$10,000 and enter the result.

Line 42 - Arizona Adjusted Gross Income

Subtract lines 38 through 41 from line 37. If less than zero, enter "0".

Figuring Your Tax

Line 43 - Itemized Deductions or Standardized Deductions

You must decide whether to take the standard deduction or to itemize your deductions. Your Arizona income tax will be less if you take the larger of your standard deduction or your itemized deductions.

e-file When you *e-file*, the software completes the math for you.

Your Itemized Deductions

If you itemize your deductions, check box 43I.

You may itemize deductions on your Arizona return even if you take a standard deduction on your federal return. For the most part, you may claim those deductions allowable as itemized deductions under the IRC. In some cases, the amount allowed for some deductions may not be the same as the amount allowable for federal purposes.

You may have to adjust the amounts shown on your completed federal Form 1040 Schedule A.

See Arizona Form 140 Schedule A, *Itemized Deduction Adjustments*, to figure if you have to make any adjustments.

To figure your itemized deductions, you must complete a federal Form 1040 Schedule A. Then, if required, complete Arizona Form 140, Schedule A, *Itemized Deduction Adjustments*.

If you do *not* have to complete Form 140 Schedule A, *Itemized Deduction Adjustments*; enter the amount from federal Form 1040 Schedule A, on Form 140, line 43. You must include a copy of the completed federal Schedule A with your tax return.

Your Standard Deduction

If you take the standard deduction, check box 43S.

If your filing status is:	Your standard deduction is:
• Single	\$12,950
Married filing joint	\$25,900
• Married filing separate	\$12,950
Head of Household	\$19,400

Line 44 - Increased Standard Deduction for Charitable Contributions

A taxpayer may increase the allowable standard deduction amount equal to 27% (.27) of the total amount of a taxpayer's charitable contributions that would have been allowed if the taxpayer elected to claim itemized deductions.

To claim the increased standard deduction, you must complete Form 140, page 3, and include the completed page with your tax return, when filed.

Be sure to check box **44C** on line 44. If you do not check this box *and* include a completed page 3 with your tax return, you may be denied the increased standard deduction.

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33 Net operating loss adjustment. See instructions	Je le			•								
33 Net operating loss adjustment. See instructions	βIJ					-						
	Se S											
	2 a											
	-	-							55		Page	

	Your	Name (as shown on page 1) Your Social Security N	lumber	
	36	Other Subtractions from Income. Complete Other Subtraction from Arizona Gross Income schedule on page 6	36	00
	37	Subtract line 36 from line 35. Enter the difference	37	00
ns	38	Age 65 or over: Multiply the number in box 8 by \$2,100	38	00
Exemptions	39		39	00
eml	40	Other Exemptions. See instructions40E Multiply the number in box 40E by \$2,300	. 40	00
Ĕ	41	Qualifying parents and grandparents: Multiply the number in box 11a by \$10,000	. 41	00
	42			00
	43			00
	44	If you checked box 43S and claim charitable contributions, check 44C 🗌 Complete page 3. See instructions		00
	45	Arizona taxable income: Subtract lines 43 and 44 from line 42. If less than zero, enter "0"		00
Гах	46	Compute the tax using amount on line 45 and Tax Tables X and Y or Optional Tax Tables		00
of Tax	47			00
Balance	48			00
3ala	49	Dependent Tax Credit. See instructions		00
	50			00
	51	Nonrefundable Credits from Arizona Form 301, Part 2, line 64		00
	52			00
	53			00
	54			00
ents and Credits	55			00
e Cre	56			00
rotar Payments Refundable Cre	57			00
efun	58			00
2 œ	<u>59</u>			00
	60 61			00
Overpayment	61 62			00
rpayme	63			00
Ove		- 74 Voluntary Gifts to: Assigned to Schools		1 100
	04	Child Abuse Prevention	-	
Gifts		Neighbors Helping Neighbors 69 00 Special Olympics 70 00 Veterans' Donations Fund 71	_	
ary (I Didn't Pay Enough Fund 72 00 Sustainable State Parks and Road Fund	0	
Voluntary	75			
Ņ		Estimated payment penalty	76	00
Y.		771 Annualized/Other 772 Farmer or Fisherman 773 Form 221 included		
Penalty	78		78	00
Pe	79		. 79	00
þ		Direct Deposit of Refund: Check box 79A if your deposit will be ultimately placed in a foreign account; see instructions. 79A		
Amount Owed				
nount Ow	00			
Amo	80	AMOUNT OWED: Add lines 60 and 78. Make check payable to Arizona Department of Revenue; write your SSN on payment and include with your return		00
	ι	Jnder penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read this return and any documents with it, and to the best of my k	nowle	dge and belief, they are
	t	rue, correct and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which prepare	er has	any knowledge.
Ш	→			
Ш		OUR SIGNATURE DATE OCCUPATION		
SIGN HERE	→			
ຣ	S	SPOUSE'S SIGNATURE DATE SPOUSE'S OCCUPATION		
PLEASE	F	PAID PREPARER'S SIGNATURE DATE FIRM'S NAME (PREPARER'S IF SELF-EMPLOYED)		
Ľ	F	PAID PREPARER'S STREET ADDRESS PAID PREPAR	ד פיקד	N
-	F	AND THE ANELY OUTLET ADDIEDO PAID PREPAR	1	
	F	PAID PREPARER'S CITY STATE ZIP CODE PAID PREPAR) ER'S PH	HONE NUMBER
		re sending a payment with this return, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 52016, Phoenix, AZ 85072-2016. Include the	0 00/00	opt with Form 140

If you are expecting a refund or owe no tax, or owe tax but are not sending a payment, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 52138, Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138.

2022 Form 140 - Standard Deduction Increase for Charitable Contributions

You must complete this worksheet if you are taking an increased standard deduction for charitable contributions. Include the completed worksheet with your tax return, when filed. If you do not include the completed worksheet, your standard deduction will not be increased.

Taxpayers electing to take the Standard Deduction on their Arizona tax return may *increase* the standard deduction amount by 27% (.27) of the total amount of the taxpayer's charitable deductions that would have been allowed if the taxpayer elected to claim itemized deductions on the Arizona tax return.

Charitable contributions (lines 1C, 2C, and 3C) are those gifts allowed on federal 1040 Schedule A (Gifts to Charity) that you would have claimed had you elected to take itemized deductions on your federal return.

NOTE 1: You must reduce your contribution amount by the total charitable contributions you made during January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 for which you are claiming an Arizona tax credit under Arizona law for the current tax year return or claimed on the prior tax year return. Enter this amount on 5C.

NOTE 2: If you itemized deductions on your federal return (1040 Schedule A) and were required to adjust the amount of your allowable contributions on your federal 1040 Schedule A for the amount claimed as a tax credit on your Arizona income tax return, include the amount of the federal contribution adjustment to line 1C and enter the amount of the Arizona tax credit on line 5C.

1C	2022 Gifts by cash or check	1C	00
2C	2022 Other than by cash or check	2C	00
3C	Carryover from prior year	3C	00
4C	Add lines 1C through 3C and enter the total	4C	00
5C	Total charitable contributions made in 2022 for which you are claiming a credit under Arizona law for the current (2022) or prior (2021) tax year	5C	00
6C	Subtract line 5C from line 4C and enter the difference. If less than zero, enter "0"	6C	00
7C	Multiply line 6C by 27% (.27) and enter the result	7C	00

Complete the worksheet to determine your allowable increased standard deduction for charitable contributions.

• Enter the amount shown on line 7C on page 2, line 44.

• Be sure to check box 43S for Standard Deduction on line 43.

• Check box 44C for charitable contributions on line 44. If you do not check this box, you may be denied the increased standard deduction.

2022 Form 140 Dependent and Other Exemption Information

Include page 4 with your return if:

• You are listing additional dependents (for box 10a and 10b) from page 1.

• You are listing additional qualifying parents and grandparents (for box 11a) from page 1.

• You are claiming Other Exemptions on page 2, line 40.

Part 1: Dependents (Box 10a and 10b) continued from page 1

Information used to compute your allowable **Dependent Tax Credit** on page 2, line 49. **NOTE:** If you have more than three qualifying dependents, you **must** complete Part 1 and the worksheet in the instructions to compute your Dependent Tax Credit on line 49.

	(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)	SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	RELATIONSHIP	NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2022	✓ Depend include	dent Age ed in:	✓ IF YOU DID NOT CLAIM THIS PERSON ON YOUR FEDERAL
				HOME IN 2022	1 (Box 10a)	2 (Box 10b)	RETURN DUE TO EDUCATIONAL CREDITS
10f							
10g							
10h							
10i							
10j							
10k							
10							
10m							
10n							
1 0 。							
10p							

Part 2: Qualifying parents and grandparents (Box 11a) continued from page 1

Additional qualifying parents and grandparents information used to compute your allowable exemption on page 2, line 41.

		(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)		SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	RELATIONSHIP	NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2022	✓ IF AGE 65 OR OVER	✓ IF DIED IN 2022
11d							
11e							
11 f							
11g							
11h							
11i							

Part 3: Other Exemptions

Information used to compute your allowable Other Exemptions on page 2, line 40.

	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)										
	FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)	SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	✓ AGE 65 OR OVER (see instructions)												✓ STILLBORN CHILD IN 2022
			C1	C2											
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															

Enter the total number of individuals listed in Part 3 in box 40E on page 2, line 40.

2022 Form 140 - Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income

Complete and include this schedule with your tax return **only** if you are making any adjustments *increasing* your Arizona Gross Income.

Note: If you are making any adjustments reducing your Arizona Gross Income complete page 6.

Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income - Line 18 (see instructions for more information)

А	Married Persons Filing Separate Returns	А	00
в	Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 - Fiduciary Adjustment	в	00
С	Ordinary Income Portion of Lump-Sum Distributions Excluded on Your Federal Return	С	00
D	Items Previously Deducted for Arizona Purposes	D	00
E	Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in 2022	Е	00
F(a)	Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in Prior Taxable years	F(a)	00
F(b)	Adjustment for Net Operating Loss due to Claim of Right	F(b)	00
G(a)	Addition for Expenses Due to Claiming Credit 312. See instructions	G(a)	00
G(b)	Addition to S Corporation Income for Expenses Due to Claiming Pass-Through Credit on Form 312. See instructions	G(b)	00
H(a)	Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Have Claimed a Credit for Investment in Qualified Small Businesses (Form 338) that was sold or otherwise disposed of during the tax year. See instructions	H(a)	00
H(b)	Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Have Claimed a Credit for Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment (Form 325) that was sold or otherwise disposed of during the tax year. See instructions	H(b)	00
H(c)	Adjusted Basis in Property for Which You Claimed a Credit for Pollution Control Equipment (Form 315) Before Taxable Year 2022 that was sold or otherwise disposed of during the tax year. See instructions.	H(c)	00
I	Nonqualified Withdrawals from 529 College Savings Plans	I	00
J	Sole Proprietorship Loss of an Arizona Nonprofit Medical Marijuana Dispensary Included in Federal Adjusted Gross Income. Sole Proprietorship loss of an Arizona dual licensee that has not elected to operate on a for profit-basis must also add back the portion of their loss that is from the medical marijuana portion of the business that is included in their federal adjusted gross income.	J	00
к	Federal Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryforward from Non-Arizona Sources Accrued While a Nonresident	к	00
L	Federal Capital Loss Carryforward Deduction Incurred from Non-Arizona Sources Prior to Arizona Residency.	L	00
М	Americans with Disabilities Act - Access Expenditures	М	00
N	Amortization or Depreciation for Child Care Facility before 1990	N	00
0	Net Capital Loss Derived From the Exchange of One Kind of Legal Tender for Another Kind of Legal Tender: See instructions	0	00
Р	Entity-level Income Tax Payment. See instructions	Р	00
Q	Other Adjustments Related to Tax Credits. See instructions	Q	00
R	Other Adjustments. See instructions	R	00
s	Total Other Additions: Add all amounts and enter the total here and on page 1, line 18	S	00

2022 Form 140 - Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income

Complete and include this schedule with your tax return **only** if you are making any adjustments **decreasing** your Arizona Gross Income.

Note: If you are making any adjustments increasing your Arizona Gross Income complete page 5.

Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income - Line 36 (see instructions for more information)

Α	Married Persons Filing Separate Returns	Α	00
в	Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1 - Fiduciary Adjustment	в	00
С	Federally Taxable Arizona Municipal Interest as Evidenced by Bonds	С	00
D	Adoption Expense	D	00
Е	Qualified Wood Stove, Wood Fireplace or Gas-Fired Fireplace	Е	00
F	Claim of Right Adjustment for Amounts Repaid in Prior Taxable Years	F	00
G	Certain Expenses Not Allowed for Federal Purposes (due to claiming federal tax credits)	G	00
н	Qualified State Tuition Distributions	н	00
I	Installment Sale Income from Another State Taxed by the Other State In a Prior Taxable Year	I	00
J	Agricultural Crops Given to Arizona Charitable Organizations	J	00
к	Basis Adjustment for Property Sold or Otherwise Disposed of During the Taxable Year	к	00
L	Sole Proprietorship Income of an <i>Arizona Nonprofit Medical Marijuana Dispensary</i> Included in Federal Adjusted Gross Income. In addition, Sole Proprietorship income of an Arizona dual licensee that has not elected to operate on a for-profit basis may subtract the portion of their federal taxable income that is from the medical marijuana portion of the business.	L	00
м	Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums	М	00
N	Americans with Disabilities Act – Access Expenditures	N	00
0	Exploration Expenses Deferred before January 1, 1990	0	00
Ρ	Sole Proprietorship of an Arizona Marijuana Establishment, Marijuana Testing Facilities and dual licensees that operate on a for-profit basis: enter the total amount of ordinary and necessary expenses related to the sales of recreational use products reported on Schedule DFE (line 16). An LLC that has elected to be treated as a disregarded entity for federal purposes, and also elected to operate on a for-profit basis may subtract the total amount of ordinary expenses related to the sales of recreational use products reported on Schedule DFE (line 16).	Ρ	00
Q	S Corporation shareholders of an Arizona Marijuana Establishment, Marijuana Testing Facilities and dual licensees that operate on a for-profit basis: enter the amount of your pro-rata share of ordinary and necessary expenses related to the sales of recreational use products as shown on your 120S Schedule K-1, line 7	Q	00
R	Net Capital Gain Derived From the Exchange of One Kind of Legal Tender for Another Kind of Legal Tender: See instructions	R	00
_	Other Adjustments - see instructions	s	00
S			

Include with your return.

Your Name as shown on Form 140	Your Social Security Number		
Spouse's Name as shown on Form 140 (if filing joint)	Spouse's Social Secu	l Irity Number	
		1	

To itemize on your Arizona return, you must first complete a federal Schedule A even if you did not itemize on your federal return. Use Form 140 Schedule A to adjust the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. Complete Form 140 Schedule A *only if you are making changes* to the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. See instructions for details.

Adj	ustment to Medical and Dental Expenses			
1	Medical and dental expenses 1			
2	Medical expenses allowed to be taken as a federal itemized deduction 2 00			
3	If line 1 is the same as or more than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1; otherwise, go to line 4	3		00
4	If line 2 is more than line 1, subtract line 1 from line 2	4		00
Adj	ustment to Interest Deduction			
5	If you received a federal credit for interest paid on mortgage credit certificates (from federal Form 8396),	,		
	enter the amount of mortgage interest you paid for 2022 that is equal to the amount of your 2022	2		
	federal credit	5		00
Adi	ustments to Charitable Contributions			
6	Amount of charitable contributions for which you are claiming a credit under Arizona law	6		00
Ŭ		Ŭ	L	000
Adj	ustment to State Income Taxes			
7	Amount of state income taxes deducted on the federal Schedule A that are for contributions to a charity for	r		
	which an Arizona credit was received. If your tax deductions were limited on your federal Schedule A complete	÷		
	the worksheet on page 2 to determine the adjustment on this line	7		00
Oth	er Adjustments			
				00
8	Amount allowed as a federal itemized deduction that relates to income not subject to Arizona tax	8		00
Adj	usted Itemized Deductions	_		
9	Add the amounts on lines 3 and 5	_		
10	Add the amounts on lines 4, 6, 7, and 8	_		
11	Total federal itemized deductions allowed to be taken on federal return			
12	Enter the amount from line 9 above			
13	Add lines 11 and 12			
14	Enter the amount from line 10 above00			
15	Arizona itemized deductions: Subtract line 14 from line 13. Enter the difference here. Also, enter the			
		15		00



You must include a copy of federal Form 1040, Schedule A with your return if you itemize your deductions.

2022 Form 140 Schedule A Adjustment to State Income Taxes

Arizona Revised Statutes § 43-1042 was amended to require taxpayers to reduce the amount of itemized deductions for amounts used to claim an Arizona credit even if the amount was deducted on the federal return as state income taxes paid rather than as charitable contributions.

If you claimed income taxes on your federal 1040 Schedule A, complete the following worksheet to determine the amount of your adjustment to enter on page 1, line 7.

1A	Total state income taxes on the federal Schedule A before applying the federal limitations	1A	00
2A	Amount included in the line 1A for which you claimed an Arizona credit	2A	00
3A	Subtract line 2A from line 1A. Enter the difference	3A	00
4A	Limit from federal Schedule A. Enter \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separate)	4A	00
5A	Enter the smaller of line 3A or 4A	5A	00
6A	Enter total state income taxes claimed on federal Schedule A (after limitation)	6A	00
7A	Subtract line 5A from line 6A. This is the amount of your Arizona adjustment. Enter the amount on page 1, line 7	7A	00

RETURN.	Arizona Form 204		ation for F or Individual F			CALENDAR YEAR		
ER	For the calendar year 2022 of	For the calendar year 2022 or fiscal year beginning $M_M D_D 2_0 2_2$ and ending $M_M D_D 2_0 2_0 Y_Y_$ 66						
TO THE	Your First Name and Middle Initial		Last Name		Enter	our Social Security Number		
EMS .	Spouse's First Name and Middle Initia	l (if filing joint)	Last Name		your SSN(s).	pouse's Social Security No.		
ANY ITEMS TO	Current Home Address - number and 2	street, rural route		Apt. No.	Daytime Pho	one (with area code)		
STAPLE /	City, Town or Post Office	State	ZIP Code		REVENUE USE ONLY. D	OO NOT MARK IN THIS AREA.		
DO NOT	Resident Personal Income Tax For 140 140A 140E Part-Year Resident Personal Income Nonresident Personal Income Tax Nonresident Composite, Form 14 Filing Form 204 will also provide an au Income tax return (Form 140-SBI, Form	Z I 140PTC I 14 me Tax, Form 140PY , Form 140NR DNR tomatic 6-month extension f	OET for your Small B		81] PM	80 RCVD		
	204-SBI <u>unless</u> you are making an exte	nsion payment for your Sma	all Business tax	return.				
	See Form 204-SBI for more information	. Use Form 204-SBI to make	e this payment.					
	he original due date of the return, unless the original due six months beyon late falls on a weekend or legal holiday. In that case, your equest must be postmarked on or before the business lay following the weekend or legal holiday. If you are a calendar year filer, your request for a 2022 filing extension			nd the original du t an automatic six orms 140, 140A, 1 T. Arizona will a period covered by	ranted for more than e date of the return. k-month extension to 140EZ, 140NR, 140PY, accept a valid federal the federal extension. anth individual federal			
	CHECK ONE BOX:			Fisc	al Tax Year Ending	Return Due Date		
	Individual Calendar Year Filers:							
	—							
	This is a request for an automatic	6-month filing extension				October 16, 2023		
	Individual Fiscal Year Filers:							
	Enter taxable year end date and 6	S-month extended due date		M	ΜΙΟ, ΟΙΥ, Υ,Υ,Υ	ΜͺϺϳϹ;ϹͿϓͺϒ;ϒͺϒ		
	A federal extension will be used to file this tax return. This form is being used to transmit the Arizona extension payment. <i>Note: Calendar year filers - Because October 15, 2023 falls on a weekend, you have until October 16, 2023 to file your return.</i>							
	1 Tax liability for 2022. You may es							
	2 Arizona income tax withheld durin	0				00		
	3 Arizona estimated tax payments f					00		
	4 Credits you will claim on your 202					00		
	5 Add lines 2 through 4							
	6 Balance of Tax: Subtract line 5 f7 Enter amount of payment enclose							
	Make check payable to Arizona							
	 Include your payment with this 	-		1, 1 01111 20	f and tax your on yo			
	For Nonresident Composite re		40NR" on payr	ment and inc	clude the taxable yea	r end and entity's EIN.		
	or electronic payment,	re filing under a federal ex do not mail Form 204 to yment with this request, r , AZ 85038-9085.	us. We will a	pply your ex	xtension tax paymen			
-		a payment with this reque	st, mail to Ariz	ona Depart	ment of Revenue,			

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For Full-Year Residents Only

Before you complete Arizona Form 140 Schedule A, you must complete a federal Form 1040 Schedule A even if you do not itemize deductions on your 2022 federal return. You may itemize your deductions on your Arizona return even if you do not itemize on your federal return. For the most part, you can deduct those items that are allowable itemized deductions under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

Use Form 140 Schedule A, *Itemized Deduction Adjustments*, to adjust the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. Complete Form 140 Schedule A **only** if you are making changes to the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. You must include the federal Form 1040 Schedule A with this form.

General Instructions

Arizona is a community property state. If you are married filing a separate return and claiming itemized deductions, see the department's ruling, ITR 93-19, *Deductions, Exemptions, and Credits for Married Taxpayers who file Separate Returns,* for more information claiming itemized deductions.

When married taxpayers file separate Arizona income tax returns, both filers must either claim the standard deduction or itemize deductions. One spouse may not claim a standard deduction when the other spouse itemizes deductions. If this situation does occur, the standard deduction will be disallowed, regardless of which return may have been filed first.

The treatment of itemized deductions by spouses who file separate returns depends on whether the deductible expenses were paid with community funds or with separate funds. If the expenses were paid with community funds, the deduction is divided equally between each spouse. Expenses paid with separate funds are deductible by the spouse who paid the expenses. Under no circumstances may more than 100 percent of the allowable deductions be claimed.

NOTE: If you or your spouse claim 100% of the allowable itemized deductions, the other spouse must enter "0" on Form 140, line 43, and that spouse cannot claim an adjustment for either itemized deductions or the standard deduction.

You must complete Form 140 Schedule A <u>only</u> if any of the following items apply to you:

- 1. You are deducting medical and dental expenses.
- You are claiming a federal credit (from federal Form 8396) for interest paid on mortgage credit certificates.
- 3. Your deductions claimed on the federal Schedule A include expenses related to income not subject to Arizona tax.
- 4. You are claiming an Arizona credit for any amount allowed as a charitable contribution or a state income tax deduction.

If any of those items (1 through 4) apply to you, complete federal Form 1040 Schedule A, and then complete Form 140 Schedule A as instructed.

Do not complete Form 140 Schedule A if those items do not apply to you.

If you do not have to complete Form 140 Schedule A, enter the amount from federal Form 1040 Schedule A on Arizona Form 140, page 2, line 43.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines 1 through 4 - Medical and Dental Expenses

Skip lines 1 through 4 if you are **not** deducting medical and dental expenses.

In most cases, the deduction allowed on the Arizona return will be larger than the deduction allowed on the federal return. On your Arizona return, you do not have to reduce your medical expenses by a percentage of your federal adjusted gross income.

In most cases, you may deduct more medical expenses on your Arizona return than you can deduct on your federal return. Complete lines 1 through 4 to deduct those expenses that were not allowed on federal return due to limitations.

Line 1

Enter the total of your medical and dental expenses. Do not include any expenses that were paid by insurance or other sources. Do not include the following amounts you paid through an employer-sponsored health insurance plan (cafeteria plan) unless your employer included the amounts in Box 1 of your Form W-2.

- Insurance premiums you paid through the plan.
- Other medical and dental expenses paid by the plan.

If you are self-employed, do not include any amount that you paid for health insurance that you deducted in computing your federal adjusted gross income.

For details about what types of expenses you may deduct, see federal Form 1040 Schedule A.

Lines 2 through 4

Complete lines 2 through 4 as instructed on the form.

Line 5 - Interest Paid on Mortgage Credit Certificates

Skip line 5 if you are not claiming a federal credit for interest paid on mortgage credit certificates on your federal return.

If you claimed this credit on your federal return (using federal Form 8396), you may deduct the amount of mortgage interest you paid in 2022 that is equal to the amount of that credit. Enter the amount of that interest on line 5.

Line 6 - Adjustments to Charitable Contributions

Skip line 6a if you are not claiming an Arizona tax credit for any amount allowed as a charitable contribution.

You cannot claim both a deduction and a credit for the same charitable contributions. Enter the amount of charitable contributions for which you are claiming a credit.

Form 140 Schedule A Itemiz	zed Deduction Adjustments
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For Example:					
If you claimed a credit on AZ Form:	For:				
321	Contributions to Qualifying Charitable Organizations				
322	Contributions Made or Fees Paid to Public Schools	You must make an			
323	Contributions to Private School Tuition Organization	entry on line 6 if you			
331	Donation of School Site	deducted the			
335-I	Contributions made by an S Corporation to a School Tuition Organizations - Individual	amount contributed as an			
340	Donations to the Military Family Relief Fund	itemized deduction on			
341-I	Contributions made by an S Corporation to a School Tuition Organization for Displaced Students or Students with Disabilities - Individual	federal Form 1040 Schedule A.			
348	Contributions to Certified School Tuition Organizations - Individual				
352	Contributions to Qualifying Foster Care Charitable Organizations				

If you claimed a credit on your 2021 return for a contribution that you made during 2022 (see Arizona Forms 321, 322, 323, 348, and 352), you must exclude this deduction on your 2022 return, even though you claimed the credit on your 2021 return.

If you are claiming a credit on your 2022 return for a contribution made during 2023 (see Arizona Forms 321, 322, 323, 348, and 352), you must you must exclude this deduction on your 2023 return, even though you are claiming the credit on your 2022 return.

Line 7 – Adjustment to State Income Taxes

Arizona Revised Statutes § 43-1042 was amended to require taxpayers to reduce the amount of itemized deductions for amounts used to claim an Arizona credit, even if the amount was deducted on the federal return as taxes paid rather than as charitable contributions.

Did you claim sales taxes rather than income taxes on your federal Schedule A?

- If yes, *stop*. No adjustment is necessary. Go to line 8.
- If no, complete the worksheet on page 2 of Form 140 Schedule A to determine the amount of your adjustment to enter on line 7.

Line 8 - Other Adjustments

You may not deduct any expense that relates to income not subject to Arizona tax. You must complete line 7 if your federal Schedule A includes such expenses. Such expenses include:

- 1. Interest or other related expenses incurred to purchase or carry U.S. obligations, when the income is not subject to Arizona tax.
- 2. State taxes paid to other states for prior years if you were not an Arizona resident for that prior year.
- 3. Employee business expenses that relate to income not subject to Arizona tax.

This list is not complete. There may be other items included in your federal Schedule A that you cannot deduct on the Arizona return.

Enter the amount of expenses deductible on federal Schedule A that are allocable to income that is not subject to Arizona income tax.

Lines 9 through 14 - Adjusted Itemized Deductions

Complete lines 9 through 14 as instructed on the form.

Line 15 – Arizona Itemized Deductions

Subtract line 14 from line 13 and enter the difference. If less than zero, enter "0". Also, enter the amount on Form 140, page 2, line 43.

NOTE: The amount entered on line 15 **cannot** be a negative number. Entering a negative number on Form 140, line 43 may delay the processing of your return.

For information or help, call one of the numbers listed:

Phoenix

(602) 255-3381

From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free (800) 352-4090

Tax forms, instructions, and other tax information

If you need tax forms, instructions, and other tax information, go to the department's website at **www.azdor.gov**.

Income Tax Procedures and Rulings

These instructions may refer to the department's income tax procedures and rulings for more information. To view or print these, go to our website select *Reports, Statistics and Legal Research* from the main menu then click on *Legal Research* and select a *Document Type* and *Category* from the drop down menus.

Publications

To view or print the department's publications, go to our website and click on *Reports, Statistics and Legal Research* from the main menu then click on *Publications* in the left-hand side column.

e-file Leave the paper behind and *e-file* your Arizona extension request.

Visit www.azdor.gov for e-file requirements.

Purpose of Form 204

Use Arizona Form 204 to apply for an extension of time to file Arizona Forms 140, 140A, 140EZ, 140ET, 140PTC, 140PY, or 140NR. Individuals use this form to apply for an automatic 6-month extension.

NOTE: If you elected to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI, Form 140NR-SBI or Form 140PY-SBI, filing Form 204 will also provide an automatic 6-month extension to file your small business income tax return.

You **cannot** make an extension payment for your small business income tax return using Form 204. You must complete and file Form 204-SBI to make an extension payment for your small business income tax return. For more information see Form 204-SBI and instructions.

If you are using Form 204 to request a filing extension for an Arizona Form 140NR composite return, enter the partnership or S Corporation's employer identification number (EIN) in the area designated for an individual's Social Security Number (SSN).

Also, use Form 204 to remit an extension payment whether you are requesting an Arizona extension or using a valid federal extension. However, if you are filing under a federal extension, but making an electronic extension payment or making an extension payment using a credit card, you do not need to mail in Form 204.

Arizona will accept your federal extension for the period covered by the federal extension.

Foreign Address

If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

When to File Form 204

All extension requests must be postmarked on or before the original due date of the return, *unless the original due date falls on a weekend or legal holiday*.

In that case, your request must be postmarked on or before the business day following the weekend or legal holiday.

Calendar year filers have until April 18, 2023 to file the request for an extension. This will allow you to file your return by October 16, 2023.

Complete Form 204 to request an automatic 6-month extension. Write **2022 Extension Request** on the **front** of your envelope.

If you are **including a payment** with this request, mail the form to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 29085 Phoenix, AZ 85038-9085

If you are <u>not</u> including a payment with your request, mail the form to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 52138 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138

The department will not return a copy of the Form 204 to you. Be sure to keep a copy of the completed Form 204.

An extension does not extend the time to pay your income tax. You must still pay your tax liability by April 18, 2023 or by the original due date of your return.

If you do not pay at least 90% (.90) of the income tax liability disclosed by your return by the return's original due date, you will be subject to the extension underpayment penalty. We charge interest from the original due date to the date of payment.

Extension Underpayment Penalty: We impose this penalty if you do not pay at least 90% (.90) of the income tax liability shown on your return filed under an extension by the return's original due date. The extension underpayment penalty is ½ of 1% (.005) of the income tax not paid for each 30-day period or fraction of a 30-day period. We impose this penalty from the original due date of the return until you pay the tax. The extension underpayment penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the unpaid income tax. If we charge you the extension underpayment penalty, we will not charge you the late payment penalty under Arizona Revised Statutes § 42-1125(D).

Nonresident Aliens

The due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. Your Arizona return is due by

April 18, 2023 even though your federal return is due on June 15, 2023. If you want to file your 2022 Arizona return after April 18, 2023 you must ask for a filing extension.

Arizona will allow up to a 6-month extension. This will allow you to file your return by October 16, 2023.

If you have a federal 6-month extension, you can file your Arizona return under that extension. If you file using your federal extension, Arizona will also allow you an extra 6 months.

Because we will allow only 6 months, the due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. In this case, your Arizona return will be due by October 16, 2023 even though your federal return will not be due until December 15, 2023. If you file your 2022 Arizona calendar year return after October 16, 2023 your return will be late.

Making Your Payment

Individuals may make extension payments by check, electronic check, money order, or credit card.

Partnerships or S corporations making an extension payment on behalf of nonresidents participating in the filing of an Arizona Form 140NR composite return must make that payment by check or money order.

Check or Money Order

If paying by check or money order, make your check or money order payable to Arizona Department of Revenue.

Write your SSN (or EIN) and 2022 Extension Request on the front of your check or money order.

Include your check or money order with Form 204.

Electronic Payment From Your Checking or Savings Account

You can make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account to pay your balance due for 2022. There is no fee to use this method. To make an electronic payment, go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link.

Be sure to enter the correct routing number and account number for your checking or savings account. You will be charged a \$50 NSF (non-sufficient funds) fee if you provide an incorrect routing number or an incorrect account number. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers.

The "E-Check" option in the "Payment Method" drop-down box will debit the amount from the checking or savings account that you specify. If you make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

NOTE: You may not make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account if the payment will ultimately be coming from a foreign account. In this case, you must pay by check or money order.

Credit Card Payment

You can pay with your Visa, MasterCard, Discover, or American Express credit card. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link and choose the credit card option. This will take you to a third party vendor site (provider). The provider **will charge** you a convenience fee based on the amount of your tax payment. The provider will tell you what the fee is during the transaction; you will have the option to continue or cancel the transaction. If you complete the credit card transaction, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

Instructions Before Mailing

Make sure that you have completed all of the information requested on the **front** of the form.

To avoid an extension underpayment penalty, make sure you pay at least 90% (.90) of your Arizona tax liability.

Line 45 - Arizona Taxable Income

Subtract lines 43 and 44 from line 42 and enter the difference. If less than zero, enter "0". Use this amount to calculate your tax using Tax Tables X and Y or the Optional Tax Tables.

Line 46 - Tax Amount

Enter the tax from either Tax Tables X & Y or the Optional Tax Tables. If your taxable income is \$50,000 or less, you may use the Optional Tax Table or Tax Tables X and Y. If your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you must use Tax Tables X and Y.

Line 47 - Tax from Recapture of Credits from Arizona Form 301

Enter the amount of tax due from recapture of the credits from Arizona Form 301, Part 2, line 32.

Line 48 - Subtotal of Tax

Add lines 46 and 47 and enter the total.

Line 49 - Dependent Tax Credit

NOTE: If you claim an individual for the dependent tax credit on line 49 you cannot take an exemption for the same individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 41 or as an "Other Exemption" on line 40.

Taxpayers may claim a nonrefundable Dependent Tax Credit for certain qualifying dependents.

For the purpose of the dependent tax credit, "dependent" means an individual that qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes.

The tax credit is equal to:

- \$100 for each qualifying dependent who is under 17 years of age at the end of the taxable year.
- \$25 for each qualifying dependent who is at least 17 years of at age at the end of the taxable year.

The allowable credit is reduced for single, head of household, and married taxpayers filing separate returns whose federal adjusted gross income (page 1, line 12) is more than \$200,000; and for married taxpayers filing a joint return whose federal adjusted gross income is more than \$400,000.

Complete the following tables to compute your allowable Dependent Tax Credit.

Table I				
(a)	(b)	(c)	(0	d)
		Credit	Multiply	/ column
		amount	(b) by co	olumn (c)
 Enter number of dependents from page 1, box 10a 		Ś 100	Ś	.00
 Enter number of dependents from page 1, box 10b 		\$ 25	\$.00
3. Credit amount before adjustment. Add				
lines 1 and 2. Enter total in column (d).		\$.00	

All taxpayers go to Table II.

Table II			
If your filing status is single, married filing			
	Yes	No	
	Yes	No	
page 1, line 12, more than \$400,000?			
	If your filing status is single, married filing separate, or head of household; is your federal adjusted gross income on page 1, line 12, more than \$200,000? If your filing status is married filing joint, is your federal adjusted gross income on	If your filing status is single, married filing separate, or head of household; is your federal adjusted gross income on page 1, line 12, more than \$200,000? If your filing status is married filing joint, is your federal adjusted gross income on	If your filing status is single, married filing separate, or head of household; is your federal adjusted gross income on page 1, line 12, more than \$200,000? If your filing status is married filing joint, is your federal adjusted gross income on

- If you answered "No", you are not required to reduce the amount of credit computed in Table I.
 Enter the amount From Table I, line 3 on page 2, line 49.
- If you answered "Yes", you are required to reduce the amount of credit computed in Table I.

Complete Table III or Table IV.

Table III 2022 Adjusted Dependent Tax Credit For filing status: single, married filing separate, or head of household			
 Enter your federal adjusted gross income from page 1, line 12 	\$.00	
2. Federal adjusted gross income limit	\$	200,000.00	
 Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the difference If the difference is greater than \$19,000, STOP. You cannot claim the dependent tax credit. 	Ś	.00	
 Enter amount from Table I, line 3, column (d) Based on the amount on line 3, enter the number from Table V. For example: 	\$.00	
if line 3 is \$1,500, enter .90			
 Multiply line 4 by line 5. Enter the result. Also, enter the result on page 2, line 49 	\$.00	

Table IV2022 Adjusted Dependent Tax CreditFor filing status: married filing joint			
1. Enter your federal adjusted gross income from page 1, line 12	\$.00	
2. Federal adjusted gross income limit	\$	400,000.00	
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the difference.			
If the difference is greater than \$19,000,			
STOP. You cannot claim the dependent tax			
credit.	\$.00	
4. Enter amount from Table I, line 3 column (d)	\$.00	
5. Based on the amount on line 3, enter the number from Table V . For example: if line 3 is \$1,500, enter .90			
6. Multiply line 4 by line 5. Enter the result. Also, enter the result on page 2, line 49	\$.00	

	Table V					
If the amount onEnter online 3 from Tableline 5III or Table IV is:		If the amount on line 3 from Table III or Table IV is:	Enter on line 5			
	\$ 1 - 1,000	. 95	\$ 10,001 - 11,000	. 45		
	\$ 1,001 – 2,000	.90	\$ 11,001 - 12,000	.40		
	\$ 2,001 – 3,000	. 85	\$ 12,001 - 13,000	.35		
	\$ 3,001 – 4,000	.80	\$ 13,001 - 14,000	.30		
	\$ 4,001 – 5,000	.75	\$ 14,001 - 15,000	. 25		
	\$ 5,001 – 6,000	.70	\$ 15,001 – 16,000	.20		
	\$ 6,001 – 7,000	. 65	\$ 16,001 – 17,000	.15		
	\$ 7,001 – 8,000	.60	\$ 17,001 – 18,000	.10		
	\$ 8,001 – 9,000	. 55	\$ 18,001 – 19,000	.05		
	\$ 9,001 – 10,000	.50	\$ 19,001 and over	.00		

Line 50 - Family Income Tax Credit



E-file software will let you know if you are eligible and will figure the credit for you.

NOTE: *The family income tax credit will only reduce your tax and cannot be refunded.*

You may claim this credit if your income does not exceed the maximum income allowed for your filing status.

- Complete Steps 1, 2, and 3 to see if you qualify for this credit.
- If you qualify to claim this credit, complete Worksheet II in Step 4.

Step 1			
Worksheet I			
1. Enter the amount from Form	n 140, line 42	\$	
2. Enter the amount from Form 140, line 38.	\$		
3. Enter the amount from Form 140, line 39.	\$		
4. Enter the amount from Form 140, line 40.	\$		
5. Enter the amount from Form 140, line 41.	\$		
6. Add the amounts on lines 2 through 5.		\$	
7. If you elected to report your small business income on Form 140-SBI, enter the amount from Form 140, line 13		\$	
8. Add lines 1, 6 and 7		\$	

Step 1

Step 2

Look at the following tables. Find your filing status.

- Use Table I if married filing a joint return.
- Use Table II if head of household.
- Use Table III if single or married filing separate return.

Step 3

• Look at column (a) and find the number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and

claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes.

- Find the maximum income [in column (b)] for the number of dependents you are claiming.
- Compare that income [the amount in column (b)] with the income listed in Step 1 on Worksheet l, line 8.

If the amount entered in Step 1 on Worksheet I, line 8, is equal to or less than the maximum income allowed for the number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, you qualify to claim this credit. To figure your credit, complete Step 4.

Table I Married Filing Joint Return (cont. on next column)		
Column (a)	Column (b)	
Number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes.	Maximum Income	
• 0 or 1	\$20,000	
• 2	\$23,600	
• 3	\$27,300	
• 4 or more	\$31,000	

Table II Head of Household		
Column (a)	Column (b)	
Number of dependents you are claiming on	Maximum	
Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and	Income	
claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in		
box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a		
dependent for federal purposes.		
• 0 or 1	\$20,000	
• 2	\$20,135	
• 3	\$23,800	
• 4	\$25,200	
• 5 or more	\$26,575	

Table III Single or Married Filing Separate Return		
Column (a)	Column (b)	
Number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes.	Maximum Income	
• 0 or more	\$10,000	

Step 4

If you qualify to claim the credit, complete Worksheet II.

Worksheet II Complete Steps 1 through 3 before you complete Worksheet II		
1. Enter the number of dependents you entered on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes.		
2. If you checked filing status 4, enter the number 2 here. If you checked filing status 5, 6, or 7, enter the number 1 here.		
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Enter the total.		
4. Multiply the amount on line 3 by \$40. Enter the result.	\$	
5. If you checked filing status 4 or 5, enter \$240 here. If your checked filing status 6 or 7, enter \$120 here.	\$	
6. Enter the lesser of line 4 or line 5. Also, enter this amount on Form 140, line 50.	\$	

Line 51 - Nonrefundable Credits - Arizona Form 301

NOTE: If you elect to report small business income on Form 140-SBI, certain nonrefundable credits must be claimed on the small business tax return. In this case, you must complete Form 301-SBI to claim those credit(s). See the credit form(s) and instructions for which credits must be claimed on the small business tax return.

Exception: Credit Form 309 is used to claim a tax credit on Form 140 for taxes paid to other states or country on income not reported on Form 140-SBI. Credit Form 309-SBI is used to claim a tax credit for taxes paid on small business income to another state or country. See Form 309-SBI and instructions for more information.

Complete line 51 if you claim any of the following credits on Form 140. Also make sure that you complete and include Form 301 and the appropriate credit form or forms with your return.

Military Reuse Zone Credit The military reuse zone credit expired. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 306 to figure this credit.

Credit for Increased Research Activities - Individuals You may qualify for this credit if you incurred qualified research expenses for research conducted in Arizona. Use Form 308-I to figure this credit. Be sure to include **only** the nonrefundable portion on Form 140, line 51.

Credit for Taxes Paid to Another State or Country You may qualify for this credit if you paid tax to Arizona and another state or country on the same income. Use Form 309 to figure your credit.

Credit for Solar Energy Devices You may qualify for this credit if you installed a solar energy device in your residence located in Arizona. Use Form 310 to figure this credit.

Agricultural Water Conservation System Credit You may qualify for this credit if you incurred expenses to purchase and install an agricultural water conservation system in Arizona. Use Form 312 to figure this credit.

Credit for Solar Hot Water Heater Plumbing Stub Outs and Electric Vehicle Recharge Outlets The credit for solar hot water heater plumbing stub outs and electric vehicle recharge outlets has expired. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 319 to figure this credit.

Credit for Contributions to Qualifying Charitable Organizations You may qualify for this credit if you made contributions to qualifying charitable organizations. Use Form 321 to figure this credit.

Credit for Contributions Made or Fees Paid to <u>Public</u> Schools You may qualify for this credit if you made contributions or paid certain fees to public schools in Arizona. Use Form 322 to figure this credit.

Credit for Contributions to Private School Tuition Organizations You may qualify for this credit if you made contributions to a school tuition organization that provides scholarships or grants to qualified schools. Use Form 323 to figure this credit.

Agricultural Pollution Control Equipment Credit You may qualify for this credit if you are involved in commercial agriculture and incurred expenses to purchase tangible personal property that is primarily used in your trade or business to control or prevent pollution. Use Form 325 to figure this credit.

Credit for Donation of School Site You may qualify for this credit if you donated real property and improvements to a school district or a charter school for use as a school or as a site for the construction of a school. Use Form 331 to figure this credit.

Credit for Employing National Guard Members You may qualify for this credit if you are an employer who has an employee that is a member of the Arizona National Guard if the employee is placed on active duty. Use Form 333 to figure this credit.

Credit for Business Contributions by an S Corporation to School Tuition Organizations -Individual S corporations that make qualifying contributions of \$5,000 or more may pass-through the credit to its individual shareholders on a *pro rata* basis. See Form 335-I for more information.

Credit for Solar Energy Devices - Commercial and Industrial Applications The credit for installed solar energy devices for commercial, industrial, or other nonresidential applications located in Arizona has expired. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 336 to figure this credit.

Credit for Investment in Qualified Small Businesses. You may qualify for this credit if you made an investment in a qualified small business. Use Form 338 to figure this credit.

Credit for Donations to the Military Family Relief Fund You may qualify for this credit if you made a cash contribution to the Arizona Military Family Relief Fund during the taxable year. Use Form 340 to figure this credit.

Credit for Business Contributions by an S Corporation to School Tuition Organizations for Displaced Students or Students with Disabilities – Individual

S corporations that make qualifying contributions of \$5,000 or more may pass-through the credit to its individual shareholders on a *pro rata* basis. See Form 341-I for more information.

Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit You may qualify for this credit if you produced electricity using a qualified energy resource. Use Form 343 to figure this credit.

Credit for New Employment You may qualify for this credit if your business had a net increase in qualified employment positions. Use Form 345 to figure this credit.

Additional Credit for Increased Research Activities for Basic Research Payments You may qualify for this credit for qualified basic research payments for research conducted in Arizona. Approval by the Department of Revenue is required prior to claiming this credit. Use Form 346 to figure this credit.

Credit for Contributions to Certified School Tuition Organization (for the amounts that exceed the allowable credit on AZ Form 323) You may qualify for this credit if you made contributions to school tuition organization(s) that exceed the allowable credit amount on Arizona Form 323. Use Form 348 to figure this credit.

Credit for Contributions to Qualifying Foster Care Charitable Organizations You may qualify for this credit if you made contributions to qualifying foster care charitable organizations. Use Form 352 to figure this credit.

Healthy Forest Production Tax Credit You may qualify for this tax credit if you meet all of the qualifications or receive a pass-through credit from a partnership or S Corporation. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 353 to figure this credit.

Affordable Housing Tax Credit You may qualify for this tax credit if you meet all of the qualifications or receive a pass-through credit from a partnership or S Corporation. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 354 to figure this credit.

Credit for Entity-Level Income Tax You may qualify for this tax credit if you meet all of the qualifications or receive a pass-through credit from a partnership or S Corporation. All credits that were properly established can be carried forward for the respective five year carry forward period. Use Form 355 to figure this credit.

TOTAL CREDITS: Compute your credit(s) on the appropriate form(s). Complete Arizona Form 301 and enter the amount from Form 301, Part 2, line 64, on Form 140, line 51. The total amount of credits on line 51 cannot reduce your tax below zero. These credits are nonrefundable credits.

Include Form 301 and completed tax credit forms, along with any supporting documents, with your return.

Line 52 - Balance of Tax

Subtract lines 49, 50, and 51 from line 48. Enter the difference. If the sum of lines 49, 50, and 51 is greater than line 48, enter "0".

Totaling Payments and Refundable Credits

Line 53 - 2022 Arizona Income Tax Withheld

Enter the Arizona income tax withheld shown on Form(s) W-2 from your employer(s). Also enter the Arizona income tax withheld shown on your Form(s) 1099-R (distributions from pensions, annuities, etc.). Do not include any income tax withheld for another state. Include Form(s) W-2 and/or 1099-R after the last page of your return only if the form shows Arizona income tax withholding.

NOTE: You should receive your Form(s) W-2 no later than January 31. If you did not receive a Form W-2 or you think your Form W-2 is wrong, contact your employer.

Line 54 (Boxes a, b, and line 54c) - 2022 Arizona Estimated Tax Payments Including Amount Applied from Your 2021 Return and Arizona Claim of Right

Use this line if you did any of the following;

- made 2022 estimated income tax payments to Arizona; or
- applied any of your refund from your 2021 Arizona tax return to 2022 estimated taxes for Arizona; or recomputed a prior year's tax under Arizona's Claim of Right provisions.

You must also complete and include the Arizona Claim of Right-Individual form(s) with your income tax return. If you fail to complete and include the form(s), the amount of your claim may be denied. The form is available on the department's website at www.azdor.gov.

Box 54a: Enter the total amount of *estimated taxes* paid and/or applied to your 2022 taxes.

NOTE: If you are married and made joint Arizona estimated tax payments for 2022, but are filing separate 2022 Arizona income tax returns, see the department's ruling, ITR 02-3, Allocating Joint Estimated Payments to Separate Returns.

Box 54b: If you completed an *Arizona Claim of Right-Individual tax* form, enter the amount from line 8.

If you completed more than one claim of right form for the current taxable year, add all amounts on line 8 and enter the total in box 54b.

NOTE: For more information on Arizona's claim of right provisions, see the department's procedure, ITP 16-1, Procedure for Individuals Who Restore Substantial Amounts Held Under a Claim of Right.

Line 54c: Add the amounts in box 54a and box 54b. Enter the total on line 54c.

Line 55 - 2022 Arizona Extension Payment (Form 204)

Use this line to report the payment you sent with your 2022 extension request (Arizona Form 204) or the electronic extension payment you made using www.AZTaxes.gov.

Line 56 - Increased Excise Tax Credit

You may claim this credit if you meet **all** of the following:

- You must have a SSN that is valid for employment.
- You meet the income threshold for your filing status.
 - If you are married filing a joint return, or a head of household, you may claim this credit if the amount on Form 140, page 1, line 12 is \$25,000 or less.
 - If you are single or married filing a separate return, you may claim this credit if the amount on Form 140, page 1, line 12 is \$12,500 or less.
- You are not claimed as a dependent by any other taxpayer.
- You were not sentenced for at least 60 days of 2022 to a county, state, or federal prison.

NOTE: If you are filing a joint return with your spouse and your spouse was sentenced for at least 60 days during 2022 to a county, state or federal prison, you may claim the Excise Tax Credit if you otherwise qualify to claim the credit, but you cannot claim the credit for your spouse. If your spouse has a valid SSN, but you do not, neither of you can claim this credit.

For more information on how incarceration affects this credit, see the department's publication, Pub. 709, Excise Tax Credit -How Does Incarceration Affect Eligibility?

If you are filing a joint return with your spouse, you may also claim this credit for your spouse if your spouse has either a valid SSN or an ITIN.

If you also claim a credit for qualifying children, your qualifying children must have either a valid SSN or an ITIN. To figure your credit, complete the following worksheet.

Do not complete the following worksheet if you are claiming the property tax credit on Arizona Form 140PTC. Use Form 140PTC to figure both the credit for increased excise taxes and the property tax credit.

If you are claiming both the credit for increased excise taxes and the property tax credit, enter the increased excise tax credit from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 17, on line 56; and enter the property tax credit from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 15 on line 57.

Credit for Increased Excise Taxes Worksheet

If you checked filing status 4 or 5, is the amount	Check	One
on Form 140, line 12 \$25,000 or less?	Yes	No
If you checked filing status 6 or 7, is the amount		
on Form 140, line 12 \$12,500 or less?		

If you checked no, STOP. You do not qualify for this credit. If you checked yes, complete the worksheet. Worksheet continues on the next column.

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	Credit for Increased Excise Taxes V	Norksheet
1.	Enter the number of dependents you entered on Form 140, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, and claiming as a qualified parent/grandparent in box 11a, provided that person(s) qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes. Exclude any dependent that is not an Arizona resident.	
2.	If you checked filing status 4, enter the number 2 here. If you checked filing status 5, 6, or 7, enter the number 1 here.	
3.	Add lines 1 and 2. Enter the total.	
4.	Multiply the amount on line 3 by \$25. Enter the result.	\$
5.	Maximum credit.	\$100.00
6.	Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 5 here and also enter on Form 140, line 56.	\$

NOTE: The credit cannot exceed \$100 per household. Do not claim this credit if someone else in your household has already claimed \$100 of the credit. If someone else in your household has claimed less than \$100, you may claim the credit as long as all credit claims filed from your household do not exceed \$100.

For more information, see the department's publication, Pub. 709.

Line 57 - Property Tax Credit

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You may claim the property tax credit if you meet all of the following:

You were either 65 or older in 2022 or, if under age 65, you were receiving SSI Title 16 income from the Social Security Administration.

NOTE: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Title 16 income is not the normal Social Security disability.

- You were an Arizona resident for the full year in 2022.
- You paid property tax on your Arizona home in 2022. You paid rent on taxable property for the entire year or you did a combination of both.
- If you lived alone, your total household income was under \$3,751. If you lived with others, the total household income was under \$5,501. To see what income is included in household income, see the Form 140PTC instructions.

Complete Form 140PTC to figure your credit. Enter the amount from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 15. Include Form 140PTC with your return.

TAX TIP: To claim a property tax credit, you must file your claim or extension request by April 18, 2023. You cannot claim this credit on an amended return if you file the amended return after the due date of your return.

Line 58 - Other Refundable Credits

Enter the total amount of refundable credits you are claiming from any of the following:

- Credit for Increased Research Activities Individuals • (Form 308-I)
- Credit for Qualified Facilities (Form 349)

If you enter an amount on this line, be sure you check the box or boxes to show which credit(s) you are claiming. Also, be sure to include the credit form(s) with your return.

Credit for Increased Research Activities - Individuals (Form 308-I)

A portion of this credit may be refundable. You may qualify for the refundable increased research activities credit if you incurred qualified research expenses for research conducted in Arizona. For more information about this credit, and to see whether you may claim a refund of this credit, see Arizona Form 308-I.

You must include a copy of your "Certificate of Qualification" from the Arizona Commerce Authority (ACA), Form 301, and Form 308-I with your return to claim this credit.

If you are claiming a refund of the increased research activities credit from Form 308-I, enter the amount from Form 308-I, Part 7, line 38.

Credit for Qualified Facilities (Form 349)

You may qualify for the refundable qualified facilities credit if you expanded or located a qualified facility in Arizona. This credit is refundable in five equal installments. Pre-approval and post-approval are required through the ACA. For more information, see Arizona Form 349.

You must include a copy of your "Certificate of Qualification" from the ACA and Form 349 with your tax return to claim this credit. If you are claiming a refund of the qualified facilities credit from Form 349, enter the amount from Form 349, Part 8, line 20.

If you are claiming more than one of the refundable tax credits, check the appropriate boxes and add the amounts from the credit forms together and enter the total on line 58. You may use the table to figure the amount to enter on line 58.

2022 - Refundable Credit Worksheet
1. Enter the refundable credit from Form 308-I, Part 7, line 38.
2. Enter the refundable credit from Form 349, Part 8, line 20.
3. Add the amounts on lines 1 and 2. Enter the total here and on line 58.

Line 59 - Total Payments and Refundable Credits

Add lines 53 through 58 and enter the total.

Figuring Your Tax Due or Overpayment

Line 60 - Tax Due

If line 52 is larger than line 59, subtract line 59 from line 52 and enter the amount of tax due. Skip lines 61, 62, and 63.

Line 61 - Overpayment

If line 59 is larger than line 52, subtract line 52 from line 59 and enter the difference. Complete lines 62 and 63.

Line 62 - Amount of Line 61 to be Applied to 2023 Estimated Tax

If you want all or part of your overpayment applied to next year's estimated taxes, enter that amount on line 62.

NOTE: If you apply any of the amount shown on line 61 to 2023, you cannot use that amount to pay any tax that is later found to be due for 2022. You also may not claim a refund for that amount until you file your 2023 return.

Line 63 - Balance of Overpayment

Subtract line 62 from line 61 to determine your overpayment balance before voluntary gifts and any estimated payment penalty.

Making Voluntary Gifts

You can make voluntary gifts to each of the following funds. A gift will reduce your refund or increase the amount due with your return.

NOTE: If you make a gift, you cannot change the amount of that gift later on an amended return.

Line 64 - Solutions Teams Assigned to Schools Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Solutions Teams Assigned to Schools Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 64.

Gifts go to the Arizona Assistance for Education Fund. The Arizona Board of Education will distribute money to the Arizona Department of Education to fund solutions teams assigned to schools.

Line 65 - Arizona Wildlife Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Arizona Wildlife Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 65.

Your gift to the Arizona Wildlife Fund helps protect wildlife in the state. Many species like bald eagles, Apache trout and black-footed ferrets benefit from your gifts to this fund. Gifts are also used to improve areas for watching wildlife statewide.

Line 66 - Child Abuse Prevention Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Arizona Child Abuse Prevention Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 66.

Gifts go to the Arizona Child Abuse Prevention Fund. This fund provides financial aid to community agencies for child abuse prevention programs.

Line 67 - Domestic Violence Services Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Domestic Violence Services Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 67.

Gifts go to the Domestic Violence Services Fund. This fund provides financial aid to shelters for victims of domestic violence.

Line 68 - Political Gift

You may give some or all of your refund to a political party. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 68. If you donate to a political party, complete line 75.

Gifts go to one of the following political parties:

- Democratic
- Libertarian
- Republican

Line 69 - Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 69.

Gifts go to the Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund. This fund provides eligible recipients with emergency aid in paying utility bills, conserving energy, and weatherization.

Line 70 - Special Olympics Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Special Olympics Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 70.

Gifts go to the Special Olympics Fund. This fund helps provide programs of the Arizona Special Olympics.

Line 71 - Veterans' Donations Fund

You must have made A payments during 2022 if:	rizona estimate	d income tax
payments during 2022 II.		
	AND	AND
	Your Arizona	Your Arizona
Your filing status is:	gross income	gross income
	for 2021 was	for 2022 was
	greater than:	greater than:
• Single	\$75,000	\$75,000
 Married filing joint 	\$150,000	\$150,000
• Married filing separate	\$75,000	\$75,000
• Head of Household	\$75,000	\$75,000

You may give some or all of your refund to the Veterans' Donations Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 71.

Gifts go to the Veterans' Donations Fund, which may be used for veterans in Arizona.

Line 72 - I Didn't Pay Enough Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the I Didn't Pay Enough Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 72. Gifts that you make to the I Didn't Pay Enough Fund will aid the state by going to the Arizona general fund.

Line 73 - Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 73.

Gifts that you make to the Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund will aid the state to operate, maintain, and make capital improvements to buildings, roads, parking lots, highway entrances, and any related structure used to operate state parks.

Line 74 – Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 80. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 74.

Gifts that you make to the Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund will help to reduce pet overpopulation by sterilizing, at minimal or no cost, dogs and cats in this state, including those that are impounded and sterilized.

Line 75 - Political Party

If you entered an amount on line 68, check the box for the political party to which you wish to give. Select only one party. If you do not select a political party, the department will return the amount on line 68.

Line 76 - Estimated Payment Penalty

NOTE: Do not complete Arizona Form 221, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, if the amount on Form 140, line 53 is more than the amount on Form 140, line 52.

An individual who fails to make the required estimated payments is subject to penalty on any estimated tax payment that is late or underpaid.

Complete and include Form 221 to determine if any penalty is due. Enter the total penalty from Form 221.

If you report as a farmer or fisherman for federal purposes, you were not required to make estimated payments during 2022 if the following apply:

- *You are a calendar year filer*. You file your Arizona return by March 1, 2023. You pay in full the amount stated on your return as owed.
- *You are a fiscal year filer*. You file your Arizona return by the first day of the third month after the end of your fiscal year. You pay in full the amount stated on your return as owed.

If the above applies, check Box 772 on line 77 and do not complete Form 221.

Line 77 - Box 771 through 773

Box 771: check if any of the following applies to you:

- 1. You checked the box on line 1 of Form 221.
- 2. You completed the annualized income worksheet on Form 221.

- 3. You elected to be treated as a nonresident alien on your federal income tax return. You made three estimated payment installments. Your first installment equaled 50% of the total of all of your required installments.
- Box 772: check if you are an individual who for federal purposes reports as a farmer or fisherman.
- Box 773: check if you completed and are including Form 221.

Line 78

Add lines 64 through 74 and 76. Enter the total.

Figuring Your Refund or Amount Owed



You can get your refund quicker when you e-file and use direct deposit.

Line 79 - Refund

Subtract line 78 from line 63. Enter your refund on line 79 and skip line 80. If less than zero "0" enter amount owed on line 80.

If you owe money to any Arizona state agency, court, county, incorporated city or town, and certain federal agencies, your refund may go to pay some of that debt. If so, the department will let you know by letter.

Tax Tip: If you change your address before you get your refund, let the department know. Complete Form 822. This form is available at: azdor.gov/forms/other-forms.

Direct Deposit of Refund

Complete the direct deposit line if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 79 into your account at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) instead of sending you a check.

NOTE: Check the box on line 79A if the direct deposit will ultimately be placed in a foreign account. If you check box 79A, do not enter your routing or account numbers. If this box is checked, we will not direct deposit your refund. We will mail you a check instead.

Why use Direct Deposit?

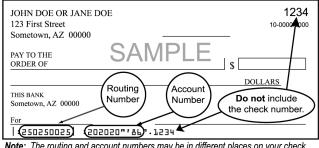
- You will get your refund fast even faster if you e-file!
- Payment is more secure there is no check to get lost. .
- It is more convenient no trip to the bank to deposit your • check.
- It saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less to . process than a check.

NOTE: We are not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers and to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted.

Routing Number MAKE SURE YOU ENTER THE CORRECT ROUTING NUMBER

The routing number must be nine digits. The first 2 digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check will be mailed instead. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025.

Sample Check



Note: The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter.

Account Number

MAKE SURE YOU ENTER THE CORRECT ACCOUNT NUMBER.

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). DO NOT include hyphens, spaces, or special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check the account number is 20202086. Be sure **not** to include the check number. If the direct deposit is rejected, a check will be mailed instead.

Line 80 - Amount Owed

Add lines 60 and 78. Enter the amount you owe on line 80. If you are making voluntary gifts on lines 64 through 74 in excess of your overpayment, enter the difference on line 80. You may pay the amount owed only with a check or money order, electronic check, direct debit through your software vendor or credit card.

Check or money order

NOTE: *Include your check or money order with your return.* Please do not send cash.

Make your check payable to Arizona Department of Revenue. Write your SSN, Form 140 and tax year on the front of your check or money order. The department cannot accept checks or money orders in foreign currency. You must make payment in U.S. dollars. It may take 2-3 weeks for your payment to process.

The Department of Revenue may charge you \$50 for a check returned unpaid by your financial institution.

Electronic payment from your checking or savings account

You can make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account to pay your balance due for 2022. There is no fee to use this method. To make an electronic payment, go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link.

Be sure to enter the correct routing number and account number for your checking or savings account. You will be charged a \$50 non-sufficient funds (NSF) fee if you provide an incorrect routing number or an incorrect account number. Check with your financial institution to get the correct account and routing numbers.

The "E-Check" option in the "Payment Method" drop-down box will debit the amount from the checking or savings account that you specify. If you make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

NOTE: You may not make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account if the payment will ultimately be coming from a foreign account. In this case, you must pay by check or money order.

Credit card payment

You can pay with your American Express, Discover, Visa, or MasterCard. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link, and choose the credit card option. This will take you to a third party vendor site (provider). The provider **will charge** you a convenience fee based on the amount of your tax payment. The provider will tell you what the fee is during the transaction; you will have the option to continue or cancel the transaction. If you complete the credit card transaction, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

Installment payments

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 80 when you file, you may request to make monthly installment payments. All payment arrangements for individual income tax can be made online at www.AZTaxes.gov, please select the "*Request A Payment Plan*" option under the Individual Income section. If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 80, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 18, 2023. To limit the interest and penalty charges pay as much of the tax as possible when you file your return.

Sign Your Return

You must sign your return. If married filing a joint return, both you and your spouse must sign even if only one had income. Form 140 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. The department cannot mail a refund check without proper signatures on the return.

Instructions Before Mailing

- Do not *staple* your return. Do not staple any documents, schedules, or payment to your return.
- Make sure your NAME and SSN are on the return.
- Be sure you enter your daytime telephone number in the space provided on the front of your return.
- Check to make sure that your math is correct. A math error can cause delays in processing your return.

- Make sure you filled in all required boxes.
- If you requested a filing extension, make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return.
- Sign your return and have your spouse sign, if filing jointly.
- Write your SSN and tax year on the front of your check or money order. Include your payment with your return.
- Do **not** include correspondence with your return.

Mailing Your Return

Place pages in the order shown on the last page of these instructions.

NOTE: If you are filing Arizona Form 140-SBI, **DO NOT MAIL THIS RETURN SEPARATELY.** Include this return with your Form 140 in the same envelope.

- If you are mailing your return, be sure to include Form 140, page 1 and page 2, and all other required forms.
- Include Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 1099-B, 1099-DIV, 1099-G, 1099-INT, 1099-NEC, 1099-MISC and 1099-R, after the last page of your return *only* if the form shows Arizona income tax withholding.
- If you are mailing your return, make a copy before mailing. Also make a copy of any forms and schedules that you are including with your return. Keep the copies for your records. Be sure that you mail the original and not a copy.
- If mailing more than one tax return, please use a separate envelope for each return.

Where Should I Mail my return?

If you are <u>not filing Form 140-S</u>BI and are including a payment with your Form 140 return, mail the return to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 52016 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2016

If you are **expecting a refund, or owe no tax**, or **owe tax but are not including a payment,** mail the return to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 52138 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138

If you <u>are filing Form 140 and Form 140-SBI</u>, the department will apply any overpayment from one return to the tax liability shown on the other return.

• After applying the overpayment, if there is a net tax due and you are sending a payment mail both returns to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 52016 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2016

• After applying the overpayment, if there is a net refund mail both returns to

Arizona Department of Revenue PO Box 52138 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138

Make Sure You Put Enough Postage on the Envelope

The U.S. Post Office or United States mail service must postmark your return or extension request by midnight April 18, 2023.

The term "United States mail" includes any private delivery service designated by the United States Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to IRC § 7502(f) and the term "postmark" includes any date recorded or marked by any such designated delivery service.

An income tax return that is mailed to the department is timely filed if it is delivered on or before its due date. Additionally, if the envelope or wrapper containing the return sent through the United States mail bears a postmark of the United States mail and that tax return is delivered to the department after its due date that return will be considered timely filed if **all** of the following apply:

- 1. The return was deposited in an official depository of the United States mail;
- 2. The date of the postmark is no later than the due date;
- 3. The return was properly addressed; and
- 4. The return had proper postage.

If the envelope or wrapper containing a return sent through the United States mail bears a private meter postmark made by other than the United States mail, the return is treated as timely filed if both of the following apply:

- 1. The private meter postmark bears a date on or before the due date for filing; and
- 2. The return is received no later than the time it would ordinarily have been received from the same point of origin by the same class of U.S. postage. If the return is received by the department within five business days of the private meter postmark date, the department will consider the requirement satisfied.

You may also use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filed" rule.

For more information, see the department's ruling, GTR 16-1, *Timely Filing of Income or Withholding Tax Returns Through the United States Mail.*

How long to keep your return

You must keep your records as long as they may be needed for the administration of any provision of Arizona tax law. Generally, this means you must keep records that support items shown on your return until the period of limitations for that return runs out.

The period of limitations is the period of time in which you can amend your return to claim a credit or refund or the department can assess additional tax. A period of limitations is the limited time after which no legal action can be brought. Usually, this is four years from the date the return was due or filed.

In some cases, the limitation period is longer than four years. The period is six years from when you file a return if you under report the income shown on that return by more than 25% (.25). The department can bring an action at any time if a return is false or fraudulent, or if you do not file a return. To find out more about what records you should keep, get federal Publication 552.

Where's My Refund?

You can check on your refund by visiting www.azdor.gov or www.AZTaxes.gov and clicking on "*Where's my refund?*" or you may call one of the numbers listed on page 1 of these instructions. Before you call, be sure to have a copy of your 2022 tax return on hand. You will need to know your SSN, your filing status, and your 5-digit ZIP Code.

Contacting the Department

Your tax information on file with the department is confidential. If you want the department to discuss your tax matters with someone other than yourself, you must authorize the department to release confidential information to that person.

You may use Arizona Form 285 to authorize the department to release confidential information to your appointee. See Form 285 for details.

Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011

2022 Original return

2022 Amended return

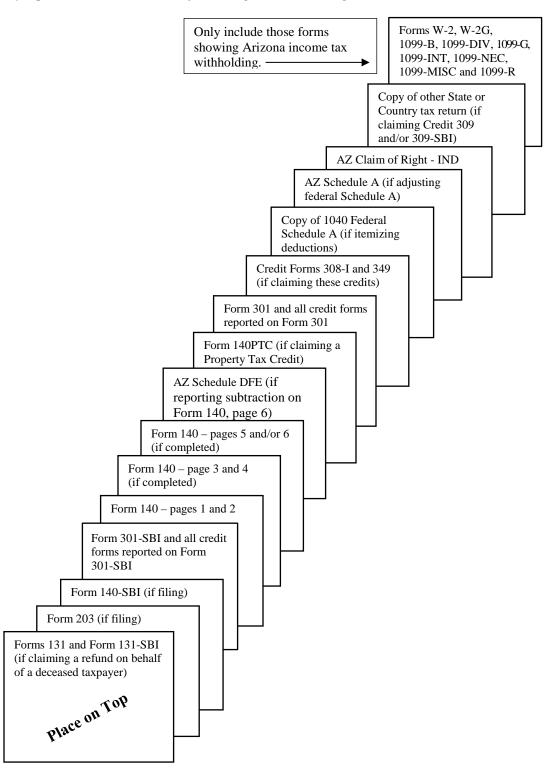
	 IMPORTANT If you elected to file the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return (Form 14 the subtraction on this return if the net capital gain to which the subtractio moved to the Arizona Small Business Income Tax Return. If you cannot determine the acquisition date of an asset, including mutual funds, the lo from that asset does not qualify for the allowable subtraction. For the purpose of the a these assets are considered to have been acquired before January 1, 2012. An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date is gift-giver or the deceased individual. If you receive Form(s) 165 Schedule K-1 from a partnership, 120S Sched S Corporation, or 141AZ Schedule K-1 from an estate or trust, be sure to include long-term capital gain amounts in your computation. 	n relate ong-term llowable it was lule Ka	es was <u>not</u> n capital gain e subtraction, acquired by -1 from an	
	Do not include any short-term capital gains or (losses) in this w	orkshe	eet.	
1.	Enter the total net long-term capital gain or (loss) from assets acquired after Dec 31, 2011 and included in federal adjusted gross income			00
2.	Enter the amount of net long-term capital (loss) derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, and included on the schedule, "Other Additions to Arizona Gross Income", on Form 140, page 5, item "O"	00		
3.	Enter the amount of net long-term capital gain derived from investment in qualified small business from assets acquired after December 31, 2011 and included in the subtraction on Arizona Form 140, line 25	00		
4.	Enter the amount of net long-term capital gain derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, and included on the schedule, "Other Subtractions from Arizona Gross Income", on Form 140, page 6, item "R"	00		
5.	(Line 1 + line 2) minus (line 3 + line 4). Enter the difference			00

• If the amount on line 5 is positive, you have a net long-term capital gain from assets acquired *after* December 31, 2011. Enter the amount on Form 140, line 23.

• If the amount on line 5 is zero or negative, you do not qualify to take the allowable subtraction. Enter "0" on Form 140, line 23.

2022 Form 140 Assembly Order (form sequence) For returns *mailed* to the Department

To avoid processing delays, place the returns in the following order (starting with Forms 131 and 131-SBI)



2022 Arizona Optional Tax Tables for Forms 140, 140A, and 140EZ

If your taxable income is less than \$50,000, use the Optional Tax Tables. If your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, use Tax Table X or Y. Also, if your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you cannot use Form 140EZ or Form 140A to file for 2022. In this case, you must file using Form 140.

To Find Your Tax:

- 1. Read down the income column until you find your taxable income shown on your return. Form 140. line 45 Form 140A. line 19 Form 140EZ. line 8
- 2. Read across until you find your *filing status*. Enter the tax on your return. Form 140, line 46 Form 140A, line 20 Form 140EZ, line 9

Example:

Mr. and Mrs. Timely are filing a joint return. Their taxable income is \$19,360 (Form 140, line 45). First, they find the \$19,350-\$19,400 income line. Next they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income lines and filing status column meet is \$494. This is the tax amount they must enter on Form 140, line 46.

At Least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
		Your Ta	ax Is -
19,300	19,350	493	493
19,350	19,400	494	494
19,400	19,450	495	495

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
If less that	n \$20 tax is	0 Your 7	Tax Is	\$2,000		Your Tax Is		\$4,000		Your Tax	Is
20	50	1	1	2,000	2,050	52	52	4,000	4,050	103	103
50	100	2	2	2,050	2,100	53	53	4,050	4,100	104	104
100	150	3	3	2,100	2,150	54	54	4,100	4,150	105	105
150	200	4	4	2,150	2,200	55	55	4,150	4,200	106	106
200	250	6	6	2,200	2,250	57	57	4,200	4,250	108	108
250	300	7	7	2,250	2,300	58	58	4,250	4,300	109	109
300	350	8	8	2,300	2,350	59	59	4,300	4,350	110	110
350	400	10	10	2,350	2,400	61	61	4,350	4,400	112	112
400	450	11	11	2,400	2,450	62	62	4,400	4,450	113	113
450	500	12	12	2,450	2,500	63	63	4,450	4,500	114	114
500	550	13	13	2,500	2,550	64	64	4,500	4,550	115	115
550	600	15	15	2,550	2,600	66	66	4,550	4,600	117	117
600	650	16	16	2,600	2,650	67	67	4,600	4,650	118	118
650	700	17	17	2,650	2,700	68	68	4,650	4,700	119	119
700	750	18	18	2,700	2,750	69	69	4,700	4,750	120	120
750	800	20	20	2,750	2,800	71	71	4,750	4,800	122	122
800	850	21	21	2,800	2,850	72	72	4,800	4,850	123	123
850	900	22	22	2,850	2,900	73	73	4,850	4,900	124	124
900	950	24	24	2,900	2,950	75	75	4,900	4,950	126	126
950	1,000	25	25	2,950	3,000	76	76	4,950	5,000	127	127
\$1,		Your Tax	Is	\$3,0)00	Your Tax	Is	\$5,0	00	Your Tax	Is
1,000	1,050	26	26	3,000	3,050	77	77	5,000	5,050	128	128
1,050	1,100	27	27	3,050	3,100	78	78	5,050	5,100	129	129
1,100	1,150	29	29	3,100	3,150	80	80	5,100	5,150	131	131
1,150	1,200	30	30	3,150	3,200	81	81	5,150	5,200	132	132
1,200	1,250	31	31	3,200	3,250	82	82	5,200	5,250	133	133
1,250	1,300	33	33	3,250	3,300	84	84	5,250	5,300	135	135
1,300	1,350	34	34	3,300	3,350	85	85	5,300	5,350	136	136
1,350	1,400	35	35	3,350	3,400	86	86	5,350	5,400	137	137
1,400	1,450	36	36	3,400	3,450	87	87	5,400	5,450	138	138
1,450	1,500	38	38	3,450	3,500	89	89	5,450	5,500	140	140
1,500	1,550	39	39	3,500	3,550	90	90	5,500	5,550	141	141
1,550	1,600	40	40	3,550	3,600	91	91	5,550	5,600	142	142
1,600	1,650	41	41	3,600	3,650	92	92	5,600	5,650	143	143
1,650	1,700	43	43	3,650	3,700	94	94	5,650	5,700	145	145
1,700	1,750	44	44	3,700	3,750	95	95	5,700	5,750	146	146
1,750	1,800	45	45	3,750	3,800	96	96	5,750	5,800	147	147
1,800	1,850	47	47	3,800	3,850	98	98	5,800	5,850	149	149
1,850	1,900	48	48	3,850	3,900	99	99	5,850	5,900	150	150
1,900	1,950	49	49	3,900	3,950	100	100	5,900	5,950	151	151
1.950	2,000	50	50	3,950	4,000	101	101	5,950	6,000	152	152

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of
\$6,	000	Your Tax	Household Is	\$9,	000	Your Tax	Household Is	\$12	.000	Your Tax	Household Is
6,000	6,050	154	154	9,000	9,050	230	230	12,000	12,050	307	307
6,050	6,100	155	155	9,050	9,100	231	231	12,050	12,100	308	308
6,100	6,150	156	156	9,100	9,150	233	233	12,100	12,150	309	309
6,150	6,200	157	157	9,150	9,200	234	234	12,150	12,200	310	310
6,200	6,250	159	159	9,200	9,250	235	235	12,200	12,250	312	312
6,250	6,300	160	160	9,250	9,300	237	237	12,250	12,300	313	313
6,300	6,350	161	161	9,300	9,350	238	238	12,300	12,350	314	314
6,350	6,400	163	163	9,350	9,400	239	239	12,350	12,400	316	316
6,400	6,450	164	164	9,400	9,450	240	240	12,400	12,450	317	317
6,450	6,500	165	165	9,450	9,500	242	242	12,450	12,500	318	318
6,500	6,550	166	166	9,500	9,550	243	243	12,500	12,550	319	319
6,550	6,600	168	168	9,550	9,600	243	243	12,550	12,600	321	321
6,600	6,650	169	169	9,600	9,650	245	245	12,600	12,650	322	322
6,650	6,700	170	170	9,650	9,700	247	247	12,650	12,700	323	323
6,700	6,750	171	171	9,700	9,750	248	248	12,700	12,750	324	324
6,750	6,800	173	173	9,750	9,800	249	249	12,750	12,800	326	326
6,800	6,850	173	173	9,800	9,850	249	249	12,730	12,850	320	320
6,850	6,900	175	175	9,850	9,900	252	252	12,850	12,900	328	328
6,900	6,950	177	177	9,900	9,950	253	253	12,900	12,950	330	330
6,950	7,000	178	178	9,950	10,000	254	254	12,950	13,000	331	331
\$7,	000	Your Tax	Is	\$10,	000	Your Tax	Is	\$13.	,000	Your Tax	
7,000	7,050	179	179	10,000	10,050	256	256	13,000	13,050	332	332
7,050	7,100	180	180	10,050	10,100	257	257	13,050	13,100	333	333
7,100	7,150	182	182	10,100	10,150	258	258	13,100	13,150	335	335
7,150	7,200	183	183	10,150	10,200	259	259	13,150	13,200	336	336
7,200	7,250	184	184	10,200	10,250	261	261	13,200	13,250	337	337
7,250	7,300	186	186	10,250	10,300	262	262	13,250	13,300	339	339
7,300	7,350	187	187	10,300	10,350	263	263	13,300	13,350	340	340
7,350	7,400	188	188	10,350	10,400	265	265	13,350	13,400	341	341
7,400	7,450	189	189	10,400	10,450	266	266	13,400	13,450	342	342
7,450	7,500	191	191	10,450	10,500	267	267	13,450	13,500	344	344
7,500	7,550	192	192	10,500	10,550	268	268	13,500	13,550	345	345
7,550	7,600	193	193	10,550	10,600	270	270	13,550	13,600	346	346
7,600	7,650	194	194	10,600	10,650	271	271	13,600	13,650	347	347
7,650	7,700	196	196	10,650	10,700	272	272	13,650	13,700	349	349
7,700	7,750	197	197	10,700	10,750	273	273	13,700	13,750	350	350
7,750	7,800	198	198	10,750	10,800	275	275	13,750	13,800	351	351
7,800	7,850	200	200	10,800	10,850	276	276	13,800	13,850	353	353
7,850	7,900	201	201	10,850	10,900	277	277	13,850	13,900	354	354
7,900	7,950	202	202	10,900	10,950	279	279	13,900	13,950	355	355
7,950	8,000	203	203	10,950	11,000	280	280	13,950	14,000	356	356
\$8,		Your Tax		\$11,		Your Tax		\$14		Your Tax	
8,000	8,050	205	205	11,000	11,050	281	281	14,000	14,050	358	358
8,050	8,100	206	206	11,050	11,100	282	282	14,050	14,100	359	359
8,100	8,150	207	207	11,100	11,150	284	284	14,100	14,150	360	360
8,150 8,200	8,200 8,250	208	208	$11,150 \\ 11,200$	11,200	285	285	14,150	14,200	361	361
	8,250	210	210		11,250	286	286	14,200	14,250	363	363
8,250	8,300	211	211	11,250	11,300	288	288	14,250	14,300	364	364
8,300	8,350	212	212	11,300	11,350	289	289	14,300	14,350	365	365
8,350 8,400	8,400 8,450	214	214	11,350 11,400	11,400 11,450	290	290 291	14,350	14,400	367	367 368
8,400 8,450	8,430 8,500	215	215 216	11,400	11,450	291 293	291 293	14,400 14,450	14,450 14 500	368 369	369
		216		-				-	14,500		
8,500	8,550	217	217	11,500	11,550	294	294	14,500	14,550	370	370
8,550 8,600	8,600 8,650	219	219	11,550 11,600	11,600 11,650	295	295 206	14,550 14,600	14,600 14,650	372	372
8,600 8,650	8,650 8,700	220 221	220 221	11,600	11,050	296 298	296 298	14,600 14,650	14,650 14,700	373 374	373 374
8,030 8,700	8,700 8,750	221	221	11,050	11,700	298	298 299	14,030	14,700	374	374
				-				-			
8,750	8,800	224	224	11,750	11,800	300	300	14,750	14,800	377	377
8,800 8,850	8,850 8,900	225 226	225 226	11,800 11,850	11,850 11,900	302 303	302 303	14,800 14,850	14,850 14,900	378	378
8,850 8,900	8,900 8,950	226	226 228	11,850	11,900	303 304	303 304	14,850 14,900	14,900 14,950	379 381	379 381
8,900	8,950 9,000	228	228	11,900	12,000	304 305	304 305	14,900	14,950	382	382
0,750	2,000	229	449	11,750	12,000	505	505	17,750	10,000	362	302

	_	Single or	Married		_	Single or	Married		_	Single or	Married
	But	Married	Filing	A 4	But	Married	Filing	A.4	But	Married	Filing
At least	less than	Filing Separately	Jointly or Head of	At least	less than	Filing Separately	Jointly or Head of	At least	less than	Filing Separately	Jointly or Head of
icast	ulali	Separatery	Household	least	tilali	Separatery	Household	least	tilali	Separately	Household
\$15,	000	Your Tax	Is	\$18,	000	Your Tax	Is	\$21.	.000	Your Tax	Is
15,000	15,050	383	383	18,000	18,050	460	460	21.000	21.050	536	536
15,050	15,100	384	384	18,050	18,100	461	461	21,050	21,100	537	537
15,100	15,150	386	386	18,100	18,150	462	462	21,100	21,150	539	539
15,150	15,200	387	387	18,150	18,200	463	463	21,150	21,200	540	540
15,200	15,250	388	388	18,200	18,250	465	465	21,200	21,250	541	541
15,250	15,300	390	390	18,250	18,300	466	466	21,250	21,300	543	543
15,300	15,350	390 391	390	18,300	18,350	400	400 467	21,230	21,350	543	543
15,350	15,400	392	392	18,350	18,400	469	469	21,350	21,400	545	545
15,400	15,450	393	393	18,400	18,450	470	470	21,400	21,450	546	546
15,450	15,500	395	395	18,450	18,500	471	471	21,450	21,500	548	548
15,500	15,550	396	396	18,500	18,550	472	472	21,500	21,550	549	549
15,500	15,550	390 397	390 397	18,550	18,550	472	472 474	21,500	21,550	550	550
15,600	15,650	398	398	18,600	18,650	475	475	21,530	21,650	551	551
15,650	15,700	400	400	18,650	18,700	476	476	21,650	21,700	553	553
15,700	15,750	401	401	18,700	18,750	477	477	21,700	21,750	554	554
-	-			-	-				-		
15,750 15 800	15,800 15 850	402	402	18,750 18 800	18,800 18,850	479 480	479 480	21,750 21,800	21,800 21,850	555 557	555 557
15,800 15,850	15,850 15,900	404 405	404 405	18,800 18,850	18,850 18,900	480 481	480 481	21,800 21,850	21,850 21,900	557 558	557 558
15,850	15,950	405	405	18,900	18,900	481	481	21,830	21,900	559	559
15,950	16,000	407	400	18,950	19,000	484	484	21,950	22,000	560	560
,	,			\$19,	,			,	,		
\$16,0		Your Tax				Your Tax		\$22,		Your Tax	
16,000 16,050	16,050 16,100	409 410	409 410	19,000 19,050	19,050 19,100	485 486	485 486	22,000 22,050	22,050 22,100	562 563	562
16,100	16,150	410	410	19,030	19,100	480	480	22,030	22,100	564	563 564
16,150	16,200	412	412	19,100	19,200	489	489	22,150	22,200	565	565
16,200	16,250	414	414	19,200	19,250	490	490	22,200	22,250	567	567
-	-			-	-			-			
16,250	16,300	415	415	19,250	19,300 19,350	492	492	22,250	22,300	568	568
16,300 16,350	16,350 16,400	416 418	416 418	19,300 19,350	19,350	493 494	493 494	22,300 22,350	22,350 22,400	569 571	569 571
16,350	16,400	418	418	19,350	19,400	494	494	22,350	22,400	572	572
16,450	16,500	420	420	19,450	19,500	497	497	22,400	22,500	573	573
	-			-	-			-	-		
16,500	16,550	421	421	19,500	19,550	498	498	22,500	22,550	574	574
16,550 16,600	16,600 16,650	423 424	423 424	19,550 19,600	19,600 19,650	499 500	499 500	22,550 22,600	22,600 22,650	576 577	576 577
16,650	16,700	424 425	424 425	19,000	19,030	500 502	500 502	22,650	22,030	578	578
16,700	16,750	425	425	19,700	19,700	503	502 503	22,030	22,700	578	579
-	-			-	-			-	-		
16,750	16,800	428	428	19,750	19,800	504	504	22,750	22,800	581	581
16,800	16,850 16,900	429 430	429 430	19,800	19,850	506	506	22,800	22,850	582	582 583
16,850 16,900	16,900	430	430	19,850 19,900	19,900 19,950	507 508	507 508	22,850 22,900	22,900 22,950	583 585	585 585
16,950	17,000	433	432	19,950	20,000	509	508 509	22,950	22,930	586	585
\$17,0	,	Your Tax		\$20,	,	Your Tax		\$23.	-)	Your Tax	
17,000	17,050			20,000	20,050	511	511	23,000	23,050	587	587
		121		20,000	20,030			25,000	25,050	201	588
17.050	17.100	434 435	434 435	20.050	20.100			23,050	23.100		500
17,050 17,100	17,100 17.150	435	435	20,050 20,100	20,100 20,150	512	512	23,050 23,100	23,100 23,150	588	590
17,100	17,150	435 437	435 437	20,100	20,150	512 513	512 513	23,100	23,150	588 590	590 591
17,100 17,150	17,150 17,200	435	435	20,100 20,150	20,150 20,200	512 513 514	512	23,100 23,150	23,150 23,200	588	590 591 592
17,100 17,150 17,200	17,150 17,200 17,250	435 437 438 439	435 437 438 439	20,100 20,150 20,200	20,150 20,200 20,250	512 513 514 516	512 513 514 516	23,100 23,150 23,200	23,150 23,200 23,250	588 590 591 592	591 592
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300	435 437 438 439 441	435 437 438 439 441	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300	512 513 514 516 517	512 513 514 516 517	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300	588 590 591 592 594	591 592 594
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	435 437 438 439 441 442	435 437 438 439 441 442	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	512 513 514 516 517 518	512 513 514 516 517 518	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	588 590 591 592 594 595	591 592 594 595
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	435 437 438 439 441	435 437 438 439 441	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	512 513 514 516 517 518 520	512 513 514 516 517 518 520	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	588 590 591 592 594	591 592 594
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450	435 437 438 439 441 442 443	435 437 438 439 441 442 443	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521	512 513 514 516 517 518	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450	588 590 591 592 594 595 596	591 592 594 595 596
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 444	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 444 446	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599	591 592 594 595 596 597 599
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 522 523 525	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600 20,650	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,550 23,600 23,650	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,600 20,650	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,550 20,650 20,650 20,700	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,700	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,650 23,700 23,750	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,650 20,700 20,750	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,500 23,650 23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,650 20,650 20,650 20,750 20,750 20,800 20,850	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,750 23,750 23,800	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,350 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800 23,850	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850 17,800 17,850 17,900	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455 456	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455 456	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800 20,850	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,550 20,650 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800 20,850 20,900	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531 532	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531 532	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,750 23,750 23,800 23,850	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800 23,850 23,800 23,850 23,900	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608 608 609	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608 609
17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455	435 437 438 439 441 442 443 444 446 447 448 449 451 452 453 455	20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,600 20,650 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,350 20,400 20,450 20,550 20,650 20,650 20,650 20,750 20,750 20,800 20,850	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531	512 513 514 516 517 518 520 521 522 523 525 526 527 528 530 531	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,750 23,750 23,800	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,350 23,350 23,400 23,450 23,550 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800 23,850	588 590 591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608	591 592 594 595 596 597 599 600 601 602 604 605 606 608

·	I	Single or	Married			Single or	Married		1	Single or	Married
	But	Married	Filing		But	Married	Filing		But	Married	Filing
At	less	Filing	Jointly or	At	less	Filing	Jointly or	At	less	Filing	Jointly or
least	than	Separately	Head of	least	than	Separately	Head of	least	than	Separately	Head of
\$24	000	Your Tax	Household	\$27,	000	Your Tax	Household	\$30.	000	Your Tax	Household
24,000	24,050			\$27, 27,000	27,050			30.000		772	
24,000 24,050	24,050 24,100	613 614	613 614	27,000	27,050 27,100	689 690	689 690	30,000	30,050 30,100	772	766 767
24,030	24,150	615	615	27,030	27,150	692	692	30,100	30,150	775	768
24,100	24,200	616	616	27,150	27,200	693	693	30,150	30,200	776	769
24,200	24,250	618	618	27,200	27,250	694	694	30,200	30,250	778	771
24,250	24,300			27,250	27,300			30,250	30,300		
24,250 24,300	24,300	619 620	619 620	27,230	27,350	696 697	696 697	30,230	30,300	779 781	772 773
24,350	24,400	622	622	27,350	27,330	698	698	30,350	30,330	782	775
24,400	24,450	623	623	27,400	27,450	699	699	30,400	30,450	784	776
24,450	24,500	624	624	27,450	27,500	701	701	30,450	30,500	785	777
24,500	24,550	625	625	27,500	27,550	702	702	30,500	30,550	787	778
24,500	24,550	623	623 627	27,550	27,550	702	702 703	30,550	30,550	787	780
24,600	24,650	628	628	27,600	27,650	703	703	30,600	30,650	790	781
24,650	24,700	629	629	27,650	27,700	706	706	30,650	30,700	791	782
24,700	24,750	630	630	27,700	27,750	707	707	30,700	30,750	793	783
24,750	24,800	632	632	27,750	27,800	708	708	30,750	30,800	794	785
24,750	24,800	633	632	27,750	27,800	708	708	30,800	30,800	794 796	785
24,850	24,900	634	634	27,850	27,900	710	710	30,850	30,900	797	787
24,900	24,950	636	636	27,900	27,950	712	712	30,900	30,950	799	789
24,950	25,000	637	637	27,950	28,000	713	713	30,950	31,000	800	790
\$25.	,000	Your Tax	Is	\$28,	000	Your Tax	Is	\$31,	,000	Your Tax	Is
25,000	25,050	638	638	28,000	28,050	715	715	31,000	31,050	802	791
25,050	25,100	639	639	28,050	28,100	716	716	31,050	31,100	803	792
25,100	25,150	641	641	28,100	28,150	717	717	31,100	31,150	805	794
25,150	25,200	642	642	28,150	28,200	718	718	31,150	31,200	806	795
25,200	25,250	643	643	28,200	28,250	720	720	31,200	31,250	808	796
25,250	25,300	645	645	28,250	28,300	721	721	31,250	31,300	809	798
25,300	25,350	646	646	28,300	28,350	722	722	31,300	31,350	811	799
25,350	25,400	647	647	28,350	28,400	724	724	31,350	31,400	812	800
25,400	25,450	648	648	28,400	28,450	725	725	31,400	31,450	814	801
25,450	25,500	650	650	28,450	28,500	726	726	31,450	31,500	815	803
25,500	25,550	651	651	28,500	28,550	727	727	31,500	31,550	817	804
25,550	25,600	652	652	28,550	28,600	729	729	31,550	31,600	818	805
25,600 25,650	25,650 25,700	653 655	653 655	28,600 28,650	28,650 28,700	730 732	730 731	31,600 31,650	31,650 31,700	820 821	806 808
25,700	25,750	656	656	28,030	28,700	732	731	31,030	31,750	823	808
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25,750 25,800	25,800 25,850	657 659	657 659	28,750 28,800	28,800 28,850	735 736	734 735	31,750 31,800	31,800 31,850	824 826	810 812
25,800	25,850	660	660	28,850	28,850	738	735	31,800	31,850	820 827	812
25,900	25,950	661	661	28,900	28,950	739	738	31,900	31,950	829	814
25,950	26,000	662	662	28,950	29,000	741	739	31,950	32,000	830	815
\$26.	,	Your Tax	Is	\$29,		Your Tax	Is	\$32,		Your Tax	Is
26,000	26,050	664	664	29,000	29,050	742	740	32,000	32,050	831	817
26,050	26,100	665	665	29,050	29,100	744	741	32,050	32,100	833	818
26,100	26,150	666	666	29,100	29,150	745	743	32,100	32,150	834	819
26,150	26,200	667	667	29,150	29,200	747	744	32,150	32,200	836	820
26,200	26,250	669	669	29,200	29,250	748	745	32,200	32,250	837	822
26,250	26,300	670	670	29,250	29,300	750	747	32,250	32,300	839	823
26,300	26,350	671	671	29,300	29,350	751	748	32,300	32,350	840	824
26,350	26,400	673	673	29,350	29,400	753	749	32,350	32,400	842	826
26,400	26,450	674	674	29,400	29,450	754	750	32,400	32,450	843	827
26,450	26,500	675	675	29,450	29,500	755	752	32,450	32,500	845	828
26,500	26,550	676	676	29,500	29,550	757	753	32,500	32,550	846	829
26,550	26,600	678	678	29,550	29,600	758	754	32,550	32,600	848	831
26,600	26,650	679	679	29,600 29,650	29,650 20,700	760	755	32,600	32,650	849	832
26,650	26,700 26,750	680	680	29,650	29,700 29,750	761	757	32,650	32,700	851	833
26,700	26,750	681	681	29,700	29,750	763	758	32,700	32,750	852	834
26,750	26,800	683	683	29,750	29,800	764	759	32,750	32,800	854	836
26,800	26,850	684	684	29,800	29,850	766	761	32,800	32,850	855	837
26,850 26,900	26,900 26,950	685 687	685 687	29,850 29,900	29,900 29,950	767 769	762 763	32,850 32,900	32,900 32,950	857 858	838 840
26,900	20,950 27,000	687 688	688 688	29,900 29,950	29,950 30,000	769 770	763 764	32,900	32,950 33,000	858 860	840 841
	<i>21,000</i>	000	000	<u> </u>	50,000	770	704	54,750	55,000	000	0+1

	Dut	Single or	Married		Dut	Single or	Married		Dut	Single or	Married
At	But less	Married Filing	Filing Jointly or	At	But less	Married Filing	Filing Jointly or	At	But less	Married Filing	Filing Jointly or
least	than	Separately	Head of Household	least	than	Separately	Head of Household	least	than	Separately	Head of Household
\$33,	,000	Your Tax		\$36,	000	Your Tax		\$39,	000	Your Tax	
33,000	33,050	861	842	36,000	36,050	951	919	39,000	39,050	1,040	995
33,050	33,100	863	843	36,050	36,100	952	920	39,050	39,100	1,042	996
33,100	33,150	864	845	36,100	36,150	954	921	39,100	39,150 20,200	1,043	998
33,150 33,200	33,200 33,250	866 867	846 847	36,150 36,200	36,200 36,250	955 957	922 924	39,150 39,200	39,200 39,250	1,045 1,046	999 1,000
-	-			-				-			
33,250 33,300	33,300 33,350	869 870	849 850	36,250 36,300	36,300 36,350	958 960	925 926	39,250 39,300	39,300 39,350	1,048 1,049	1,002 1,003
33,350	33,400	872	851	36,350	36,400	961	928	39,350	39,400	1,049	1,003
33,400	33,450	873	852	36,400	36,450	963	929	39,400	39,450	1,052	1,005
33,450	33,500	875	854	36,450	36,500	964	930	39,450	39,500	1,053	1,007
33,500	33,550	876	855	36,500	36,550	966	931	39,500	39,550	1,055	1,008
33,550	33,600	878	856	36,550	36,600	967	933	39,550	39,600	1,056	1,009
33,600 33,650	33,650 33,700	879 881	857 859	36,600 36,650	36,650 36,700	969 970	934 935	39,600 39,650	39,650 30,700	1,058	1,010
33,700	33,700 33,750	882	839 860	36,700	36,750	970 972	933 936	39,030 39,700	39,700 39,750	1,059 1,061	1,012 1,013
33,750	33,800	884		36,750	36,800	972		39,700 39,750	39,730 39,800		
33,800	33,800 33,850	884 885	861 863	36,750 36,800	36,800 36,850	973 975	938 939	39,750 39,800	39,800 39,850	1,062 1,064	1,014 1,016
33,850	33,900	887	864	36,850	36,900	976	940	39,850	39,900	1,065	1,017
33,900	33,950	888	865	36,900	36,950	978	942	39,900	39,950	1,067	1,018
33,950	34,000	890	866	36,950	37,000	979	943	39,950	40,000	1,068	1,019
\$34,		Your Tax		\$37,		Your Tax		\$40,		Your Tax	
34,000	34,050	891	868	37,000	37,050	980	944	40,000	40,050	1,070	1,021
34,050 34,100	34,100 34,150	893 894	869 870	37,050 37,100	37,100 37,150	982 983	945 947	40,050 40,100	40,100 40,150	1,071 1,073	1,022 1,023
34,150	34,200	896	871	37,150	37,200	985	948	40,150	40,200	1,073	1,023
34,200	34,250	897	873	37,200	37,250	986	949	40,200	40,250	1,076	1,026
34,250	34,300	899	874	37,250	37,300	988	951	40,250	40,300	1,077	1,027
34,300	34,350	900	875	37,300	37,350	989	952	40,300	40,350	1,079	1,028
34,350	34,400	902	877	37,350	37,400	991 002	953 054	40,350	40,400	1,080	1,030
34,400 34,450	34,450 34,500	903 904	878 879	37,400 37,450	37,450 37,500	992 994	954 956	40,400 40,450	40,450 40,500	1,082 1,083	1,031 1,032
34,500	34,550	906	880	37,500	37,550	995	957	40,500	40,550	1,085	1,032
34,550	34,600	907	882	37,550	37,600	997	958	40,550	40,600	1,085	1,035
34,600	34,650	909	883	37,600	37,650	998	959	40,600	40,650	1,088	1,036
34,650	34,700	910	884	37,650	37,700	1,000	961	40,650	40,700	1,089	1,037
34,700	34,750	912	885	37,700	37,750	1,001	962	40,700	40,750	1,091	1,038
34,750	34,800	913	887	37,750	37,800	1,003	963 965	40,750	40,800	1,092	1,040
34,800 34,850	34,850 34,900	915 916	888 889	37,800 37,850	37,850 37,900	1,004 1,006	965 966	40,800 40,850	40,850 40,900	1,094 1,095	1,041 1,042
34,900	34,950	918	891	37,900	37,950	1,000	967	40,900	40,950	1,095	1,042
34,950	35,000	919	892	37,950	38,000	1,009	968	40,950	41,000	1,098	1,045
\$35,		Your Tax		\$38,		Your Tax		\$41,		Your Tax	
35,000	35,050	921	893	38,000	38,050	1,010	970 071	41,000	41,050	1,100	1,046
35,050 35,100	35,100 35,150	922 924	894 896	38,050 38,100	38,100 38,150	1,012 1,013	971 972	41,050 41,100	41,100 41,150	1,101 1,103	1,047 1,049
35,150	35,200	925	897	38,150	38,200	1,015	973	41,150	41,200	1,103	1,050
35,200	35,250	927	898	38,200	38,250	1,016	975	41,200	41,250	1,106	1,051
35,250	35,300	928	900	38,250	38,300	1,018	976	41,250	41,300	1,107	1,053
35,300	35,350	930	901	38,300	38,350	1,019	977	41,300	41,350	1,109	1,054
35,350	35,400	931	902 903	38,350	38,400 38,450	1,021	979	41,350	41,400	1,110	1,055
35,400 35,450	35,450 35,500	933 934	903 905	38,400 38,450	38,430 38,500	1,022 1,024	980 981	41,400 41,450	41,450 41,500	1,112 1,113	1,056 1,058
35,500	35,550	934 936	905 906	38,500	38,550 38,550	1,024	981	41,500	41,550	1,115	1,058
35,500	35,550 35,600	936 937	906 907	38,500 38,550	38,550 38,600	1,025	982 984	41,500	41,550 41,600	1,115 1,116	1,059
35,600	35,650	939	908	38,600	38,650	1,028	985	41,600	41,650	1,110	1,061
35,650	35,700	940	910	38,650	38,700	1,030	986	41,650	41,700	1,119	1,063
35,700	35,750	942	911	38,700	38,750	1,031	987	41,700	41,750	1,121	1,064
35,750	35,800	943	912	38,750	38,800	1,033	989	41,750	41,800	1,122	1,065
35,800	35,850	945	914 015	38,800	38,850	1,034	990 001	41,800	41,850	1,124	1,067
35,850 35,900	35,900 35,950	946 948	915 916	38,850 38,900	38,900 38,950	1,036 1,037	991 993	41,850 41,900	41,900 41,950	1,125 1,127	1,068 1,069
35,950	36,000	949	910 917	38,950	39,000	1,037	993 994	41,950	42,000	1,127	1,009
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At	But less	Single or Married Filing	Married Filing Jointly or	At	But less	Single or Married Filing	Married Filing Jointly or	At	But less	Single or Married Filing	Married Filing Jointly or
least	than	Separately	Head of Household	least	than	Separately	Head of Household	least	than	Separately	Head of Household
	,000	Your Tax		\$45,		Your Tax	Is	\$48,		Your Tax	
42,000	42,050	1,129	1,072	45,000	45,050	1,219	1,148	48,000	48,050	1,308	1,225
42,050 42,100	42,100 42,150	1,131 1,132	1,073 1,074	45,050 45,100	45,100 45,150	1,220 1,222	1,149 1,151	48,050 48,100	48,100 48,150	1,310 1,311	1,226 1,227
42,100	42,200	1,132	1,074	45,150	45,200	1,222	1,151	48,150	48,200	1,313	1,227
42,200	42,250	1,135	1,077	45,200	45,250	1,225	1,153	48,200	48,250	1,314	1,230
42,250	42,300	1,137	1,078	45,250	45,300	1,226	1,155	48,250	48,300	1,316	1,231
42,300	42,350	1,138	1,079	45,300	45,350	1,228	1,156	48,300	48,350	1,317	1,232
42,350	42,400	1,140	1,081	45,350	45,400	1,229	1,157	48,350	48,400	1,319	1,234
42,400	42,450	1,141	1,082	45,400	45,450	1,231	1,158	48,400	48,450	1,320	1,235
42,450	42,500	1,143	1,083	45,450	45,500	1,232	1,160	48,450	48,500	1,322	1,236
42,500	42,550	1,144	1,084	45,500	45,550	1,234	1,161	48,500	48,550	1,323	1,237
42,550 42,600	42,600 42,650	1,146 1,147	1,086 1,087	45,550 45,600	45,600 45,650	1,235 1,237	1,162 1,163	48,550 48,600	48,600 48,650	1,325 1,326	1,239 1,240
42,650	42,700	1,149	1,087	45,650	45,700	1,237	1,165	48,650	48,700	1,328	1,240
42,700	42,750	1,150	1,089	45,700	45,750	1,240	1,166	48,700	48,750	1,329	1,242
42,750	42,800	1,152	1,091	45,750	45,800	1,241	1,167	48,750	48,800	1,331	1,244
42,800	42,850	1,152	1,092	45,800	45,850	1,241	1,169	48,800	48,850	1,332	1,245
42,850	42,900	1,155	1,093	45,850	45,900	1,244	1,170	48,850	48,900	1,334	1,246
42,900	42,950	1,156	1,095	45,900	45,950	1,246	1,171	48,900	48,950	1,335	1,248
42,950	43,000	1,158	1,096	45,950	46,000	1,247	1,172	48,950	49,000	1,337	1,249
\$43,		Your Tax		\$46,		Your Tax		\$49,		Your Tax	
43,000 43,050	43,050 43,100	1,159 1,161	1,097 1,098	46,000 46,050	46,050 46,100	1,249 1,250	1,174 1,175	49,000 49,050	49,050 49,100	1,338 1,340	1,250 1,251
43,100	43,150	1,161	1,100	46,100	46,150	1,250	1,175	49,100	49,150	1,340	1,251
43,150	43,200	1,164	1,101	46,150	46,200	1,253	1,177	49,150	49,200	1,343	1,254
43,200	43,250	1,165	1,102	46,200	46,250	1,255	1,179	49,200	49,250	1,344	1,255
43,250	43,300	1,167	1,104	46,250	46,300	1,256	1,180	49,250	49,300	1,346	1,257
43,300	43,350	1,168	1,105	46,300	46,350	1,258	1,181	49,300	49,350	1,347	1,258
43,350	43,400	1,170	1,106	46,350	46,400	1,259	1,183	49,350	49,400	1,349	1,259
43,400 43,450	43,450 43,500	1,171 1,173	1,107 1,109	46,400 46,450	46,450 46,500	1,261 1,262	1,184 1,185	49,400 49,450	49,450 49,500	1,350 1,351	1,260 1,262
-			-	-	-			-	-		
43,500 43,550	43,550 43,600	$1,174 \\ 1,176$	$1,110 \\ 1,111$	46,500 46,550	46,550 46,600	1,264 1,265	1,186 1,188	49,500 49,550	49,550 49,600	1,353 1,354	1,263 1,264
43,600	43,650	1,177	1,112	46,600	46,650	1,267	1,189	49,600	49,650	1,356	1,265
43,650	43,700	1,179	1,114	46,650	46,700	1,268	1,190	49,650	49,700	1,357	1,267
43,700	43,750	1,180	1,115	46,700	46,750	1,270	1,191	49,700	49,750	1,359	1,268
43,750	43,800	1,182	1,116	46,750	46,800	1,271	1,193	49,750	49,800	1,360	1,269
43,800	43,850	1,183	1,118	46,800	46,850	1,273	1,194	49,800	49,850	1,362	1,271
43,850 43,900	43,900 43,950	1,185 1,186	1,119 1,120	46,850 46,900	46,900 46,950	1,274 1,276	1,195 1,197	49,850 49,900	49,900 49,950	1,363 1,365	1,272 1,273
43,950	44,000	1,188	1,120	46,950	47,000	1,270	1,198	49,950	50,000	1,366	1,273
\$44,	,000	Your Tax	Is	\$47,	000	Your Tax	Is				
44,000	44,050	1,189	1,123	47,000	47,050	1,278	1,199				
44,050	44,100	1,191	1,124	47,050	47,100	1,280	1,200				
44,100 44,150	44,150 44,200	1,192 1,194	1,125 1,126	47,100 47,150	47,150 47,200	1,281 1,283	1,202 1,203				
44,200	44,250	1,194	1,120	47,130	47,200	1,285	1,203				
44,250	44,300	1,197	1,120	47,250	47,300	1,286	1,204		٢		
44,300	44,350	1,197	1,129	47,300	47,350	1,280	1,200		2		
44,350	44,400	1,200	1,132	47,350	47,400	1,289	1,208		>		
44,400	44,450	1,201	1,133	47,400	47,450	1,290	1,209		بل (
44,450	44,500	1,202	1,134	47,450	47,500	1,292	1,211		2		
44,500	44,550	1,204	1,135	47,500	47,550	1,293	1,212			0	
44,550 44,600	44,600 44,650	1,205 1,207	1,137 1,138	47,550 47,600	47,600 47,650	1,295 1,296	1,213 1,214				
44,650	44,030	1,207	1,138	47,650	47,030	1,296	1,214 1,216				
44,700	44,750	1,210	1,140	47,700	47,750	1,290	1,217	E -		onal Tal	
44,750	44,800	1,211	1,142	47,750	47,800	1,301	1,218			ional Tal	162
44,800	44,850	1,211	1,142	47,800	47,850	1,301	1,220				
44,850	44,900	1,214	1,144	47,850	47,900	1,304	1,221				
44,900	44,950	1,216	1,146	47,900	47,950	1,305	1,222				
44,950	45,000	1,217	1,147	47,950	48,000	1,307	1,223				

Full-Year Residents:

If your taxable income is less than \$50,000, you may use the Optional Tax Tables or Tax Tables X and Y to figure your tax. If your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you <u>must</u> use Tax Tables X and Y to figure your tax.

NOTE: If your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you cannot use Form 140EZ or Form 140A to file your tax return. In this case, you must file using Form 140.

All Part-Year Residents (filing Form 140PY) and Nonresidents (filing Form 140NR):

You must use Tax Tables X and Y to figure your tax.

Table XUse Table X if Your Filing Status is Single or Married Filing Separate

Taxab	le Income	column (c)		column (d)		column (e)
column (a)	column (b)	Taxable Income in excess of column (a)	x	Tax Rate	+	Tax on the amount in column (a)
ls over	But not over					
\$0	\$28,653	(Taxable income minus \$0)	х	2.55%	+	\$0
\$28,653		(Taxable income minus \$28,653)	Х	2.98%	+	\$731

Table YUse Table Y if Your Filing Status is Married Filing Joint or Head of Household

Taxab	le Income	column (c)		column (d)		column (e)
column (a) Is over	column (b) But not over	Taxable Income in excess ofcolumn (a)	x	Tax Rate	+	Tax on the amount in column (a)
\$0	\$57,305	(Taxable income minus \$0)	Х	2.55%	+	\$0
\$57,305		(Taxable income minus \$57,305)	х	2.98%	+	\$1,461

Tax Credits Available

Over 100,000 eligible Arizona families failed to receive thousands of dollars in tax credits because they did not file a tax return. You may qualify for these special credits when you file your state and federal taxes.

Tax Year 2022 Federal Earned Income Tax Credit Eligibility Table		
Number of Qualifying Children	Earned Income (less than)	Maximum Credit
0*	\$16,480 (\$22,610 if MFJ)	\$560
1	\$43,492 (\$49,622 if MFJ)	\$3,733
2	\$49,399 (\$55,529 if MFJ)	\$6,164
3 or more	\$53,057 (\$59,187 if MFJ)	\$6,935
3 or more	\$53,057 (\$59,187 if MFJ)	\$6,935

your age 25 - 64

MFJ = Married Filed Jointly

Tax Year 2022 Federal Child Tax Credit Eligibility Table **Maximum Credit Amount Per** Qualifications **Qualifying Child**

Children under the age of 17 years at the end of the 2022 tax year \$2,000 per child Parents and children must have Social Security Number or ITIN (Individual Taxpayer Identification Number) to claim credit.

Do you qualify for the Arizona Family Tax Credit and/or **Dependent Tax Credit?**

To determine if you qualify to claim the Arizona Family Tax Credit and/or the Dependent Tax Credit, see the instructions for Forms 140, 140A, 140EZ and 140PY. Nonresidents filing Form 140NR cannot claim the Arizona Family Tax Credit but you may still qualify to claim the Dependent Tax Credit.

Arizona Increased Excise Tax Credit Eligibility Table		
Qualifications	Income	
Eligibility depends on Arizona residency and filing status	\$25,000 or less per year	

To Qualify!

You must file your state and federal taxes

How To File!

Get your taxes prepared FREE at one of the community tax assistance sites. The sites will also e-file your taxes; that means a FREE FAST REFUND.

Where To File!

For locations call2-1-1 within Arizona Website: www.211arizona.org

Earn it! Keep it! Save it!

- Save for a House
- Save for a Car
- Save for a College Education

You may qualify to file your federal and Arizona individual income returns for FREE!!



Go to our website at <u>www.azdor.gov</u> and click on <u>E-file Your Taxes for Free</u> found in the Individual box.

Be sure to use <u>www.azdor.gov</u> to access your preferred software vendor to ensure free filing for your federal and state returns.

Do-It-Yourself with fillable forms.

The state of Arizona may be holding money that you have forgotten about, lost or never knew you had!



Arizona wants to reunite you with your unclaimed, lost or forgotten assets.

- Uncashed, payroll, dividend or cashier's checks
- Stocks, mutual fund accounts, bonds
 Bank accounts and safe deposit box contents
- Bank accounts and sa
 Insurance proceeds
- Insurance proceeds
 Court deposits, trust funds, escrow accounts

To find out if we have unclaimed property for you visit our web site www.azdor.gov/unclaimed-property State of Arizona Unclaimed Property Unit, (602) 364-0380 Toll Free 1-877-492-9957

Before using paper, E-File and select the Direct Deposit option for a faster refund!



Free federal and state tax preparation for taxpayers who are:

- Elderly
- Americans with disabilities
- Low income

For locations, call 211 or go to www.211arizona.org



Up to

DO YOU QUALIFY FOR AN ARIZONA TAX CREDIT?

You may claim the INCREASED EXCISE TAX CREDIT if:

• you are an Arizona resident

- vou are not claimed as a dependent by any other taxpaver
- your federal adjusted gross income was \$ 25,000 or less (\$12,500 if single)
- you were not sentenced for at least 60 days of 2022 to a county, state or federal prison

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 1600 W MONROE ST. **PHOENIX AZ 85007-2612**

PREPARING YOUR RETURN · Ensure all the necessary lines, amounts, and forms are filled out properly. Check to make sure that calculations on your return are correct

- as a math error can cause delays in processing your return.
- Double check spelling of names. Avoid using two different names.

• Make sure that you legibly write your complete 9-digit Social Security Number (SSN) on your return. Without proper identification, the Arizona Department of Revenue (ADOR) is unable to process the return.

- Write clearly or use fillable forms. Handwriting can easily be mistaken and mis-typed into ADOR systems.
- Enter your routing number or account number correctly in all appropriate boxes. You are responsible for this information.
- · Send payment with the correct return. Send the Arizona Department of Revenue payments with the state return to ADOR and the IRS payment with the federal return to the IRS. The IRS is the federal government entity and ADOR is the state government. The IRS will not process your state return for ADOR. IRS will likely process checks paid to ADOR into the federal account, but will not transfer to the state account.
- If you are filing a joint return, enter the SSNs in the same order every vear.

24

SUBMITTING YOUR RETURN

- · Sign and date the return.
- Do not staple any items to the return.
- Make sure you use correct postage on the envelope.
- Ensure all pages are sent in together as ADOR will not process partial returns
- Include your check or money order with your return. Please do not send cash.
- Include a voucher with the payment if not sending it with the return. ADOR spends time researching and connecting the payment to an account if no return or voucher is included delaying the return process.
- All envelopes should be addressed to Arizona Department of Revenue then add the PO Box for the area you wish to reach.
- By law, ADOR must offset any refunds to certain government agencies that have a claim against you. If you received a letter informing you of the offset, please contact the agency listed in the letter.
- Please allow 8-10 weeks for processing. Do not resubmit a return or submit an electronic payment if you mailed a paper check.
- Payments are one of the last items to be processed. The postmark date is used to determine if income payments and returns are timely.

CONTENTS 140

CREDITS

Credits from Form 301	41	
Family income tax credit	40	
Increased excise tax credit	43	
Property tax credit	43	
Credit for taxes paid to another state or country	41	
	0.4	
Itemized deductions	- 24	

Standard deduction

EXEMPTIONS

Age 65 or older 10, 23	
Blind10, 23	
Dependents 11	
Qualifying parents and	
grandparents10, 24	

FILING INFORMATION	
Do you have to file	5
Estimated tax	8
Filing extensions	7
Penalties and interest	7
When to file	7
Mailing your return	47
FILING STATUS	
All filing statuses	9
INCOME	
Additions to income	12
Federal adjusted gross	
income	12
Subtractions from income	16
TAX TABLES	
Optional tax tables	51
Tables X and Y	57

QUICK AND EASY ACCESS TO TAX HELP AND FORMS

PERSONAL COMPUTER

Access all the information you need online at www.azdor.gov, including:

- · Forms and Instructions
- Publications
- Tax Rulings and Procedures
- Other General Tax Information

WALK-IN SERVICE

You may get forms and information at our Phoenix and Tucson offices. To continue to protect the health and



safety of our customers ADOR's in-person lobby services are by appointment only.

Visit azdor.gov for taxpayer support services that may be accessed by phone or computer.

We have offices at the following locations:

Phoenix 1600 West Monroe Street Phoenix, AZ 85007

Tucson 400 West Congress Street Tucson, AZ 85701

Forms Only: Mesa 55 North Center Street Mesa, AZ 85201



PHONE

Phoenix	(602) 255-3381
Toll-free from	
area and a FOO and OOO	(000) 252 4000

area codes 520 and 928..... (800) 352-4090

Reasonable accommodations for any person with a disability can be made.

Did You Know?

When you use tax software all the hard work is done for you! The software:

- Calculates Tax
- Does the Math
- · Selects Forms and Schedules
- Makes Complex Returns Simple
- Checks for Errors Before You File
- · E-Files the IRS and AZ Returns at the same time
- · Gives Proof of E-Filing
- · Free E-File available for those who qualify

Before using paper, E-File and select the Direct Deposit option for a faster refund!